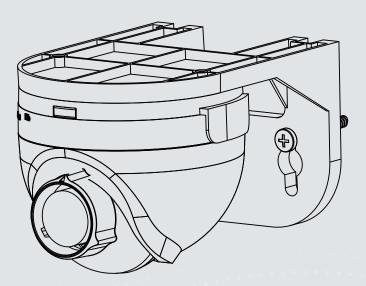


# FD8156 / 8168 Ultra-Mini Dome USER'S Manual

### 1.3/2MP • Ultra-Mini Dome • PoE



Rev. 1.0

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## **Overview**

VIVOTEK FD8156/8168 is an ultra-mini fixed dome network camera, specially designed for indoor applications in which camera appearance is cared, such as luxury stores, antique stores and cloth shops.

The FD8156/8168 is equipped with a 1.3- or 2-megapixel sensor and the ability to output 30 (FD8156) or 15 (FD8168) frames per second in H.264 compression. It includes multiple streams with different settings and applications, such as recording or live viewing.

Users can also benefit from simple installation with the compact housing and standard PoE power input design, as well as a MicroSD card slot for local storage.

**Revision History** 

Rev. 1.0: Initial release.

### **Read Before Use**

The use of surveillance devices may be prohibited by law in your country. The Network Camera is not only a high-performance web-ready camera but can also be part of a flexible surveillance system. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the operation of such devices is legal before installing this unit for its intended use.

It is important to first verify that all contents received are complete according to the Package Contents listed below. Take note of the warnings in the Quick Installation Guide before the Network Camera is installed; then carefully read and follow the instructions in the Installation chapter to avoid damage due to faulty assembly and installation. This also ensures the product is used properly as intended.

The Network Camera is a network device and its use should be straightforward for those who have basic networking knowledge. It is designed for various applications including video sharing, general security/surveillance, etc. The Configuration chapter suggests ways to best utilize the Network Camera and ensure proper operations. For creative and professional developers, the URL Commands of the Network Camera section serves as a helpful reference to customizing existing homepages or integrating with the current web server.

### **Package Contents**

- FD8156 / 8168 the Network Camera
- Alignment Sticker
- Mounting bracket

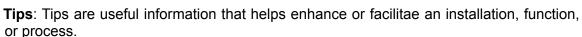
- Screws / anchors
- Quick Installation Guide
- Symbols and Statements in this Document



**INFORMATION:** provides important messages or advices that might help prevent inconvenient or problem situations.



**NOTE**: Notices provide guidance or advices that are related to the functional integrity of the machine.



€

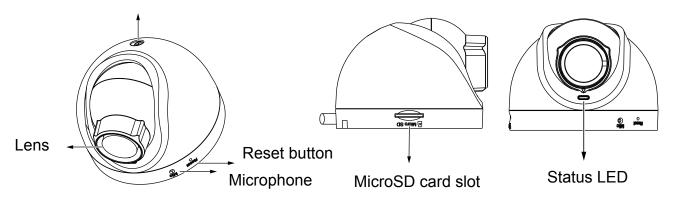
**WARNING: or IMPORTANT**: These statements indicate situations that can be dangerous or hazardous to the machine or you.



**Electrical Hazard**: This statement appears when high voltage electrical hazards might occur to an operator.

### **Physical Description**

Lens retention screw



DOTE:

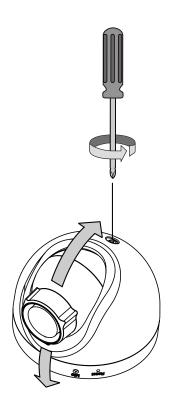
- 1. The camera can only be powered by Power over Ethernet (PoE).
- 2. The camera can only be installed in an indoor environment.

Loosen the retention screw to change shooting angle.

### Before you begin:

You can connect the Ethernet cable to a PC or laptop for a live view. (See page 10). Raise the camera to the estimated position, and evaluate the field of view by turning the mount bracket and lens.

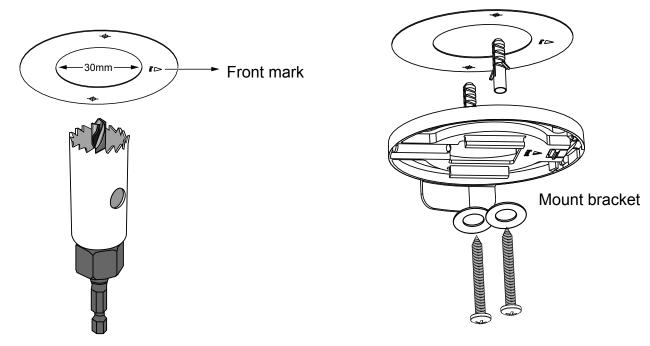




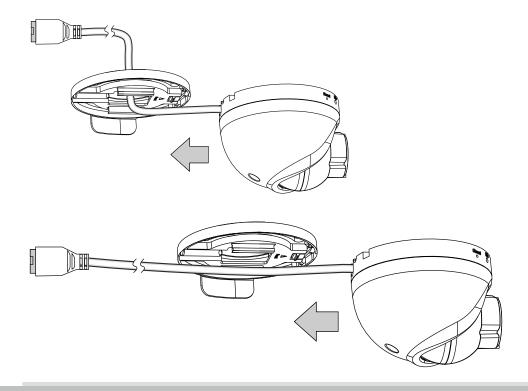
### Installation

### **Ceiling Mount Procedure:**

- 1. Attach the alignment sticker to a preferred 3. Install the mount bracket using the selflocation, with the Front mark facing the shooting direction.
- tapping screws.
- 2. Drill a 30mm cabling hole if preferred.

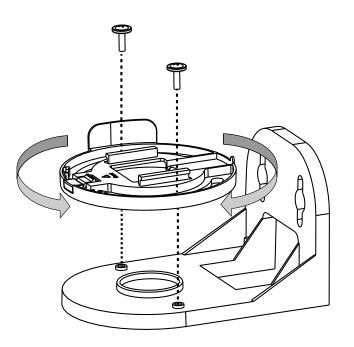


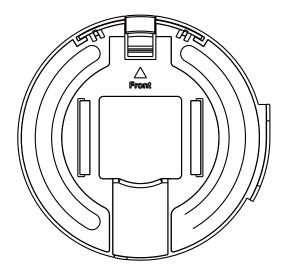
- 4. Pass the Ethernet cable through the cabling hole or along the wall.
- 5. Join the camera with the mount bracket by sliding it along the grooves to fit into place.



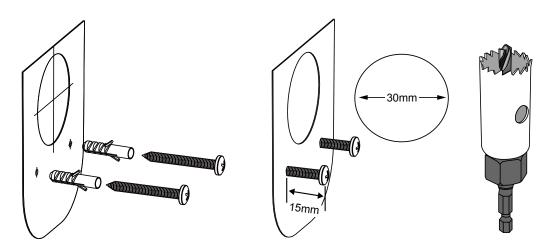
### Wall Mount Procedure:

1. Attach the mount bracket to the wall-mount bracket, with the Front mark facing the shooting direction. Note that you should turn the bracket to aim the Front mark at the shooting direction.

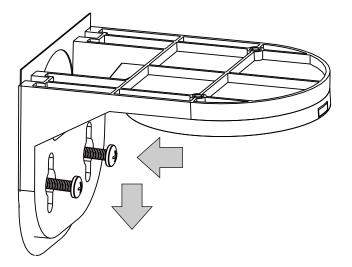




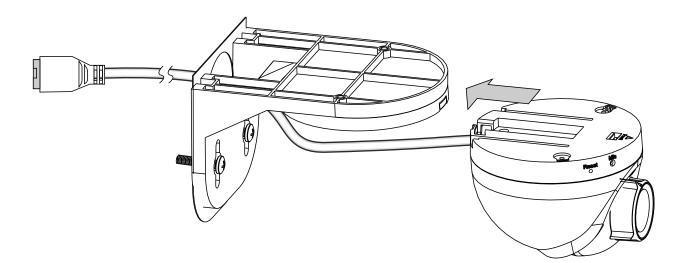
- 2. Attach the alignment sticker to a preferred location.
- 3. Mark the drill holes and drive screws into the wall. Leave 15mm of the screws off the wall surface.
- 4. If preferred, drill a 30mm cabling hole on the wall.



5. Hang the bracket onto the screws. You can then fasten the screws to wall.



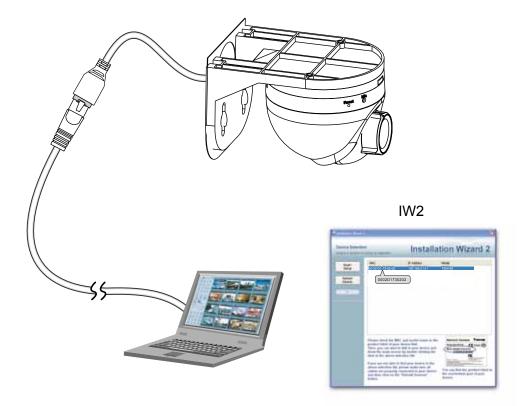
6. Connect the Ethernet cable and pass cable through the hole. Join the camera with the bracket by sliding it along the grooves.



### Tune the focus:

Connect the camera to a PC or laptop. Install and use the IW2 utility to discover your camera on LAN. Double-click on the camera entry to open a web session.

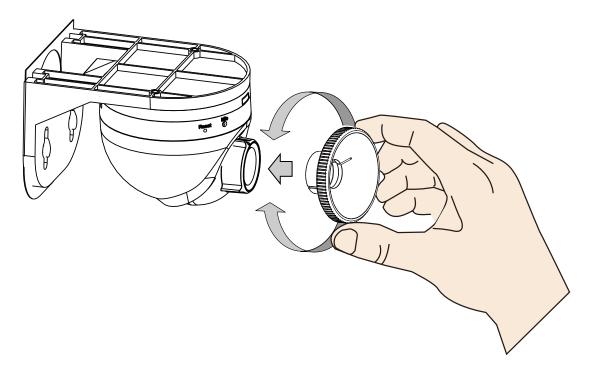
If your image appears to be out of focus, use the included focus adjustment tool to tune the focus.



Browser

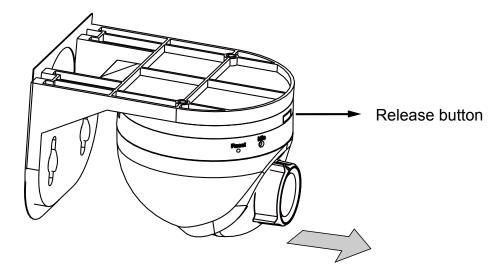


Carefully place the tool onto the lens, and turn clockwise or counter-clockwise to adjust the focus.

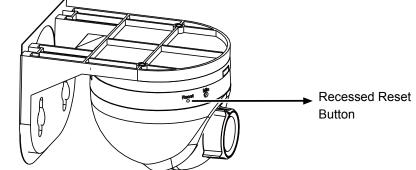


### NOTE:

Press the release button if you should need to re-install the camera.



### Hardware Reset



The reset button is used to reset the system or restore the factory default settings. Sometimes resetting the system can return the camera to normal operation. If the system problems remain after reset, restore the factory settings and install again.

<u>Reset</u>: Press and release the recessed reset button with a straightened paper clip. Wait for the Network Camera to reboot.

<u>Restore</u>: Press and hold the recessed reset button until the status LED rapidly blinks. Note that all settings will be restored to factory default. Upon successful restore, the status LED will blink green and red during normal operation.

### Micro SD/SDHC/SDXC Card Capacity

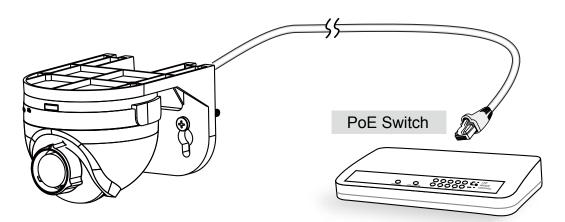
This network camera is compliant with **Micro SD/SDHC/SDXC 8GB**, **16GB**, **or 64GB** and other preceding standard SD cards.

### **Network Deployment**

### Power over Ethernet (PoE)

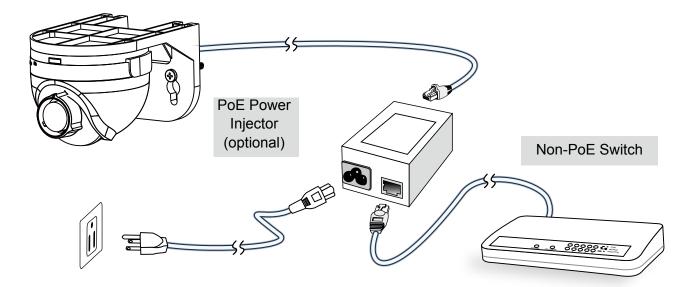
### When using a PoE-enabled switch

The Network Camera is PoE-compliant, allowing transmission of power and data via a single Ethernet cable. Follow the below illustration to connect the Network Camera to a PoE-enabled switch via Ethernet cable.



### When using a non-PoE switch

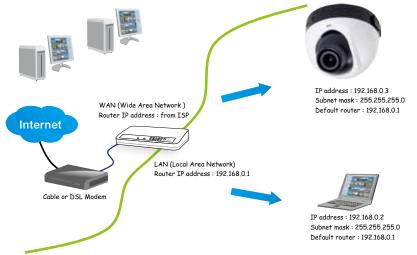
Use a PoE power injector (optional) to connect between the Network Camera and a non-PoE switch.



#### Internet connection via a router

Before setting up the Network Camera over the Internet, make sure you have a router and follow the steps below.

1. Connect your Network Camera behind a router, the Internet environment is illustrated below. Regarding how to obtain your IP address, please refer to Software Installation on page 16 for details.



- 2. In this case, if the Local Area Network (LAN) IP address of your Network Camera is 192.168.0.3, please forward the following ports for the Network Camera on the router.
  - HTTP port: default is 80
  - RTSP port: default is 554
  - RTP port for audio: default is 5558
  - RTCP port for audio: default is 5559
  - RTP port for video: default is 5556
  - RTCP port for video: default is 5557

If you have changed the port numbers on the Network page, please open the ports accordingly on your router. For information on how to forward ports on the router, please refer to your router's user's manual.

3. Find out the public IP address of your router provided by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). Use the public IP and the secondary HTTP port to access the Network Camera from the Internet. Please refer to Network Type on page 58 for details.

Device	IP Address: internal	IP Address: External Port (Mapped port on the
	port	router)
Public IP of router	122.146.57.120	
LAN IP of router	192.168.2.1	
Camera 1	192.168.2.10:80	122.146.57.120:8000
Camera 2	192.168.2.11:80	122.146.57.120:8001

For example, your router and IP settings may look like this:

Configure the router, virtual server or firewall, so that the router can forward any data coming into a preconfigured port number to a network camera on the private network, and allow data from the camera to be transmitted to the outside of the network over the same path.

From	Forward to
122.146.57.120:8000	192.168.2.10:80
122.146.57.120:8001	192.168.2.11:80

When properly configured, you can access a camera behind the router using the HTTP request as follows: http://122.146.57.120:8000

If you change the port numbers on the Network configuration page, please open the ports accordingly on your router. For example, you can open a management session with your router to configure access through the router to the camera within your local network. Please consult your network administrator for router configuration if you have troubles with the configuration.

For more information with network configuration options (such as that of streaming ports), please refer to Configuration > Network Settings. VIVOTEK also provides the automatic port forwarding feature as an NAT traversal function with the precondition that your router must support the UPnP port forwarding feature.

System	Network type Port
Media	
Network	Get P address automatically
General settings	O Use fixed P address
Streaming protocols	Enable UPnP presentation
DDMS	P Enable UPnP port forwarding
QoS	O PPPoE
SNMP	Enable Pv6
Security	The device is configuring now. Your browser will reconnect IPv6 informut to http://192.168.4.140.80/
PTZ	Manually If the connection fails, please manually enter the above P address in your browser.
Event	Save

#### Internet connection with static IP

Choose this connection type if you are required to use a static IP for the Network Camera. Please refer to LAN setting on page 58 for details.

#### Internet connection via PPPoE (Point-to-Point over Ethernet)

Choose this connection type if you are connected to the Internet via a DSL Line. Please refer to PPPoE on page 59 for details.

### **Software Installation**

Installation Wizard 2 (IW2), free-bundled software included on the product CD, helps you set up your Network Camera on the LAN.

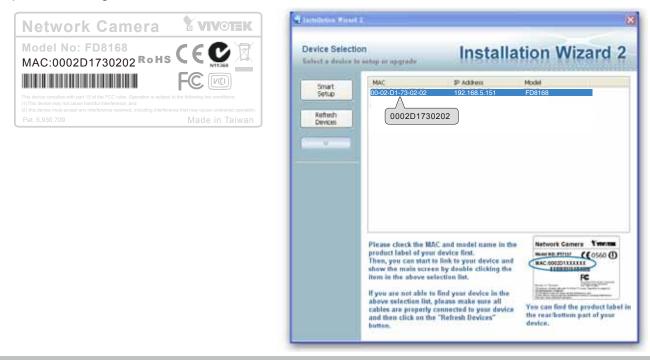
1. Install IW2 under the Software Utility directory from the software CD. Double-click the IW2 shortcut on your desktop to launch the program.



2. The program will conduct an analysis of your network environment. After your network environment is analyzed, please click **Next** to continue the program.

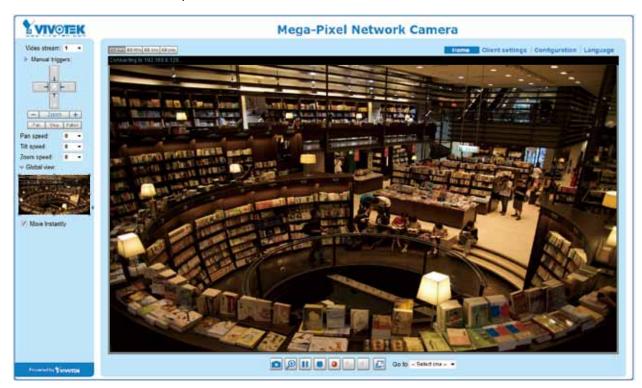
📲 lantelletion. Witnet 2 - Kriwyerk Environment Analysis 🛛 🔯	🖷 Janhallahan, Wanad 2 - Network Type
Installation Wizard 2	Installation Wizard 2
The wizard is analyzing your network environment. Please walt a moment.	Your network environment was analyzed as below. Private DHCP
	Cable/D51 modem Router
Est Carcel	Est

- 3. The program will search for all VIVOTEK network devices on the same LAN.
- 4. After a brief search, the installer window will prompt. Click on the MAC and model name that matches the one printed on the product label. You can then double-click on the address to open a management session with the Network Camera.



### **Ready to Use**

- 1. A browser session with the Network Camera should prompt as shown below.
- 2. You should be able to see live video from your camera. You may also install the 32-channel recording software from the software CD in a deployment consisting of multiple cameras. For its installation details, please refer to its related documents.



# **Accessing the Network Camera**

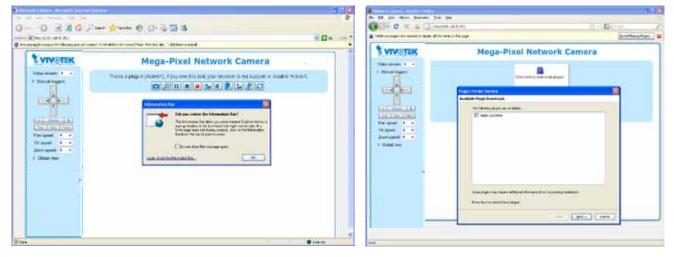
This chapter explains how to access the Network Camera through web browsers, RTSP players, 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, and VIVOTEK recording software.

### **Using Web Browsers**

Use Installation Wizard 2 (IW2) to access the Network Cameras on LAN.

If your network environment is not a LAN, follow these steps to access the Network Camera:

- 1. Launch your web browser (ex. Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox, or Google Chrome).
- 2. Enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field. Press Enter.
- 3. The live video will be displayed in your web browser.
- 4. If it is the first time installing the VIVOTEK network camera, an information bar will pop up as shown below. Follow the instructions to install the required plug-in on your computer.

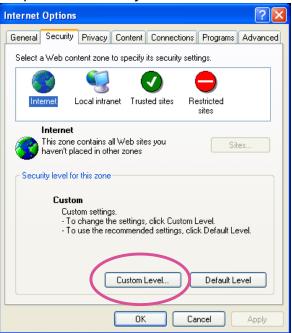


### NOTE:

For Mozilla Firefox or Google Chrome users, your browser will use Quick Time to stream the live video. If you don't have Quick Time on your computer, please download it first, then launch the web browser.



- By default, the Network Camera is not password-protected. To prevent unauthorized access, it is highly recommended to set a password for the Network Camera. For more information about how to enable password protection, please refer to Security on page 76.
- If you see a dialog box indicating that your security settings prohibit running ActiveX<sup>®</sup> Controls, please enable the ActiveX<sup>®</sup> Controls for your browser.
- 1. Choose Tools > Internet Options > Security > Custom Level.



2. Look for Download signed ActiveX<sup>®</sup> controls; select Enable or Prompt. Click **OK**.

Security Settings	?	×
Settings:		
ActiveX controls and plug-ins   Download signed ActiveX controls   Disable   Enable   Prompt   Disable   Enable   Prompt   Initialize and script ActiveX controls not marked as sa   Disable   Enable   Prompt   Prompt   Prompt   Prompt   Prompt   Prompt	afe	
Reset custom settings	_	
Reset to: Medium 🗸 Reset		
OK Cance	el	]

3. Refresh your web browser, then install the ActiveX<sup>®</sup> control. Follow the instructions to complete installation.

### 

- **1.** Currently the Network Camera utilizes 32-bit ActiveX plugin. You CAN NOT open a management/view session with the camera using a 64-bit IE browser.
- 2. If you encounter this problem, try execute the lexplore.exe program from C:\Windows\ SysWOW64. A 32-bit version of IE browser will be installed.
- 3. On Windows 7, the 32-bit explorer browser can be accessed from here: C:\Program Files (x86)\Internet Explorer\iexplore.exe



- 1. For a megapixel camera, it is recommended to use monitors of the 24" size or larger, and are capable of 1600x1200 or better resolutions.
- 2. Below are the defaults for Audio settings: For cameras with built-in microphone: **Not Muted.** For cameras without built-in microphone: **Muted.**

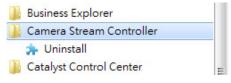
To receive audio input from external microphone, you may need to enable the audio input from **Media** > **Audio**. Refer to page 57 for more information.



The onscreen Java control can malfunction under the following situations:

A PC connects to different cameras that are using the same IP address (or the same camera running different firmware versions). Removing your browser cookies will solve this problem.

In the event of plug-in compatibility issues, you may try to uninstall the plug-in that was
previously installed.



### **Using RTSP Players**

To view the MPEG-4 streaming media using RTSP players, you can use one of the following players that support RTSP streaming.



Quick Time Player

VLC Player

- 1. Launch the RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. A URL dialog box will pop up.
- 3. The address format is rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream #1, #2, #3, or #4>

As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 67. For example:

Open URL		X
Enter an Internet URL to op	en:	
rtsp://192.168.5.151:554/	live.sdp	✓
		OK Cancel

4. The live video will be displayed in your player.

For more information on how to configure the RTSP access name, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 67 for details.



### **Using 3GPP-compatible Mobile Devices**

To view the streaming media through 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, make sure the Network Camera can be accessed over the Internet. For more information on how to set up the Network Camera over the Internet, please refer to Setup the Network Camera over the Internet on page 13.

To utilize this feature, please check the following settings on your Network Camera:

- 1. Because most players on 3GPP mobile phones do not support RTSP authentication, make sure the authentication mode of RTSP streaming is set to disable. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 67.
- 2. As the the bandwidth on 3G networks is limited, you will not be able to use a large video size. Please set the video and audio streaming parameters as listed below. For more information, please refer to Stream settings on page 52.

Video Mode	H.264
Frame size	176 x 144
Maximum frame rate	5 fps
Intra frame period	1S
Video quality (Constant bit rate)	40kbps
Audio type (G.711)	PCMU

- 3. As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 67.
- 4. Launch the player on the 3GPP-compatible mobile devices (e.g., VLC Player).
- 5. Type the following URL commands into the player. The address format is rtsp://<public ip address of your camera>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream # with small frame size and frame rate>. For example:

Open URL		×
Enter an Internet URL to open:		
rtsp://192.168.4.147:554/live2 sdp		•
	ОК	Cancel

### Using VIVOTEK Recording Software

The product software CD also contains an ST-7501 recording software, allowing simultaneous monitoring and video recording for multiple Network Cameras. Please install the recording software; then launch the program to add the Network Camera to the Channel list. For detailed information about how to use the recording software, please refer to the user's manual of the software or download it from http://www.vivotek.com.



# Main Page

This chapter explains the layout of the main page. It is composed of the following sections: VIVOTEK INC. Logo, Host Name, Camera Control Area, Configuration Area, Menu, and Live Video Window.



#### **VIVOTEK INC. Logo**

Click this logo to visit the VIVOTEK website.

#### **Host Name**

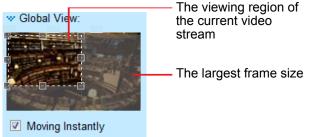
The host name can be customized to fit your needs. For more information, please refer to System on page 34.

#### **Camera Control Area**

<u>Video Stream</u>: This Network Camera supports multiple streams simultaneously. You can select any one for live viewing. For more information about multiple streams, please refer to page 52 for detailed information.

<u>Manual Trigger</u>: Click to enable/disable an event trigger manually. Please configure an event setting on Application page before enable this function. A total of 3 event settings can be configured. For more information about event setting, please refer to page 92. If you want to hide this item on the homepage, please go to **Configuration> System > Homepage Layout > General settings > Customized button** to deselect "show manual trigger button".

<u>Global View</u>: Click on this item to display the Global View window. The Global View window contains a full view image (the largest frame size of the captured video) and a floating frame (the viewing region of the current video stream). The floating frame allows users to control the e-PTZ function (Electronic Pan/ Tilt/Zoom). For more information about e-PTZ operation, please refer to E-PTZ Operation on page 89. For more information about how to set up the viewing region of the current video stream, please refer to page 60.



<u>PTZ Panel</u>: This Network Camera supports "digital" (e-PTZ) pan/tilt/zoom control. Please refer to PTZ settiings on page 89 for detailed information.

#### **Configuration Area**

<u>Client Settings</u>: Click this button to access the client setting page. For more information, please refer to Client Settings on page 29.

<u>Configuration</u>: Click this button to access the configuration page of the Network Camera. It is suggested that a password be applied to the Network Camera so that only the administrator can configure the Network Camera. For more information, please refer to Configuration on page 33.

<u>Language</u>: Click this button to choose a language for the user interface. Language options are available in: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文, and 繁體中文. Please note that you can also change a language on the Configuration page; please refer to page 33.

#### **Hide Button**

You can click the hide button to hide the control panel or display the control panel.

#### **Resize Buttons**

ET Auto ET 100% ET 50% ET 25% .

Click the Auto button, the video cell will resize automatically to fit the monitor. Click 100% is to display the original homepage size. Click 50% is to resize the homepage to 50% of its original size. Click 25% is to resize the homepage to 25% of its original size.

#### Live Video Window

■ The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to H.264 / MPEG-4:



H.264 / MPEG-4 Protocol and Media Options

- Video and Audio Control Buttons

<u>Video Title</u>: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 46.

<u>H.264 / MPEG-4 Protocol and Media Options</u>: The transmission protocol and media options for H.264 / MPEG-4 video streaming. For further configuration, please refer to Client Settings on page 29.

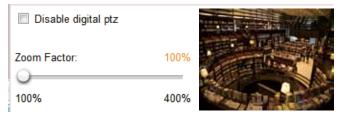
<u>Time</u>: Display the current time. For further configuration, please refer to Media > Image > Genral settings on page 46.

<u>Title and Time</u>: The video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For further configuration, please refer to Media > Image > General settings on page 46.

<u>Video and Audio Control Buttons</u>: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (\*.jpg) or BMP (\*.bmp) format.

Digital Zoom: Click and uncheck "Disable digital zoom" to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates the part of the image being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.



Pause: Pause the transmission of the streaming media. The button becomes the Resume button after clicking the Pause button.

Stop: Stop the transmission of the streaming media. Click the Resume button to continue transmission.

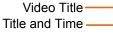
Start MP4 Recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the Stop MP4 Recording button to end recording. When you exit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 30 for details.

Volume: When the Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the volume on the local computer.

Mute: Turn off the volume on the local computer. The button becomes the Audio On button after clicking the Mute button.

Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press the "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

■ The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to MJPEG:





<u>Video Title</u>: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Media > Image on page 46.

<u>Time</u>: Display the current time. For more information, please refer to Media > Image on page 46.

<u>Title and Time</u>: Video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For more information, please refer to Media > Image on page 46.

<u>Video and Audio Control Buttons</u>: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (\*.jpg) or BMP (\*.bmp) format.

Digital Zoom: Click and uncheck "Disable digital zoom" to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates the part of the image being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.

Disable digital ptz		
Zoom Factor:	100%	
100%	400%	

Start MP4 Recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the Stop MP4 Recording button to end recording. When you exit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 30 for details.

Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press the "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

# **Client Settings**

This chapter explains how to select the stream transmission mode and saving options on the local computer. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** on the page bottom to enable the settings.

#### H.264 Media Options

H.264 Media Options	
Ovideo and Audio	
O Video Only	
O Audio Only	

Select to stream video or audio data or both. This is enabled only when the video mode is set to H.264 or MPEG-4.

#### **H.264 Protocol Options**

 H.264 Protocol Options
O UDP Unicast
O UDP Multicast
⊙ TCP
OHTTP

Depending on your network environment, there are four transmission modes of H.264 or MPEG-4 streaming:

<u>UDP unicast</u>: This protocol allows for more real-time audio and video streams. However, network packets may be lost due to network burst traffic and images may be broken. Activate UDP connection when occasions require time-sensitive responses and the video quality is less important. Note that each unicast client connecting to the server takes up additional bandwidth and the Network Camera allows up to ten simultaneous accesses.

<u>UDP multicast</u>: This protocol allows multicast-enabled routers to forward network packets to all clients requesting streaming media. This helps to reduce the network transmission load of the Network Camera while serving multiple clients at the same time. Note that to utilize this feature, the Network Camera must be configured to enable multicast streaming at the same time. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 67.

<u>TCP</u>: This protocol guarantees the complete delivery of streaming data and thus provides better video quality. The downside of this protocol is that its real-time effect is not as good as that of the UDP protocol.

<u>HTTP</u>: This protocol allows the same quality as TCP protocol without needing to open specific ports for streaming under some network environments. Users inside a firewall can utilize this protocol to allow streaming data through.

#### **MP4 Saving Options**

MP4 saving o	ptions	
Folder:	C:\Record	Browse
File name prefix	CLIP	
✓ Add date an	d time suffix to file name	

Users can record live video as they are watching it by clicking Start MP4 Recording on the main page. Here, you can specify the storage destination and file name.

Folder: Specify a storage destination for the recorded video files.

File name prefix: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the video file name.

Add date and time suffix to the file name: Select this option to append the date and time to the end of the file name.

CLIP_201	10628-180853	
1	↑	
File name prefix	Date and time suffix The format is: YYYYMMDD_HHMMSS	

### Local Streaming Buffer Time

Local streaming buffer time	
0 Millisecond	
	Save

In a busy network, fluctuations in available bandwidth can occur. Video streaming may lag and may not proceed very smoothly. If you enable this option, video streams from the camera will be temporarily stored on the computer's cache memory for a configurable period of time (seconds or milliseconds) before being played on a web session. This will help you see the streaming more smoothly. If you enter 3000 Millisecond, the streaming will delay for 3 seconds.

### **Joystick Settings**

Selected joystick: CH PRODUCTS IP DESKTOP CONTROLLER		
Calibrate	Configure buttons	

#### Enable Joystick

Connect to the USB plug of the joystick to a USB port on your management computer. Supported by the plug-in in the main page (Microsoft's DirectX), once the plug-in in the main page is loaded, it will automatically detect if there is any joystick on the computer. The joystick should work properly without installing any other driver or software.

Then you can begin to configure the joystick settings of connected devices. Please follow the instructions below to enable joystick settings.

- 1. Right-click on a live view window. Select Joystick Settings. If your joystick is working properly, it will be displayed on the drop-down list.
- 2. Select the joystick you want to configure. Check **Enable Joystick**, then click **Configure Buttons** to open Buttons configuration window.

### NOTE:

- If you want to assign Preset actions to your joystick, the preset locations should be configured in advance in the Configuration > PTZ page.
- If your joystick is not working properly, it may need to be calibrated. Click the **Calibrate** button to open the Game Controllers window located in Microsoft Windows control panel and follow the instructions for trouble shooting.
- The joystick will appear in the **Game Controllers** list in the Windows Control panel. If you want to check out for your devices, go to the following page: Start -> Control Panel -> Game Controllers.

Game Controllers
These settings help you configure the game controllers installed on your computer.
Installed game controllers
Controller Status
CH PRODUCTS IP DESKTOP CONTROLLER OK
Add Remove Properties
Advanced Troubleshoot
ОК

### **Buttons Configuration**

Click the **Configure Buttons** button, a window will prompt as shown below. Please follow the steps below to configure your joystick buttons:

1. Select a button number from the Button # pull-down menu.

🏉 http:/,	Attp://192.168.6.231/setup/configure_b				
🧧 http:/	//192.1	68.6.231/setup/configure_b	outtons.html		
>.lovs	tick	Settings			
	cient	ootango			
Actions	: Togg	e play/pause 💌			
Button:	1 ▼ 1 2		Assign Delete OK		
Button	3	Assigned Actions			
1	4 5	Full Screen	_		
2	6	Stop			
3	7 8	Zoom in			
4	9				
5	10 11	Patrol			
6	12	Toggle play/pause			
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12		Snapshot			
😜 網際約	周路   受	保護模式: 關閉 👘 🏻 🖓 🖞	🔻 🔍 100% 👻 🖽		



If you are not sure of the locations of each button, use the **Properties** window in the **Game Controllers** utility.

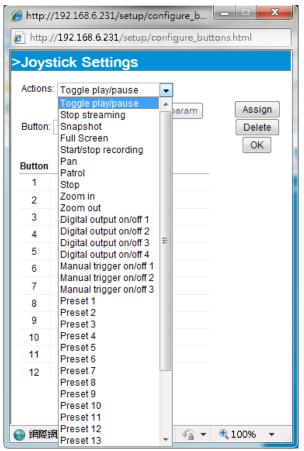
	and the set of a state of a strength make	1
	Satago Test	
t ( al Para satisfies help you configure for game controller; not alled ar para company Instaled game controller.	Text the game sorthole. If the controler a not best sentite for radioated. To calculate K are in the Texts Aven	laning property. A map Of Degit
Contrille Status Harah Kultus CX	K.Aust/YAus Tak	
		Port of View Hall
Att. Resne Protein	000000000	$\bigcirc$
Adversed. Imbiested.		$\sim$
06.		-
	0K Ce	HALL COMM

- 2. Select a corresponding action, such as Patrol or Preset#.
- 3. Click the **Assign** button to assign an action to the button. You can delete an association by selecting a button number, and then click the **Delete** button.

Repeat the process until you are done with the configuration of all preferred actions.

The buttons you define should appear on the button list accordingly.

 Please remember to click the Save button on the Client settings page to preserver your settings.



# Configuration

Click **Configuration** on the main page to enter the camera setting pages. Note that only Administrators can access the configuration page.

The Navigation Area provides access to the **Home** page (the monitoring page for live viewing), **Client settings**, **Configuration** page, and multi-language selection.

	System > Ceneral settings
System General settings Homepage layout	System Navigation Area Host name: Mega-Pixel Network Camera Turn off the LED indicator
Logs Perameters Maintenance	System time Time 2016: GMT+08:00 Beijing, Chongging, Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipel
ledia letwork lecurity PTZ ivent	Note: You can upload your daylight saving time rules on <u>Maintenance</u> page or use the camera detault value.
Applications Recording Local storage	Configuration List

### System > General settings

This section explains how to configure the basic settings for the Network Camera, such as the host name and system time. It is composed of the following two columns: System, and System Time. When finished with the settings on this page, click **Save** at the bottom of the page to enable the settings.

System	System		
	Host name:	Mega-Pixel Network Camera	
	Turn off the LED indicator		

<u>Host name</u>: Enter a desired name for the Network Camera. The text will be displayed at the top of the main page, and also on the view cell of ST-7501 and VAST management software.

<u>Turn off the LED indicators</u>: If you do not want others to notice the network camera is in operation, you can select this option to turn off the LED indicators.

### System time

System time		
Time zone: GMT+08:00 Beijing, Chongqing, Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, T	aipei 💌	
Note: You can upload your daylight saving time rules on <u>Maintenance</u> page or use the default value.	ne camera	
Keep current date and time		
Synchronize with computer time		
Manual		
Automatic		
	Save	

<u>Time zone</u> : Select the appropriate time zone from the list. If you want to upload Daylight Savings Time rules, please refer to **System > Maintenance > Import/ Export files** on page 43 for details.

<u>Keep current date and time</u>: Select this option to preserve the current date and time of the Network Camera. The Network Camera's internal real-time clock maintains the date and time even when the power of the system is turned off.

<u>Synchronize with computer time</u>: Select this option to synchronize the date and time of the Network Camera with the local computer. The read-only date and time of the PC is displayed as updated.

<u>Manual</u>: The administrator can enter the date and time manually. Note that the date and time format are [yyyy/mm/dd] and [hh:mm:ss].

<u>Automatic</u>: The Network Time Protocol is a protocol which synchronizes computer clocks by periodically querying an NTP Server.

<u>NTP server</u>: Assign the IP address or domain name of the time-server. Leaving the text box blank connects the Network Camera to the default NTP time servers.

<u>Update interval</u>: Select to update the time using the NTP server on an hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly basis.

### System > Homepage layout

This section explains how to set up your own customized homepage layout.

#### **General settings**

This column shows the settings of your hompage layout. You can manually select the background and font colors in Theme Options (the second tab on this page). The settings will be displayed automatically in this Preview field. The following shows the homepage using the default settings:



Hide Powered by VIVOTEK

■ Hide Powered by VIVOTEK: If you check this item, it will be removed from the homepage.

#### Logo graph

Here you can change the logo at the top of your homepage.

— Logo graph —		
	if, JPG or PNG) can be uploade ace the previous logo.	ed for main page. It will be resized to
O Default	Custom	
	K	Browse
Logo link: http://www.v	ivotek.com	

Follow the steps below to upload a new logo:

- 1. Click **Custom** and the Browse field will appear.
- 2. Select a logo from your files.
- 3. Click **Upload** to replace the existing logo with a new one.
- 4. Enter a website link if necessary.
- 5. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

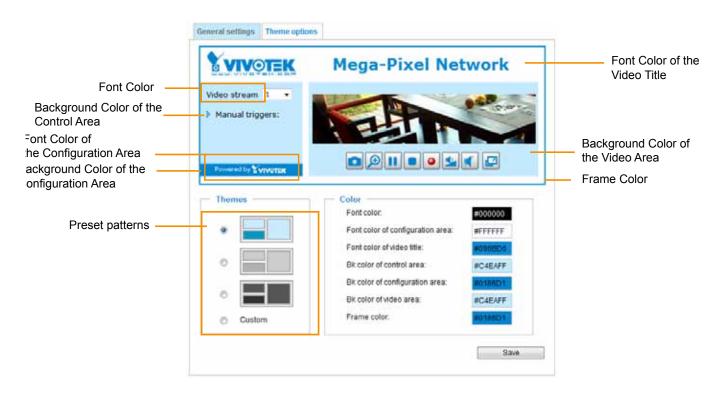
#### Customized button

If you want to hide manual trigger buttons on the homepage, please uncheck this item. This item is selected by default.

Show manual trigger button

#### **Theme Options**

Here you can change the color of your homepage layout. There are three types of preset patterns for you to choose from. The new layout will simultaneously appear in the **Preview** filed. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

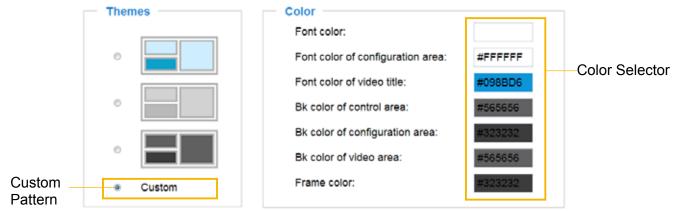




General settings Theme options



- Follow the steps below to set up the customed homepage:
- 1. Click **Custom** on the left column.
- 2. Click the field where you want to change the color on the right column.



3. The palette window will pop up as shown below.

Hex:	#000000		o <b>2</b>	Hex:	#23538A
Red:	0			Red:	35
Green:	0			Green:	83
Blue:	0			Blue:	138
Hue:	0			Hue:	212
Saturation:	0			Saturation:	74.6
Value:	0			Value:	54.1
Se	lect			4 Se	lect

- 4. Drag the slider bar and click on the left square to select a desired color.
- 5. The selected color will be displayed in the corresponding fields and in the **Preview** column.
- 6. Click Save to enable the settings.

## System > Logs

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to send the system log to a remote server as backup.

Log server settings		
🗵 Enable remote log		
IP address:		
port:	514	

Follow the steps below to set up the remote log:

- 1. Select Enable remote log.
- 2. In the IP address text box, enter the IP address of the remote server.
- 2. In the port text box, enter the port number of the remote server.
- 3. When completed, click **Save** to enable the setting.

You can configure the Network Camera to send the system log file to a remote server as a log backup. Before utilizing this feature, it is suggested that the user install a log-recording tool to receive system log messages from the Network Camera. An example is Kiwi Syslog Daemon. Visit http://www.kiwisyslog. com/kiwi-syslog-daemon-overview/.

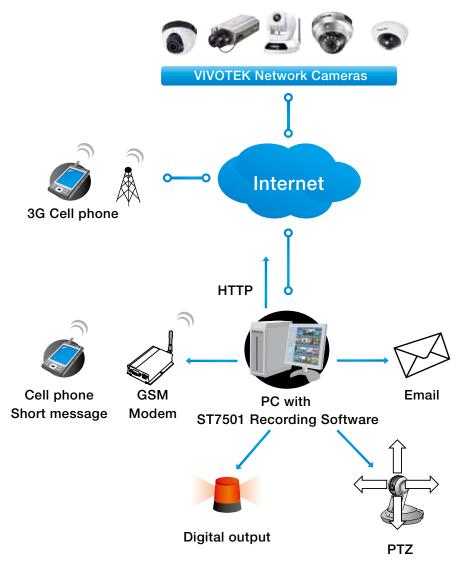
Charles to the second	a lares a l	wings (27 Dec	THE CONTENT		1.111 (
14. 140	Matur - Dilla	age linebi			
a 2 m	4.000	Distant Mag			SCan at the state of the
Date	Tree	Franky	Rectaure	Methoda Construction and the Construction of Carlos	
IN 27-2011	17.45.15	Baar Infe	192.168.4.1.77	MINC: surprising detected#102.45/27.2911/06/271	
06-27-2811	17.44.58	Ven lete	192.168.4.127	(MENE). Samplements defected # (17.45.11 2011/06/27)	
100-27-2001	12 44 20	Directeda .	157.568.4.1.12	[CVCHT MUR; Task cost fits there is no world event in promiting built and, aligo it	
100-07-0111	17.41.29	Non-Inde	192.108.4.127	(CVLNT WUR) Holead aread lash, costig like	
16-27-2011	17.44.07	Barr Infe	157 168 4 1/7	(MUNE) transporting delocated#1 (32 44 28 2811/06/72/)	
06-27-2011	12.44.87	Nor Long	193,198,4,137	Dil Cut Controlt Due excle	
10.77.001	17.44.00	Barr Lanta	107108-0.117	(B) Eus Cambrel) Might wants	
100-37-3011	124348	Elser Sele	192.168.4.137	(EVENT MGR). Task conf Bio there is no valid event in incoding, task, and, alig it	
10.27.2011	17.41.48	Here beller	107108-4107	(CVCRE MSR) Robal event lack costig files	
18. 37 .2011	17 43.36	tion into	197 148 4 137	(EVENT MUR): Task and His them is to vaid event is covering, task and, skip it	
05-27-2011	12.43.36	Elusi bile	192 108 4 127	(CVCN1 MSR) Robust event bolt config lifes	
06-27-2011	174148	LocalD Into	152.568.4.5.17	(RESP SCHWERE Step over secular, #1-152 198 4 001	
06-27-2011	17.41.18	Local Date	152.568.4.127	(RESP SERVER), Start one service, IP-152 168.4.101	
10.77.001	1741.18	Locald Into	1071048-0129	(URLP SLEWIN) Shop one ontoine, #1-252 ISB 4 001	
06.27.2011	17.48.56	Local@Inte	192,548,4,527	(NESP LERVER) blad one envioe, IF-152 100 4 101	
10-27-2011	17.85.64	Include Salar	1511044-0.07	(1011)* 1100101 line our children, \$10122.008 4.000	
10.27.2011	17 49 28	tion belo	197.168.4.117	[MENC] tampaning descripting (12 45 40 2011/06/727)	
00.07.0011	17.38.98	Local Data	1921108-4-107	(00107 SURVER) that one version, 87-132 302.4 101	

#### System log

System log Access log	
Jan 5 11:36:07 syslogd 1.5.0: restart.	
Jan 5 11:36:08 [swatchdog]: Ready to watch httpd.	L
Jan 5 11:36:09 [EVENT MGR]: Starting eventmgr with support for EcTun	L
Jan 5 11:36:11 [DRM Service]: Starting DRM service.	L
Jan 5 11:36:20 [UPnPIGDCP]: Search IGD failed	L
Jan 5 11:36:23 automount[718]: >> mount: mounting /dev/mmcblk0p1 on /mnt/auto/CF failed: No such	L
device or address	1
Jan 5 11:36:23 automount[718]: mount(generic): failed to mount /dev/mmcblk0p1 (type vfat)	L
on /mnt/auto/CF	L
Jan 5 11:36:23 [IR Cut Control]: Day mode	L
Jan 5 11:36:23 automount[728]: >> mount: mounting /dev/mmcblk0p1 on /mnt/auto/CF failed: No such	L
device or address	
Jan 5 11:36:23 automount[728]; mount(generic); failed to mount /dev/mmcblk0p1 (type vfat)	
on /mnt/auto/CF	
Jan 5 11:36:23 [IR Cut Control]; Day mode	
Jan 5 11:36:23 [SYS]: Serial number = 0002D10ED4C9	
Jan 5 11:36:23 [SYS]: System starts at Wed Jan 5 11:36:23 UTC 2011	

This column displays the system log in a chronological order. The system log is stored in the Network Camera's buffer area and will be overwritten when reaching a certain limit.

You can install the included ST7501 recording software, which provides an Event Management function group for delivering event messages via emails, GSM short messages, onscreen event panel, or to trigger an alarm, etc. For more information, refer to the ST7501 User Manual.



#### Access log

System logAccess logJan 5 11:36:28 [RTSP SERVER]: Start one session, IP=172.16.2.52Jan 5 11:49:15 [RTSP SERVER]: Start one session, IP=192.168.4.105Jan 5 13:11:20 [RTSP SERVER]: Start one session, IP=192.168.4.105

Access log displays the access time and IP address of all viewers (including operators and administrators) in a chronological order. The access log is stored in the Network Camera's buffer area and will be overwritten when reaching a certain limit.

## System > Parameters

The View Parameters page lists the entire system's parameters. If you need technical assistance, please provide the information listed on this page.

```
Parameters
                                                                   (E)
 system hostname='Mega-Pixel Network Camera'
system ledoff='0'
system lowlight='1'
system date='2014/03/20'
system time='11:55:56'
system datetime=''
system ntp=''
 system timezoneindex='320'
 system daylight enable='0'
 system_daylight_dstactualmode='1'
 system daylight auto begintime='NONE'
 system daylight auto endtime='NONE'
 system_daylight_timezones=',-360,-320,-280,-240,-241,-200,-201,-1
system_updateinterval='0'
 system info modelname='FD8168'
 system info extendedmodelname='FD8168'
 system info serialnumber='0002D128989B'
 system info firmwareversion='FD8168-VVTK-0100e'
 system info language count='9'
 system_info_language_i0='English'
system info language i1='Deutsch'
 system info language i2='Español'
 system info language i3='Français'
 system info language i4='Italiano'
 system info language i5='日本語'
system info language i6='Português'
 system_info_language_i7='简体中文'
 system info language i8='繁體中文'
< _
                 111
```

## System > Maintenance

This chapter explains how to restore the Network Camera to factory default, upgrade firmware version, etc.

#### General settings > Upgrade firmware

<ul> <li>Upgrade firmware</li> </ul>	÷	
Firmware file:	Browse	Upgrade

This feature allows you to upgrade the firmware of your Network Camera. It takes a few minutes to complete the process.

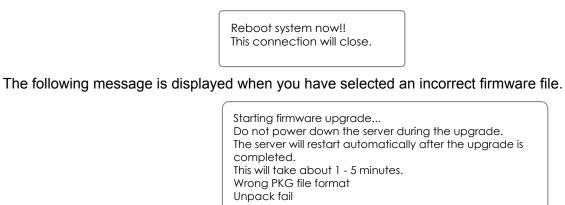
#### Note: Do not power off the Network Camera during the upgrade!

Follow the steps below to upgrade the firmware:

- 1. Download the latest firmware file from the VIVOTEK website. The file is in .pkg file format.
- 2. Click **Browse...** and specify the firmware file.
- 3. Click **Upgrade**. The Network Camera starts to upgrade and will reboot automatically when the upgrade completes.

If the upgrade is successful, you will see "Reboot system now!! This connection will close". After that, reaccess the Network Camera.

The following message is displayed when the upgrade has succeeded.



#### **General settings > Reboot**

Γ	Reboot	 		
				Reboot

This feature allows you to reboot the Network Camera, which takes about one minute to complete. When completed, the live video page will be displayed in your browser. The following message will be displayed during the reboot process.

The device is rebooting now. Your browser will reconnect to http://192.168.5.151:80/ If the connection fails, please manually enter the above IP address in your browser.

If the connection fails after rebooting, manually enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field to resume the connection.

# General settings > Restore Restore Restore all settings to factory default except settings in Network Daylight saving time Custom language VADP

This feature allows you to restore the Network Camera to factory default settings.

<u>Network</u>: Select this option to retain the Network Type settings (please refer to Network Type on page 58).

<u>Daylight Saving Time</u>: Select this option to retain the Daylight Saving Time settings (please refer to Import/Export files below on this page).

<u>Custom Language</u>: Select this option to retain the Custom Language settings.

If none of the options is selected, all settings will be restored to factory default. The following message is displayed during the restoring process.

The device is rebooting now. Your browser will reconnect to http://192.168.5.151:80/
If the connection fails, please manually enter the above IP address in your browser.

#### Import/Export files

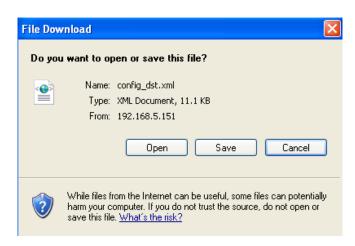
This feature allows you to Export / Update daylight saving time rules, custom language file, configuration file, and server status report.

ieneral settings Import/Export files	
Export files	
Export daylight saving time configuration file	Export
Export language file	Export
Export configuration file	Export
Export server status report	Export
Upload files	
Update daylight saving time rules:	Browse Upload
Update custom language file:	Browse Upload
Upload configuration file:	Browse Upload

Export daylight saving time configuration file: Click to set the start and end time of DST (Daylight Saving).

Follow the steps below to export:

- 1. In the Export files column, click **Export** to export the daylight saving time configuration file from the Network Camera.
- 2. A file download dialog will pop up as shown below. Click **Open** to review the XML file or click **Save** to store the file for editing.



3. Open the file with Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Notepad and locate your time zone; set the start and end time of DST. When completed, save the file.

In the example below, DST begins each year at 2:00 a.m. on the second Sunday in March and ends at 2:00 a.m. on the first Sunday in November.

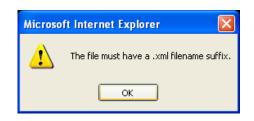
D o	onfig	g_dst - I	Notep	ad		
File	Edk	Format	View	Help		
Γ				ay><∕	Day> <weekinmonth>First</weekinmonth> <dayofweek>Sunday</dayofweek> <hour>2</hour>	-
		<ri><ri><ri><ri><ri><ri><ri><ri><ri><ri></ri></ri></ri></ri></ri></ri></ri></ri></ri></ri>	Zone one tart <s <m <d Star ndTi <s <m <d EndT Zone</d </m </s </d </m </s 	> 1d="- Time> hift> onth> ay> <br tTime me> hift> onth> ay> <br ime> >	60 5a/Month> Day> <weekinmonth>Second</weekinmonth> <dayofweek>Sunday</dayofweek> <hour>2</hour> > -60 11	
<						<u>&gt;</u>

Update daylight saving time rules: Click Browse... and specify the XML file to update.

If the incorrect date and time are assigned, you will see the following warning message when uploading the file to the Network Camera.

D config_dst - Notepad	EDX http://192.168.5.121/cgj-bin/admin/upload.cgi - Microsoft Int 🗐 🗆 🔀
File Edit Format View Help	
File Edt Format Vew Help <pre>     CDay&gt;</pre>	Invalid (Month) value in TimeZone idi -240
<pre></pre>	8

The following message is displayed when attempting to upload an incorrect file format.



<u>Export language file</u>: Click to export language strings. VIVOTEK provides nine languages: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文, and 繁體中文.

Update custom language file: Click Browse... and specify your own custom language file to upload.

Export configuration file: Click to export all parameters for the device and user-defined scripts.

<u>Update configuration file</u>: Click **Browse...** to update a configuration file. Please note that the model and firmware version of the device should be the same as the configuration file. If you have set up a fixed IP or other special settings for your device, it is not suggested to update a configuration file.

<u>Export server staus report</u>: Click to export the current server status report, such as time, logs, parameters, process status, memory status, file system status, network status, kernel message ... and so on.



• If a firmware upgrade is accidentally disrupted, say, by a power outage, you still have a last resort method to restore normal operation. See the following for how to bring the camera back to work:

Applicable scenario:

- (1) Power disconnected during firmware upgrade.
- (2) Unknown reason causing abnormal LED status, and a Restore cannot recover normal working condition.

You can use the following methods to activate the camera with its backup firmware:

- (1) Press and hold down the reset button for at least one minute.
- (2) Power on the camera until the Red LED blinks rapidly.
- (3) After boot up, the firmware should return to the previous version before the camera hanged. (The procedure should take 5 to 10 minutes, longer than the normal boot-up process). When tthis process is completed, the LED status should return to normal.

## Media > Image

This section explains how to configure the image settings of the Network Camera. It is composed of the following five columns: General settings, Image settings, Exposure, Focus, and Privacy mask.

• • • • •	General settings	Image settings	Exposure	Privacy mask		
General settings	– Video Settin	gs	· · · · ·			
	Video title					
	Show time	stamp and video til	le in video an	d snapshots:		
	Position of time	estamp and video t	itle on image	Тор 💌		
	Timestamp an	d video title font-siz	e:	Small 💌		
	Color:			B/W   Color		
	Power line freq	uency:		🔘 50 Hz 💿 60 H	iz	
	Video orientatio	on:		🔽 Flip 📝 Mirror	r	
					Save	

#### Video title

<u>Show\_timestamp\_and video\_title\_in\_video\_and\_snapshots</u>: Enter a name that will be displayed on the title bar of the live video as the picture shown below.



<u>Position of timestamp and video title on image</u>: Select to display time stamp and video title on the top or at the bottom of the video stream.

<u>Timestamp and video title font size</u>: Select the font size for the time stamp and title.

Color: Select to display color or black/white video streams.

<u>Power line frequency</u>: Set the power line frequency consistent with local utility settings to eliminate image flickering associated with fluorescent lights. Note that after the power line frequency is changed, you must disconnect and reconnect the power cord of the Network Camera in order for the new setting to take effect.

<u>Video orientation</u>: Flip - vertically reflect the display of the live video; Mirror - horizontally reflect the display of the live video. Select both options if the Network Camera is installed upside-down (e.g., on the ceiling) to correct the image orientation. Please note that if you have preset locations, those locations will be cleared after flip/mirror setting.

#### **Image settings**

	General auttings Image settings Exposure Focus Privacy mask	
	TITLE II III.	
	(TCP-V) 2014/19/14/1	10.42
	Vite balance         Ant	AT ALLER A
Sensor Setting 1:	mage adjustment	
For normal situations	Bryttress O	80
	Contrast 50	0%
	Seturitor	0%
	Stationer (	0%
	Samna curve Optimice	101
	E frable low light conpensation	
	- WOR enhanced	_
	Enable WDR enhanced	
Sensor Setting 2:		_
For special situations	Profile Restore Save	

On this page, you can tune the White balance and Image adjustment.

White balance: Adjust the value for the best color temperature.

- You may follow the steps below to adjust the white balance to the best color temperature.
- 1. Place a sheet of paper of white or cooler-color temperature color, such as blue, in front of the lens, then allow the Network Camera to automatically adjust the color temperature.
- 2. Click the **On** button to **Fix current value** and confirm the setting while the white balance is being measured.
- You may also manually tune the color temperature by pulling the RGain and BGain slide bars.

#### Image Adjustment

- Brightness: Adjust the image brightness level, which ranges from 0% to 100%.
- Contrast: Adjust the image contrast level, which ranges from 0% to 100%.
- Saturation: Adjust the image saturation level, which ranges from 0% to 100%.
- Sharpness: Adjust the image sharpness level, which ranges from 0% to 100%.
- Gamma curve: Adjust the image sharpness level, which ranges from 0 to 0.45. You may let firmware Optimize your display or select a value to change the preferred level of Gamma correction towards higher contrast or towards the higher luminance for detailed expression of both the dark and lighted areas of an image.

- Enable low light compensation: Select this option in low light mode, and the values of sharpness and brightness will change automatically. This function also benefits from an automated noise reduction feature.
- WDR Enhanced: When enabled, you can select the strength of the WDR function. The Low, Medium, High options correspond to the level of contrast between the overly-lit area and the shaded areas. For example, the High option applies to a high contrast scenario.

The Sensitivity option applies to the response speed to the change in bright-to-dark lighting contrast.

Note that the **Preview** button has been cancelled, all changes made to image settings is directly shown on screen. You can click **Restore** to recall the original settings without incorporating the changes. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the setting. You can also click on **Profile** to adjust all settings above in a pop-up window for special lighting conditions.

- Activated	period
V Enable	and apply this profile to
Schedule	mode:
From	18:00 to 06:00 [hh:mm]

<u>Activated period</u>: Select the mode this profile will apply to: Day mode, Night mode, or Schedule mode. Please manually enter a range of time if you choose Schedule mode. Then check **Save** to take effect.

#### Exposure

On this page, you can set the Measurement window, Exposure level, and Exposure mode. Detailed configurations will be automatically adjusted since the sensor library will automatically adjust the value according to the ambient light.

_	Measurement window	
	incustrent window	
	💿 Full view 🛛 💿 Custom	BLC
		-
-	Exposure control	
	Exposure level:	0 💌
	Exposure level.	0
	Flickerless	
	Exposure time:	1/32000 - 1/30
	Exposure unie.	1/32000 - 1/30
	Gain control:	0 - 100 %
		s 2
	Profile	Restore Save

<u>Measurement Window</u>: This function allows user to set measurement window(s) for low light compensation.

■ Full view: Calculate the full range of view and offer appropriate light compesation.

Custom: The inclusive window refers to the "weighed window"; the exclusive window refers to "ignored window". It adopts the weighed averages method to calculate the value. The inclusive windows have a higher priority. You can overlap these windows, and, if you place an exclusive window within a larger inclusive window, the exclusive part of the overlapped windows will be deducted from the inclusive window. An exposure value will then be calculated out of the remaining of the inclusive window.



Measurement window
 Full view
 Custom
 BLC

BLC: When selected, a BLC window will appear on screen meaning that the center of the scene will be taken as a weighed area. This option enables light compensation for images that are too dark or too bright to recognize; for example, for the dark side of objects that is posed against bright sunlight.

#### Exposure control:

- Exposure level: You can manually set the Exposure level, which ranges from -2.0 to +2.0 (dark to bright). You can click and drag the pointers on the Exposure time and Gain control slide bars to specify a range of shutter time and Gain control values within which the camera can automatically tune to an optimal imaging result. You may prefer a shorter shutter time to better capture moving objects, while a faster shutter reduces light and needs to be compensated by electrical brightness gains.
- Flickerless: Under some circumstances when there is a difference between the video capture frequency and local AC power frequency (NTSC or PAL), the mismatch causes color shifts or flickering images. If the above mismatch occurs, select the Flickerless checkbox, and the range of Exposure time (the shutter time) will be limited to a range in order to match the AC power frequency. See the screen capture below.

You can click and drag the semi-circular pointers on the **Exposure time** and **Gain control** slide bars to specify a range of shutter time and Gain control values within which the camera can automatically tune to an optimal imaging result. For example, you may prefer a shorter shutter time to better capture moving objects, while a faster shutter reduces light and needs to be compensated by electrical brightness gains.

Exposure control			
Exposure level:	0 💌		
Flickless			
Exposure time:		1/120 - 1/30	
Gain control:	0	 0 - 100 %	

- **Exposure Time**: The configurable max. exposure time is tunable according to lighting conditions with values ranging from 1/32000 to 1/5 of a second.
- Gain Control: Tune the slider bar to set the Gain Control to the best image quality. Higher gain control value will generate a certain amount of noises.

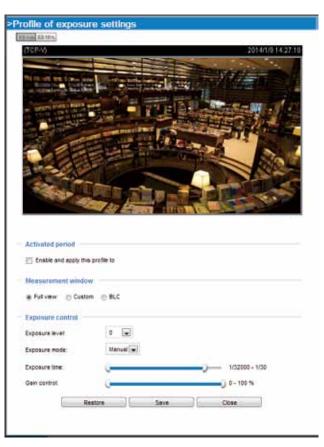
You can click **Restore** to recall the original settings without incorporating the changes. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the settings.

If you want to configure another sensor setting for day/night/schedule mode, please click **Profile** to open the Profile of exposure settings page as shown below.

<u>Activated period</u>: Select the mode this profile to apply to the Schedule mode. Please manually enter a range of time if you choose Schedule mode. Then check **Save** to take effect.

Please follow the steps below to setup a profile:

- 1. Check Enable this profile.
- 2. Select the applied mode: Day mode, Night mode, or Schedule mode. Please manually enter a range of time if you choose the Schedule mode.
- 3. Configure Exposure control settings in the folowing columns. Please refer to previous dicussions for detailed information.
- 4. Click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit the page.



#### **Privacy mask**

Click **Privacy Mask** to open the settings page. On this page, you can block out sensitive zones to address privacy concerns.

Enable privacy mask



- To set the privacy mask windows, follow the steps below:
- 1. Click New to add a new window.
- 2. You can use the mouse cursor to size and drag-drop the window, which is recommended to be at least twice the size of the object (height and width) you want to cover.
- 3. Enter a Window Name and click **Save** to enable the setting.
- 4. Click on the Enable privacy mask checkbox to enable this function.

# NOTE:

- ▶ Up to 5 privacy mask windows can be set up on the same screen.
- If you want to delete the privacy mask window, please click the 'x' on the upper right corner of the window.

# Media > Video

#### Stream settings

Video settings for stream 2
Video settings for stream 3
Video settings for stream 4

This Network Camera supports multiple streams with frame sizes ranging from 176 x 144 to 1920 x1080.

The definition of multiple streams:

- Stream 1: The default frame size for Stream 1 is set to the 1920 x 1080 at 30fps.
- Stream 2: The default frame size for Stream 2 is set to the 640 x 360 at 15fps.
- Stream 3: The default frame size for Stream 3 is set to the 1920 x 1080 at 15fps.

Please follow the steps below to set up those settings for a viewing window:

- 1. Select a stream for which you want to set up the viewing region.
- 2. Select a **Region of Interest** from the drop-down list. The floating frame, the same as the one in the Gloabl View window on the home page, will resize accordingly. If you want to set up a customized viewing region, you can also resize and drag the floating frame to a desired position with your mouse.
- 3. Choose a proper **Output Frame Size** from the drop-down list according to the screen size of your monitoring device.



Click **Viewing Window** to open the viewing region settings page. On this page, you can configure the Region of Interest and the Output Frame Size for different streams. For example, you can crop only a portion of the image that is of your interest, and thus save the bandwidth needed to transmit the video stream. As the picture shown below, the area of your interest in a parking lot should the vehicles. The blue sky is of little value for the surveillance purpose.





Output Frame Size (Size of the Live View Window) Click the stream item to display the detailed information. The maximum frame size will follow your settings in the above Viewing Window sections.

Video settings for stream 1 Viewing Wind	Second Second	and the second	
H.264		# H204	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Frame size	1920v1080 💌	Frame size:	1930x1088 [+]
Maximum Trans rate:	15 tbs 🖃	Maximum trame rate	15 fps [.m.]
lidra trame period.	1.5 .	Intra Yanwe period.	18 💽
Vicies quality		Video guality	
Constant bt rate		Constant bit rate	
Target bit: ale	6 Mbps	Target of rate:	16 Nops
Folice	Frame rate priority	Poley	image quality priority 🕳
- Field coarty:		D Freed quality	
D JPEO		O JPEG	
Video settings for stream 2			
₩ 1264	autom T		
Frame size	840x360 .		
Naximum frame rate.	15.00		
istra trame period	18 .		
sidac quality			
Constant bit rate			
Tanget bit:rate	512kbps 💌		
Police	Image quality priority 💽		
and the second se			
C Field cushly			

This Network Camera provides real-time H.264 and MJPEG compression standards for real-time viewing. If the H.264 mode is selected, the video is streamed via RTSP protocol. There are several parameters through which you can adjust the video performance:

H.264					
Frame size:			1930	(1080	•
Maximum fr	eme rate:		15位	¢ .	•
intra frame	period:		15	•	
Video quait	y .				
· Cor	etant bit rate:				
	Customized +				
Tarpet bil	2048 Ktps				
rate:	[20~40000]				
	Frame rate priority	•			
Policy.					
© Fie	d quality.				

Frame size

You can set up different video resolutions for different viewing devices. For example, set a smaller frame size and lower bit rate for remote viewing on mobile phones and a larger video size and a higher bit rate for live viewing on web browsers. Note that a larger frame size takes up more network bandwidth.

Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality and for recognizing moving objects in the field of view.

If the power line frequency is set to 50Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 12fps, and 15fps. If the power line frequency is set to 60Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, and 15fps.

Intra frame period

Determine how often for firmware to plant an I frame. The shorter the duration, the more likely you will get better video quality, but at the cost of higher network bandwidth consumption. Select the intra frame period from the following durations: 1/4 second, 1/2 second, 1 second, 2 seconds, 3 seconds, and 4 seconds.

- Video quality
  - <u>Constant bit rate</u>: A complex scene generally produces a larger file size, meaning that higher bandwidth will be needed for data transmission. The bandwidth utilization is configurable to match a selected level, resulting in mutable video quality performance. The bit rates are selectable at the following rates: 20Kbps, 30Kbps, 40Kbps, 50Kbps, 64Kbps, 128Kbps, 256Kbps, 512Kbps, 768Kbps, 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps, 4Mbps, 6Mbps, 8Mbps, 10Mbps, 12Mbps, 14Mbps, and 16Mbps. You can also select Customize and manually enter a value.

- **Target bit rate**: select a bit rate from the pull-down menu. The bit rate ranges from 20kbps to a maximum of 16Mbps. The bit rate then becomes the Average or Upper bound bit rate number. The Network Camera will strive to deliver video streams around or within the bit rate limitation you impose.

- **Policy**: If **Frame Rate Priority** is selected, the Network Camera will try to maintain the frame rate per second performance, while the image quality will be compromised. If **Image quality priority** is selected, the Network Camera may drop some video frames in order to maintain image quality.

• <u>Fixed quality</u>: On the other hand, if **Fixed quality** is selected, all frames are transmitted with the same quality; bandwidth utilization is therefore unpredictable. The video quality can be adjusted to the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed, and Excellent. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

- **Maximum bit rate**: With the guaranteed image quality, you might still want to place a bit rate limitation to control the size of video streams for bandwidth and storage concerns. The configurable bit rate starts from 1Mbps to 40Mbps.

The Maximum bit rate setting in the Fixed quality configuration can ensure a reasonable and limited use of network bandwidth. For example, in low light conditions where a Fixed quality setting is applied, video packet sizes can tremendously increase when noises are produced with electrical gain.

You may also manually enter a bit rate number by selecting the **Customized** option.

If **JPEG** mode is selected, the Network Camera sends consecutive JPEG images to the client, producing a moving effect similar to a filmstrip. Every single JPEG image transmitted guarantees the same image quality, which in turn comes at the expense of variable bandwidth usage. Because the media contents are a combination of JPEG images, no audio data is transmitted to the client. There are three parameters provided in MJPEG mode to control the video performance:

JPEG	
Frame size:	1920x1080 👻
Maximum frame rate:	15 fps 🛛 👻
Video quality	
Oonstant bit rate:	
Target bit rate:	20 Mbps 🛛 👻
Policy:	Frame rate priority 🚽
Fixed quality:	

Frame size

You can set up different video resolution for different viewing devices. For example, set a smaller frame size and lower bit rate for remote viewing on mobile phones and a larger video size and a higher bit rate for live viewing on web browsers. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth.

Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality.

If the power line frequency is set to 50Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 12fps, and 15fps. If the power line frequency is set to 60Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 12fps, and 15fps. The frame rate will decrease if you select a higher resolution.

Video quality

Refer to the previous page setting an average or upper bound threshold for controlling the bandwidth consumed for transmitting motion jpegs. The configuration method is identical to that for MPEG4 and H.264.

For Constant Bit Rate and other settings, refer to the previous page for details.

# NOTE:

- Video quality and fixed quality refers to the compression rate, so a lower value will produce higher quality.
- Converting high-quality video may significantly increase the CPU loading, and you may encounter streaming disconnection or video loss while capturing a complicated scene. In the event of occurance, we suggest you customize a lower video resolution or reduce the frame rate to obtain smooth video.

# Media > Audio

#### **Audio Settings**

– Audio settings			
Mute			
Internal microphone input gain:	-	-0-	65%
Audio type	0		100%
o G.711:	pcmu 🗨		
🔵 G.726:	32 Kbps 👻		
			Save

<u>Mute</u>: Select this option to disable audio transmission from the Network Camera to all clients. Note that if muted, no audio data will be transmitted even if audio transmission is enabled on the Client Settings page. In that case, the following message is displayed:

Warning
The media type has been changed to video only because the media from server contains no audio
OK

External microphone input gain: Select the gain of the external audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from 100% (most sensitive) to 0% (least sensitive).

Audio type: Select audio codec and the bit rate.

- G.711 also provides good sound quality and requires about 64Kbps. Select pcmu (μ-Law) or pcma (A-Law) mode.
- G.726 is a speech codec standard covering voice transmission at rates of 16, 24, 32, and 40kbit/ s.

When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the settings.

# **Network > General settings**

This section explains how to configure a wired network connection for the Network Camera.

Network Type	Network type Port
	LAN     LAN
	I Get IP address automatically
Get # address automatically      Use fixed IP address      Z Enable UPnP presentation	Use fixed IP address
	V Enable UPnP presentation
	Enable UPnP port forwarding
	O PPPoE
	Enable IPv6
	Save

#### LAN

Select this option when the Network Camera is deployed on a local area network (LAN) and is intended to be accessed by local computers. The default setting for the Network Type is LAN. Please rememer to click on the **Save** button when you complete the Network setting.

<u>Get IP address automatically</u>: Select this option to obtain an available dynamic IP address assigned by the DHCP server each time the camera is connected to the LAN.

<u>Use fixed IP address</u>: Select this option to manually assign a static IP address to the Network Camera.

Network type Port	
LAN	
Get IP address automatically	
Use fixed IP address	
IP address:	172.16.168.10
Subnet mask:	255.255.0.0
Default router:	172.16.0.1
Primary DNS:	192.168.0.21
Secondary DNS:	192.168.0.22
Primary WINS server:	192.168.0.21
Secondary WINS server:	192.168.0.22
Enable UPnP presentation	
Enable UPnP port forwarding	
PPPoE	
Enable IPv6	
	Save

- 1. You can make use of VIVOTEK Installation Wizard 2 on the software CD to easily set up the Network Camera on LAN. Please refer to Software Installation on page 16 for details.
- 2. Enter the Static IP, Subnet mask, Default router, and Primary DNS provided by your ISP or network administrator.

<u>Subnet mask</u>: This is used to determine if the destination is in the same subnet. The default value is "255.255.255.0".

<u>Default router</u>: This is the gateway used to forward frames to destinations in a different subnet. Invalid router setting will disable the transmission to destinations across different subnets. Primary DNS: The primary domain name server that translates host names into IP addresses.

Secondary DNS: Secondary domain name server that backups the Primary DNS.

<u>Primary WINS server</u>: The primary WINS server that maintains the database of computer names and IP addresses.

<u>Secondary WINS server</u>: The secondary WINS server that maintains the database of computer names and IP addresses.

<u>Enable UPnP presentation</u>: Select this option to enable UPnP<sup>TM</sup> presentation for your Network Camera so that whenever a Network Camera is presented to the LAN, the shortcuts to connected Network Cameras will be listed in My Network Places. You can click the shortcut to link to the web browser. Currently, UPnP<sup>TM</sup> is supported by Windows XP or later. Note that to utilize this feature, please make sure the UPnP<sup>TM</sup> component is installed on your computer.



<u>Enable UPnP port forwarding</u>: To access the Network Camera from the Internet, select this option to allow the Network Camera to open ports automatically on the router so that video streams can be sent out from a LAN. To utilize of this feature, make sure that your router supports UPnP<sup>TM</sup> and it is activated.

#### **PPPoE (Point-to-point over Ethernet)**

Select this option to configure your Network Camera to make it accessible from anywhere as long as there is an Internet connection. Note that to utilize this feature, it requires an account provided by your ISP.

Follow the steps below to acquire your Network Camera's public IP address.

- 1. Set up the Network Camera on the LAN.
- 2. Go to Configuration > Event > Event settings > Add server (please refer to Add server on page 97) to add a new email or FTP server.
- 3. Go to Configuration > Event > Event settings > Add media (please refer to Add media on page 102).

Select System log so that you will receive the system log in TXT file format which contains the Network Camera's public IP address in your email or on the FTP server.

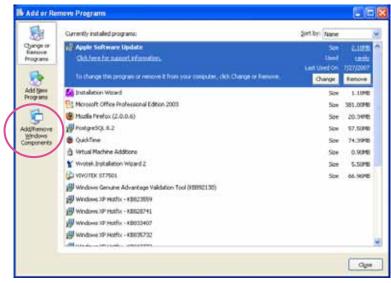
4. Go to Configuration > Network > General settings > Network type. Select PPPoE and enter the user name and password provided by your ISP. Click **Save** to enable the setting.

C LAN	
PPP0E	
User name:	
Password:	
Confirm password:	
Enable IPv6	

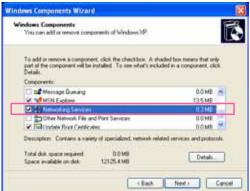
- 5. The Network Camera will reboot.
- 6. Disconnect the power to the Network Camera; remove it from the LAN environment.

# NOTE:

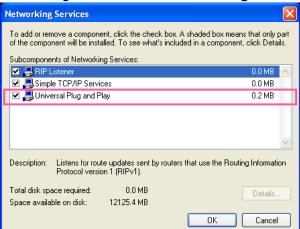
- If the default ports are already used by other devices connected to the same router, the Network Camera will select other ports for the Network Camera.
- If UPnP<sup>™</sup> is not supported by your router, you will see the following message: Error: Router does not support UPnP port forwarding.
- Steps to enable the UPnP<sup>™</sup> user interface on your computer: Note that you must log on to the computer as a system administrator to install the UPnP<sup>™</sup> components.
  - 1. Go to Start, click Control Panel, then click Add or Remove Programs.
    - A card of the second seco
  - 2. In the Add or Remove Programs dialog box, click Add/Remove Windows Components.



3. In the Windows Components Wizard dialog box, select **Networking Services** and click **Details**.



4. In the Networking Services dialog box, select Universal Plug and Play and click OK.



5. Click Next in the following window.

Vindows Components You can add or remove components of Windows XP.	
To add or remove a component, click the checkbox. A part of the component will be installed. To see what's inc	
Details	
Components:	
Set Message Queung	0.0 MB
🔀 📌 MSN Explorer	13.5 MB
Services	0.3 MB
D ther Network File and Print Services	0.0 MB
Contraction Port Certificates	nnmn 🕅
Description: Contains a variety of specialized, network-n	elated services and protocols
Construction of the second	
Total disk space required 0.0 MB	Detain.
Space available on dick: 12125.4 MB	

6. Click **Finish**. UPnP<sup>™</sup> is enabled.

► How does UPnP<sup>™</sup> work?

UPnP<sup>™</sup> networking technology provides automatic IP configuration and dynamic discovery of devices added to a network. Services and capabilities offered by networked devices, such as printing and file sharing, are available among each other without the need for cumbersome network configuration. In the case of Network Cameras, you will see Network Camera shortcuts under My Network Places.

Enabling UPnP port forwarding allows the Network Camera to open a secondary HTTP port on the router-not HTTP port-meaning that you have to add the secondary HTTP port number to the Network Camera's public address in order to access the Network Camera from the Internet. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

From the Internet	In LAN
http://203.67.124.123:8080	http://192.168.4.160 or http://192.168.4.160:8080

If the PPPoE settings are incorrectly configured or the Internet access is not working, restore the Network Camera to factory default; please refer to Restore on page 43 for details. After the Network Camera is reset to factory default, it will be accessible on the LAN.

#### Enable IPv6

Select the Enable IPv6 checkbox and click **Save** to enable IPv6 settings.

Please note that this only works if your network environment and hardware equipment support IPv6. The browser should be Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Internet Explorer 7 or 8, Mozilla Firefox 13.0 or above.

Network type	
◎ LAN	
PPPoE	
User name:	
Password:	
Confirm password:	
Enable IPv6	
IPv6 information	
Manually setup the IP address	
	Save

When IPv6 is enabled, by default, the network camera will listen to router advertisements and be assigned with a link-local IPv6 address accordingly.

IPv6 Information: Click this button to obtain the IPv6 information as shown below.

[eth0 address] fe80 0000 0000 0000 0202 d1ff fe0e:d4c8/64@Link	
1+80 0000 0000 0000 0202 410 5-0+ 44+8/54/24 -ok	
iedo dobb obdo dobb ozoz o in iebe becordegizitin.	
[Gateway]	
IPv6 address list of gateway	
[DNS]	
IPv6 address list of DNS	

If your IPv6 settings are successful, the IPv6 address list will be listed in the pop-up window. The IPv6 address will be displayed as follows:

#### Refers to Ethernet

[eth0 address]	
2001:0c08:2500:0002:0202:d1ff:fe04:65f4/64@Global —	Link-global IPv6 address/network mask
fe80:0000:0000:0000:0202:d1ff:fe04:65f4/64@Link —	Link-local IPv6 address/network mask
[Gateway]	_
fe80::211:d8ff:fea2:1a2b	
[DNS]	
2010:05c0:978d::	

Please follow the steps below to link to an IPv6 address:

- 1. Open your web browser.
- 2. Enter the link-global or link-local IPv6 address in the address bar of your web browser.
- 3. The format should be:



4. Press **Enter** on the keyboard or click **Refresh** button to refresh the webpage. For example:

Network Camera - Microsoft Internet Explorer File Edit View Favorites Tools Help	
🔇 Back 🔹 🐑 · 💽 😰 🏠 🔎 Search 👷 Favorites 🧭	🗟 • 💺 🖂 🎕
Address Address http://[2001:0c08:2500:0002:0202:d1ff:fe04:65f4]/	
VIVOTEK	

# NOTE:

If you have a Secondary HTTP port (the default value is 8080), you can also link to the webpage using the following address format: (Please refer to HTTP streaming on page 66 for detailed information.)

http://[2001:0c08:2500:0002:0202:d1ff:fe	e04:65f4]/:8080
<b>≜</b>	1
IPv6 address	Secondary HTTP port

► If you choose PPPoE as the Network Type, the [PPP0 address] will be displayed in the IPv6 information column as shown below.

[eth0 address] fe80:0000:0000:0000:0202:d1ff:fe11:2299%64@Link
[ppp0 address]
fe80.0000.0000.0000.0202.d1ff:fe11.2299/10@Link 2001.b100.01.c0.0002.0202.d1ff:fe11.2299/64.@Global
[Gateway]
fe80::90:1a00:4142:8æd
[DNS]
2001:6000::1

<u>Manually setup the IP address</u>: Select this option to manually configure IPv6 settings if your network environment does not have DHCPv6 server and router advertisements-enabled routers. If you check this item, the following blanks will be displayed for you to enter the corresponding information:

	Enable IPv6		
	IPv6 information		
	Manually setup the IP address		
	Optional IP address / Prefix length		/ 64
	Optional default router		
	Optional primary DNS		
Port			
	port		
	HTTPS port:	443	
	Two way audio port:	5060	

<u>HTTPS port</u>: By default, the HTTPS port is set to 443. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

<u>Two way audio port</u>: By default, the two way audio port is set to 5060. Also, it can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

The Network Camera supports two way audio communication so that operators can transmit and receive audio simultaneously. By using the Network Camera's built-in or external microphone and an external speaker, you can communicate with people around the Network Camera.

Note that as JPEG only transmits a series of JPEG images to the client, to enable the two-way audio function, make sure the video mode is set to "MPEG-4" or "H.264" on the Media > Video > Stream settings page and the media option is set to "Media > Video > Stream settings" on the Client Settings page. Please refer to Client Settings on page 29 and Stream settings on page 52.





## Audio is being transmitted to the Network Camera

<u>FTP port</u>: The FTP server allows the user to save recorded video clips. You can utilize VIVOTEK's Installation Wizard 2 to upgrade the firmware via FTP server. By default, the FTP port is set to 21. It also can be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

# **Network > Streaming protocols**

#### **HTTP streaming**

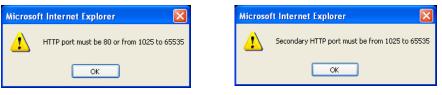
To utilize HTTP authentication, make sure that your have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security > User account on page 76 for details.

Authentication:		basic 💌	
HTTP port:		80	
Secondary HTTP po	rt:	8080	
Access name for st	tream 1:	video.mjpg	
Access name for st	ream 2:	video2.mjpg	
Access name for st	ream 3:	video3.mjpg	

<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides two types of security settings for an HTTP transaction: basic and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format and there can be potential risks of being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm and thus provide better protection against unauthorized accesses.

<u>HTTP port / Secondary HTTP port</u>: By default, the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080. They can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535. If the ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning messages will be displayed:



To access the Network Camera on the LAN, both the HTTP port and secondary HTTP port can be used to access the Network Camera. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

On the LAN
http://192.168.4.160 or
http://192.168.4.160:8080

<u>Access name for individual streams</u>: This Network camera supports multiple streams simultaneously. The access name is used to identify different video streams. Users can click **Media > Video > Stream settings** to set up the video quality of linked streams. For more information about how to set up the video quality, please refer to Stream settings on page 52.

When using **Mozilla Firefox** to access the Network Camera and the video mode is set to JPEG, users will receive video comprised of continuous JPEG images. This technology, known as "server push", allows the Network Camera to feed live pictures to Mozilla Firefox.

URL command -- http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream 1~3> For example, when the Access name for stream 2 is set to video2.mjpg:

- 1. Launch Mozilla Firefox or Netscape.
- 2. Type the above URL command in the address bar. Press Enter.
- 3. The JPEG images will be displayed in your web browser.



# NOTE:

Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Internet Explorer does not support server push technology; therefore, you will not be able to access a video stream using http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream 1~4>.

#### **RTSP Streaming**

To utilize RTSP streaming authentication, make sure that you have set a password for controlling the access to video stream first. Please refer to Security > User account on page 76 for details.

Authentication:	disable 💌	
Access name for stream 1:	live.sdp	
Access name for stream 2:	live2.sdp	
Access name for stream 3:	live3.sdp	
1700 tu	554	
RTSP port:	5556	
RTP port for video:	5557	
RTCP port for video:	5558	
RTP port for audio:	5559	
RTCP port for audio:	3333	
Multicast settings for stream 1		
Multicast settings for stream 2		
Multicast settings for stream 3		

<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides three types of security settings for streaming via RTSP protocol: disable, basic, and digest. If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format, but there can be potential risks of it being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm, thus providing better protection against unauthorized access. The availability of the RTSP streaming for the three authentication modes is listed below:

	Quick Time player	VLC
Disable	0	0
Basic	0	0
Digest	0	Х

<u>Access name for video streams</u>: This Network camera supports multiple streams simultaneously. The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source.

If you want to use an RTSP player to access the Network Camera, you have to set the video mode to H.264 and use the following RTSP URL command to request transmission of the streaming data. rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<access name for stream 1 to 3>

For example, when the access name for stream 1 is set to live.sdp:

- 1. Launch an RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. A URL dialog box will pop up.
- 3. Type the above URL command in the text box.
- 4. The live video will be displayed in your player as shown below.

Open LIRI	
Enter an Internet URL to open	
rtsp://192.168.5.151 554/live.sdp	<u>۲</u>

RTSP port /RTP port for video and RTCP port for video

- RTSP (Real-Time Streaming Protocol) controls the delivery of streaming media. By default, the port number is set to 554.
- The RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) is used to deliver video data to the clients. By default, the RTP port for video is set to 5556.
- The RTCP (Real-time Transport Control Protocol) allows the Network Camera to transmit the data by monitoring the Internet traffic volume. By default, the RTCP port for video is set to 5557.

The ports can be changed to values between 1025 and 65535. The RTP port must be an even number and the RTCP port is the RTP port number plus one, and thus is always an odd number. When the RTP port changes, the RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the RTP ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will be displayed:



# <u>Multicast settings for stream #</u>: Click the items to display the detailed configuration information. Select the Always multicast option to enable multicast for different video streams.

🐭 Multicast settings for stream 1		🖤 Multicast settings for stream 3	
Always multicast		Always multicast	
Multicast group address:	239.128.1.99	Multicast group address:	239.128.1.101
Multicast video port:	5560	Multicast video port:	5568
Multicast RTCP video port:	5561	Multicast RTCP video port:	5569
Multicast audio port:	5562	Multicast audio port:	5570
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5563	Multicast RTCP audio port:	5571
Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15	Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15
😻 Multicast settings for stream 2			
Always multicast			
Multicast group address:	239.128.1.100		
Multicast video port:	5564		
Multicast RTCP video port:	5565		
Multicast audio port:	5566		
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5567		
Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15		

Unicast video transmission delivers a stream through point-to-point transmission; multicast, on the other hand, sends a stream to the multicast group address and allows multiple clients to acquire the stream at the same time by requesting a copy from the multicast group address. Therefore, enabling multicast can effectively save Internet bandwith.

The ports can be changed to values between 1025 and 65535. The multicast RTP port must be an even number and the multicast RTCP port number is the multicast RTP port number plus one, and thus is always odd. When the multicast RTP port changes, the multicast RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the multicast RTP video ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will be displayed:



<u>Multicast TTL [1~255]</u>: The multicast TTL (Time To Live) is the value that tells the router the range a packet can be forwarded.

Initial TTL	Scope
0	Restricted to the same host
1	Restricted to the same subnetwork
32	Restricted to the same site
64	Restricted to the same region
128	Restricted to the same continent
255	Unrestricted in scope

## Network > DDNS

This section explains how to configure the dynamic domain name service for the Network Camera. DDNS is a service that allows your Network Camera, especially when assigned with a dynamic IP address, to have a fixed host and domain name.

#### Express link

Express Link is a free service provided by VIVOTEK server, which allows users to register a domain name for a network device. One URL can only be mapped to one MAC address. This service will examine if the host name is valid and automatically open a port on your router. If using DDNS, the user has to manually configure UPnP port forwarding. Express Link is more convenient and easier to set up.

Manual setup	Express link		
Enable express link			
http://	.2bthe	re.net <u>Help</u>	Save
	ink, all users need to do is create host nar camera from Internet.	me for the camera. It will	generate the link to

Please follow the steps below to enable Express Link:

- 1. Make sure that your router supports UPnP port forwarding and it is activated.
- 2. Check Enable express link.
- 3. Enter a host name for the network device and click **Save**. If the host name has been used by another device, a warning message will show up. If the host name is valid, it will display a message as shown below.

Manual setup Express link	
📝 Enable express link	
http:// vivotek_test3454	.2bthere.net Help Save
The camera can now be acce	ssed at http://vivotek_test3454.2bthere.net
work Camera - Microsoft Internet Expl	lorer
dit View Favorites Tools Help	
ack 🝷 🐑 - 💌 😰 🚮 🔎 Sea	arch 🤺 Favorites 🤣 🛜 - چ 🔜 🦓
e https://0002D1123456.2bthere.net	
	Mega-Pixel Network Car

#### **Manual setup**

JDNS: Dynamic domain name service			
DDNS: Dynamic domain name service			
	Enable DDNS:		
	Provider:	Dyndns.org(Dynamic) ⊻	

Provider:	Dyndns.org(Dynamic) 💟
Host name:	
User name:	
Password:	
	Sovo

Enable DDNS: Select this option to enable the DDNS setting.

Provider: Select a DDNS provider from the provider drop-down list.

VIVOTEK offers **Safe100.net**, a free dynamic domain name service, to VIVOTEK customers. It is recommended that you register **Safe100.net** to access VIVOTEK's Network Cameras from the Internet. Additionally, we offer other DDNS providers, such as Dyndns.org(Dynamic), Dyndns. org(Custom), CustomSafe100, and dyn-interfree.it. Note that before utilizing this function, please apply for a dynamic domain account first.

#### ■ Safe100.net

- 1. In the DDNS column, select **Safe100.net** from the drop-down list. Click **I accept** after reviewing the terms of the Service Agreement.
- 2. In the Register column, fill in the Host name (xxxx.safe100.net), Email, Key, and Confirm Key, and click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, a success message will be displayed in the DDNS Registration Result column.

- Degister			
Register			
Host name:	VVTK.safe100.net		
Email:	wtk@vivotek.com		
Key:	••••	Forget key	
Confirm key:	••••		
To apply for a domain name for the camera, or to modify the previously registered information, fill in			
the following fields and then click "Register".			
Register			
DDNS Registration Result			
[Register] Successfully Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address			
Upon successful registration, you can click copy to automatically upload relevant information to the			
DDNS form or you can manually fill it in. Then, click "Save" to save new settings.			

3. Click **Copy** and all the registered information will automatically be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column at the top of the page as seen in the picture.

DDNS: Dynamic domain name service			
Enable DDNS:			
Provider:	Safe100.net	~	
Host name:	VVTK.safe100.net	[*.safe100.net]	
Email:	wtk@vivotek.com		
Key:	••••		
Save			
Register			
Host name:	VVTK.safe100.net		
Email:	vvtk@vivotek.com		
Key:	••••	Forget key	
Confirm key:	••••		
To apply for a domain name for the carr	nera, or to modify the previou	sly registered information, fill in	
the following fields and then click "Regi	ster".		
Register			
DDNS Registration Result:			
[Register] Successfully Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address			
Upon successful registration, you can click <u>copy</u> to automatically upload relevant information to the DDNS form or you can manually fill it in. Then, click "Save" to save new settings.			

4. Select Enable DDNS and click **Save** to enable the setting.

#### CustomSafe100

VIVOTEK offers documents to establish a CustomSafe100 DDNS server for distributors and system integrators. You can use CustomSafe100 to register a dynamic domain name if your distributor or system integrators offer such services.

- 1. In the DDNS column, select CustomSafe100 from the drop-down list.
- 2. In the Register column, fill in the Host name, Server name, Email, Key, and Confirm Key; then click **Register**.

Enter "ns1.safe100.net" as the Server name.

After a host name has been successfully created, you will see a success message in the DDNS Registration Result column.

- 3. Click **Copy** and all for the registered information will be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column.
- 4. Select Enable DDNS and click **Save** to enable the setting.

<u>Forget key</u>: Click this button if you have forgotten the key to Safe100.net or CustomSafe100. Your account information will be sent to your email address.

Refer to the following links to apply for a dynamic domain account when selecting other DDNS providers:

Dyndns.org(Dynamic) / Dyndns.org(Custom): visit http://www.dyndns.com/

# Network > QoS (Quality of Service)

Quality of Service refers to a resource reservation control mechanism, which guarantees a certain quality to different services on the network. Quality of service guarantees are important if the network capacity is insufficient, especially for real-time streaming multimedia applications. Quality can be defined as, for instance, a maintained level of bit rate, low latency, no packet dropping, etc.

The following are the main benefits of a QoS-aware network:

- The ability to prioritize traffic and guarantee a certain level of performance to the data flow.
- The ability to control the amount of bandwidth each application may use, and thus provide higher reliability and stability on the network.

### **Requirements for QoS**

To utilize QoS in a network environment, the following requirements must be met:

- All network switches and routers in the network must include support for QoS.
- The network video devices used in the network must be QoS-enabled.

## QoS models

## CoS (the VLAN 802.1p model)

IEEE802.1p defines a QoS model at OSI Layer 2 (Data Link Layer), which is called CoS, Class of Service. It adds a 3-bit value to the VLAN MAC header, which indicates the frame priority level from 0 (lowest) to 7 (highest). The priority is set up on the network switches, which then use different queuing disciplines to forward the packets.

Below is the setting column for CoS. Enter the **VLAN ID** of your switch ( $0\sim4095$ ) and choose the priority for each application ( $0\sim7$ ).

CoS		
📝 Enable CoS		
VLAN ID:	1	
Live video:	0 💌	
Live audio:	0 💌	
Event/Alarm:	0 💌	
Management:	0 💌	

If you assign Video the highest level, the switch will handle video packets first.

# NOTE:

- ► A VLAN Switch (802.1p) is required. Web browsing may fail if the CoS setting is incorrect.
- The Class of Service technologies do not guarantee a level of service in terms of bandwidth and delivery time; they offer a "best-effort." Users can think of CoS as "coarsely-grained" traffic control and QoS as "finely-grained" traffic control.
- Although CoS is simple to manage, it lacks scalability and does not offer end-to-end guarantees since it is based on L2 protocol.

## QoS/DSCP (the DiffServ model)

DSCP-ECN defines QoS at Layer 3 (Network Layer). The Differentiated Services (DiffServ) model is based on packet marking and router queuing disciplines. The marking is done by adding a field to the IP header, called the DSCP (Differentiated Services Codepoint). This is a 6-bit field that provides 64 different class IDs. It gives an indication of how a given packet is to be forwarded, known as the Per Hop Behavior (PHB). The PHB describes a particular service level in terms of bandwidth, queueing theory, and dropping (discarding the packet) decisions. Routers at each network node classify packets according to their DSCP value and give them a particular forwarding treatment; for example, how much bandwidth to reserve for it.

Below are the setting options of DSCP (DiffServ Codepoint). Specify the DSCP value for each application (0~63).

QoS/DSCP		
👿 Enable QoS/DSCP		
Live video:	0	
Live audio:	0	
Event/Alarm:	0	
Management:	0	

Save

## **Network > SNMP** (Simple Network Management Protocol)

This section explains how to use the SNMP on the network camera. The Simple Network Management Protocol is an application layer protocol that facilitates the exchange of management information between network devices. It helps network administrators to remotely manage network devices and find, solve network problems with ease.

- The SNMP consists of the following three key components:
- 1. Manager: Network-management station (NMS), a server which executes applications that monitor and control managed devices.
- 2. Agent: A network-management software module on a managed device which transfers the status of managed devices to the NMS.
- 3. Managed device: A network node on a managed network. For example: routers, switches, bridges, hubs, computer hosts, printers, IP telephones, network cameras, web server, and database.

Before configuring SNMP settings on the this page, please enable your NMS first.

## **SNMP** Configuration

#### Enable SNMPv1, SNMPv2c

Select this option and enter the names of Read/Write community and Read Only community according to your NMS settings.

Enable SNMPv1, SNMPv2c			
Γ	<ul> <li>SNMPv1, SNMPv2c Setting</li> </ul>	gs	
	Read/Write community:	Private	
	Read only community:	Public	

#### Enable SNMPv3

This option contains cryptographic security, a higher security level, which allows you to set the Authentication password and the Encryption password.

- Security name: According to your NMS settings, choose Read/Write or Read Only and enter the community name.
- Authentication type: Select MD5 or SHA as the authentication method.
- Authentication password: Enter the password for authentication (at least 8 characters).
- Encryption password: Enter a password for encryption (at least 8 characters).

🗸 Ena	ble SNMPv3		
	SNMPv3 Settings		
	Read/Write Security name:	Private	
	Authentication Type:	MD5 🗸	
	Authentication Password:		
	Encryption Password:		
	Read only Security name:	Public	
	Authentication Type:	MD5 🗸	
	Authentication Password:		
	Encryption Password:		

**Root Password** 

## Security > User Account

This section explains how to enable password protection and create multiple accounts.

Root password	
Root password:	
Confirm root password:	Save

The administrator account name is "root", which is permanent and can not be deleted. If you want to add more accounts in the Manage User column, please apply the password for the "root" account first.

1. Type the password identically in both text boxes, then click **Save** to enable password protection.

2. A window will be prompted for authentication; type the correct user's name and password in their respective fields to access the Network Camera.

#### **Privilege Management**

Manage User

Root passwor	d Privilege management	Account management	
Allow anon	ymous viewing		
Operator:	PTZ control		
Viewer:	PTZ control		Save

<u>Digital Output & PTZ control</u>: You can modify the manage privilege of operators or viewers. Check or uncheck the item, then click **Save** to enable the settings. If you give Viewers the privilege, Operators will also have the ability to control the Network Camera through the main page. (Please refer to Configuration on page 33).

<u>Allow anonymous viewing</u>: If you check this item, any client can access the live stream without entering a User ID and Password.

Existing user name:	Add new user	
User name:		
User password:		Delete
Confirm user password:		Add
Privilege:	Administrator	Update
	Administrator Operator	
	Viewer	

Administrators can add up to 20 user accounts.

- 1. Input the new user's name and password.
- 2. Select the privilege level for the new user account. Click **Add** to enable the setting.

Access rights are sorted by user privilege (Administrator, Operator, and Viewer). Only administrators can access the Configuration page. Although operators cannot access the Configuration page, they can use the URL Commands to get and set the value of parameters. For more information, please refer to URL Commands of the Network Camera on page 124. Viewers access only the main page for live viewing.

Here you also can change a user's access rights or delete user accounts.

- 1. Select an existing account to modify.
- 2. Make necessary changes and click **Update** or **Delete** to enable the setting.

# **Security > HTTPS** (Hypertext Transfer Protocol over SSL)

This section explains how to enable authentication and encrypted communication over SSL (Secure Socket Layer). It helps protect streaming data transmission over the Internet on higher security level.

## **Create and Install Certificate Method**

Before using HTTPS for communication with the Network Camera, a **Certificate** must be created first. There are three ways to create and install a certificate:

**Create self-signed certificate** 

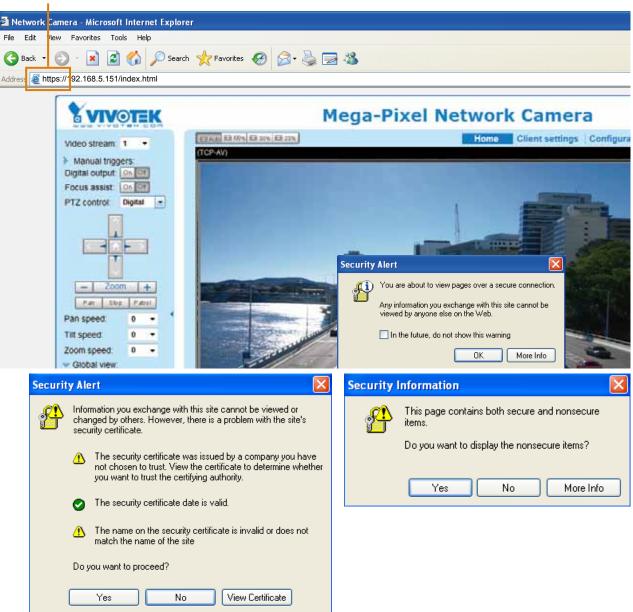
- 1. Select this option from a pull-down menu.
- 2. In the first column, select **Enable HTTPS secure connection**, then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only".
- 3. Click Create certificate to generate a certificate.

HTTPS	
Enable HTTPS secure connection	
✓ Mode:	Please wait while the certificate is being
* Certificate:	generated
Certificate information	
Status:	Not installed
method:	Create self-signed certificate
Country:	TW
State or province:	Asia
Locality:	Asia
Organization:	VIVOTEK.Inc
Organization unit:	VIVOTEK.Inc
Common name:	www.vivotek.com
Validity:	3650 days
	Create certificate

4. The Certificate Information will automatically be displayed as shown below. You can click **Certificate properties** to view detailed information about the certificate.

Certificate information	
Status:	Active
method:	Create self-signed certificate
Country:	TW
State or province:	Asia
Locality:	Asia
Organization:	VIVOTEK.Inc
Organization unit:	VIVOTEK.Inc
Common name:	www.vivotek.com
	Certificate properties Remove certificate

- 5. Click **Save** to preserve your configuration, and your current session with the camera will change to the encrypted connection.
- 6. If your web session does not automatically change to an encrypted HTTPS session, click **Home** to return to the main page. Change the URL address from "<u>http://</u>" to "<u>https://</u>" in the address bar and press **Enter** on your keyboard. Some Security Alert dialogs will pop up. Click **OK** or **Yes** to enable HTTPS.



## https://

#### Create certificate request and install

- 1. Select the option from the **Method** pull-down menu.
- 2. Click Create certificate to proceed.

~

3. The following information will show up in a pop-up window after clicking **Create**. Then click **Save** to generate the certificate request.

Cei	tificate:	
	Certificate information	
	Status:	Not installed
	Method:	Create certificate request and install
	Country:	TW
	State or province:	Asia
	Locality:	Asia
	Organization:	VIVOTEK Inc.
	Organization unit:	VIVOTEK Inc.
	Common name:	www.vivotek.com
	Please wait while the certific generated	Create certificate

4. The Certificate request window will prompt.

Cla	de certificate request completed
	the PEM format request below and send it to a CA for identify validation. After that, you have to inst sking the "Upbast" button on HTTPS page.
Cer	ficate request (PEM format)
	-BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST
	##OCAR#CAQIWCXELMAkGA1UEBbMCVTcxDTALBgHVBAgTBEF##WExDTALBgHV
	REFERMENTATENNALTOFZJVENDUSSENSjLJEVNENCALUECHDEVELNTIDF
100	heMtuMRgwFgYDVQQDEw93d3cudm12b3R1ay6jb20wg26wDQYJKoIIhvcMAQEB
	gTOAM19JAbGBALEFSjkjhlCeufOHp43fOWUngGEPtQEz184HCTbravhpun/W
	AYkHEhLQwGpmpaMy9erSYtu0JuG7bkhLAuHn/T97RdvZ4UC0xGvmnSAg23I6
100	IZPYSLI44VnbusiscwywRIVHOBXIXEIoHDIUEKBC3UHpNLBE5JBS7vA5AgMB ADANBgrghkiG9w0BAQUFAAOBgQBdQgpKdUIcbwMd1RDnEU5HEMBnBriKBBQY
	gITELX#PWE8K21gi8I4XpFWjXVRUs0LvUOOh/nyHDScJaJtEZWi8JhD121Fw
	PIIAvC46saCh5bgT5e9ILK6V11vC1pRX0moEuUqNa4XYVyaRqd3soeQuISVs
	rfluov=
100	-END CERTIFICATE RECUEST

If you see the following Information bar, click **OK** and click on the Information bar at the top of the page to allow pop-ups.

PHILIPS - Microsoft In	ternet Explorer	
Pa. Cl. Non. Facult		
(3 tak + (2)	🖹 💰 🔎 Search 👷 Favor	··· @ @·2 🔤 🚳
4.03 mmp.(/192.168.1		
	is pop-up or additional options click here	
	<b>VIVOTEK</b>	
	E VIVOIER	Home Configuration Language
		Https://
	System	Information Bar
	Security	Did you notice the Information Bar?
	Veer account	The Information Bar alerts you when Informet Explorer blocks a popular window or tile download that might not be rate. If a
	HTTPS	Web page does not display property, look for the Information Bar Insue the top of your browned.
	Access list	
	EEE 802.1x	Do not show this meccage again.
	Histwork.	Learn stood the Information Bar., OK

5. Look for a trusted certificate authority, such as Symantec's VeriSign Authentication Services, that issues digital certificates. Sign in and purchase the SSL certification service. Copy the certificate request from your request prompt and paste it in the CA's signing request window. Proceed with the rest of the process as CA's instructions on their webpage.

Free Trial > Ordense > 20	Holdie Collar	► 5 CSR (F 1) Summy	Chat With Us
Euler Certificate Signing Requ	est (CSR)		
Selectone Selectone	Ξ	Sample CSI Based of PC-CII Standill and the standard and	Order details Symantes ** SSL Test Cettilicate • Vasity period 30 eest Telds (Free Islah US 58
BALTOP'25HE-ITA-TO/WH SyBambaRe-With TV-100 AA-000Aver/With V100 SI-0-VHSp002MFCD-LateDF 30%Operior/BA-NgRKCott AaAAMA00CSp058000000 TTB-VK/ba-To/BK2002000 TTB-VK/ba-To/BK201627	251 ALLEDIMOVECS ANDERATOR ANDERATOR ANDERATOR ANDERATOR ADDARES	TA_BOALDERGTERFISHERD TALEON'S DTA_BOALDERGTATUDE.LEAR MANTY FET TE_LENNY TUDERSATUDE.LEAR MANTY FET TE_LENNY TUDERSATUDERSUGADIO ACCOUNT NO ACCOUNT OF TO ACCOUNT OF TO ACCOUNT NO ACCOUNT OF TO ACCOUNT OF TO ACCOUNT ACCOUNT OF TO ACCOUNT ACCOUNT OF TO ACCOUNT ACCO	We A CRF is generalized from your server and in whether under the server public Any which modules wor answers public Any which modules worre and metalisation and sectors instructed and Hend tasks anotations a COPT ac
		and 15 to provide the Cancel Continue	Gees

 Once completed, your SSL certificate should be delivered to you via an email or other means. Copy the contents of the certificate in the email and paste it in a text/HTML/hex editor/converter, such as IDM Computer Solutions' UltraEdit.



7. Open a new edit, paste the certificate contents, and press ENTER at the end of the contents to add an empty line.

Vicei 🗸 🗸 🗸	C Down They	* ¤ ×
oject Open Explorer Lists	N Editi x	
sen: ••• > 🖻	Gedk1*	ad x
C:	10 CmCGBAGG+EUBBXUWNTAvBgg:BgEFBCeCARTyaHROcHM6Ly93d3cud 11 Y29tL2Nucy902XN072 EWICYDVR01BDVWFAYIKWYDBOUNAWEGCCSCA 21 AlUdIwQYHBaAFCgXE4g91qX13AYst7a02hBwYG71HHOGCCSGAQUFB 22 BggrBgEFBCewAYYYARROcbovL29jc3AudwVyaXNyZ24u729tRb4CC 23 h)JodHRW010VUI2SVHJPYWWFBEITYWHLm2Icm1zaWaUANVDS9TV 24 LeNicjANBgkqhx3G9v0BAQUFAACCAQEATvuH7mIae/X776z/szs9 24 qaNcHswix%c129Pp3kzEKvp6TCLPSHbrOPGjPa1LFXAEUITY3W13C 25 qVSbDfxqVHWx9T7rdz0URijms6ifcHSTcub3Cc2TuDPWARbAH/V+ 25 Pa5hr/qcapKcqOXVHycWHcCWNBRQgm60i368qkFzssv70ErbhLhW 26 JISCX AcQ21RadILJQYSTg5ONq2mA9ghdExKTnhCHUwuqONNBuc 26 m6CoYpntb1gmFtyj9EvgIUdc6Y2Imn2B0q5c5q3i2ARPH/gi//XeG 25END_CERTIFICATE	mVyaXNpZ24u QUFBwHCHD0G WEBBGgw2jAk CsoAQUFBsAC 1JUGm1hbEcy sEKhLKSEQSp oXWF1AjWp12 x+ojGDEVB3z pjdXUESGExu e11B31TPK70

8. Convert file format from DOS to UNIX. Open **File** menu > **Conversions** > **DOS to Unix**.

File.	Edit Search Insert Proje	et View Form	K Column Macro Scripting Advanced Window Help	
1	10mm	Chi+N		m 🖻 🙆
2	Open	Cel+O		Contraction of the
	Quick Open	Corl+Q		* 8 X
	Gooe		ti x	
0	close All Eles	Cori+Shift+F4		
	Close All Files Except This			
	F]P/Tokiet		12 20 30 40 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	
•	Revent to Soved		EL2Nwcy90Z20072 EwB0YDVR01BBYwFAYIKwYBB0UHAwEGCCsGA0UFBwMCHB0G	
		Ctrl+5	HIWOYNBAAFCgXE4g91qK13AYat7a02hBmY071MH00CCa6A0UFBwE8B6gwZjAk	1
-	Save	F12	EBGEFBQCwAYYYaHEOcDovL29jcJAudmVyaXNp224uY29tMD4GCCaGAQUFBEAC	
-	Save As	AR+F12	odHRw018vU12SVHJpYWwtRzItYW1hLn21cm1zaWduLmNvbS9TV13Ucm1hbEcy lcjANEgkqhk169w0EAQUFAAOCAQEATxuH7FnIme/X7T6z/zzr9zEKhLKSEQSp	
9	Save All	NETTIC .	c9swixSc129Pp3kzEKvp6TCLPSMbrOPG3Pa1LFxAEUITr3W1SCoXWR1A3Wp12	
	Make Copy/Backup		DDfxgVHWx9T7rd2oURsjms6ifcH5Tcub3Qc2Tu3pWeANDAH/U+x+ojGOEvB3s	
-			Bhn/qcapKcqOXvHycwHeCWNERQgsGci368qkPissv7oErbnLhupjdxUESGExu	
	Encryption		BCXrAtQZv1Rad1fJQYSTg50Nq2mA9gbdEuRTnbCHUwwqOxNBuce1IB3ITPE70 pYputb1gmFtyj9Evg1Udc6Y2Imn2B0g5c5q3i2ARPH/g1//XeGg==	
	Rename l'ée		END CERTIFICATE	
æ.	Compare	Ab+F11		
	Soft			1
	Conversions		A UNDOMAC to DOS	
	Special Functions		TOS to MAC	
H	Ent	Oyl+P	📑 DOS to UNIX	
1	Print All Files		EDCDIC to ASCII	
1	Print Preview		ASCIL to ERCDIC HIGHER Lat.	
1	Print Setup/Configuration		-> CEM to AIGT	_
-	Fagorte Files	Ctrl+Shit+F	ANSI to CEM Power User	
-	Recent Files	4-59	ASCII to Lineade	
	Recent Projects/WorkSpace		The state of the second	
	Est		and the second se	
-	-07		through the ASCE	

	ave As					2 ×	_
viect Open Explorer Lists	Savers	Desktop		203	🙂 🗔 •		
ter: ** > D A: C: D: E: F: F: F: F: FTP Accounts	My Piecard Documents Desident My Documents	My Documents My Computer My Hotwork P Aduba Reade Fréçõis Clent Google Chrom Distalation W UNCASE Secur Micstone XPro Micstone XPro	laces 9 erend 2 Ry Scan Plas stect Smart Clenit	UltraCompany UltraEdt ar VIVOTDX BlackholePM1 Here Folder 44 45 46 802.1x 802.1x-1 802.1x-1 802.1x-3 802.1x-3	公用波科夫 (位)《		_ [] X  _ [] 0H /6 =3 =1
Name Date modified	My Computer	ReaPlayer	040.0	activeX_plug			
		4				2	
	My Nelvesk Places	File name:	CAcert.cit		<u> </u>	Save	
		Save at type:	All Files. (".")		-	Cancel	-1
<u> </u>		Line Terminator:	Default		-		<u> </u>
put Weidow		Format:	Default		-		
			Leave as "Dela #" to	roome use or chercle	$r_{\rm c}$		
		ADS Stream:	-		-		
			(H) Data Dram is in	h for fleast http://w			

9. Save the edit using the ".crt" extension, using a file name like "CAcert.crt."

10. Return to the original firmware session, use the **Browse** button to locate the crt certificate file, and click **Upload** to enable the certification.

- the second of the	Security > HTTPS	Home Client settings Contiguration Lang
System	e HTTPS	
Media	Finable HTTPS secure conne	action
Network	- Mode	
Security	C HTTP & HTTPS C 1	HTTPS only
User accounts	🛩 Certificate	
HTIPS	Certificate information	
Access list	Status:	Waiting for contificated
BEE 802.1x	Select certificate file:	C/Documents and Se Drowse Upload
PTZ	Method:	Create certificate request and install
Event	Country.	TW
Applications	State or province:	Asia
	Locality	Asta
Recording	Organization:	VIVOTEK Inc.
Local storage	Organization unit	VIVOTEK Inc.
	Common name:	www.vivatek.com
(Basic mode )		Remove certificate

11. When the certifice file is successfully loaded, its status will be stated as **Active**. Note that a certificate must have been created and installed before you can click on the "**Save**" button for the configuration to take effect.

Mode:	
HTTP&HTTPS C HT	TPS only
Certificate:	
Certificate information	
Status:	Active
Method	Create certificate request and install
Country:	TW
State or province.	Asia
Locality:	Asia
Organization.	VIVOTEK Inc.
Organization unit	VIVOTEK Inc.
Common name:	www.vivotek.com
	Certificate properties Remove certificate

12.To begin an encrypted HTTPS session, click Home to return to the main page. Change the URL address from "<u>http://</u>" to "<u>https://</u>" in the address bar and press Enter on your keyboard. Some Security Alert dialogs will pop up. Click OK or Yes to enable HTTPS.

Security Alert		Security Informatio	n 🛛 🔀
You are about to view pages over a Any information you exchange with the viewed by anyone else on the Web.	his site cannot be	items.	contains both secure and nonsecure Int to display the nonsecure items? No More Info
Sec	<ul> <li>changed by others. However security certificate.</li> <li>The security certificate not chosen to trust. Vie you want to trust the certificate</li> <li>The security certificate</li> </ul>	date is valid. rity certificate is invalid or does not site	

## Security > Access List

This section explains how to control access permission by verifying the client PC's IP address.

## **General Settings**

- 6	General settings			1
М	aximum number of concurrent streaming: 1	0 💌 (	Connection management	

<u>Maximum number of concurrent streaming connection(s) limited to</u>: Simultaneous live viewing for 1~10 clients (including stream 1 and stream 2). The default value is 10. If you modify the value and click **Save**, all current connections will be disconnected and automatically attempt to re-link (IE Explore or Quick Time Player).

<u>View Information</u>: Click this button to display the connection status window showing a list of the current connections. For example:

IP address	Elapsed time	User ID
172.16.2.53	00:00:05	
192.168.4.104	01:49:35	
Refresh Add to deny list	Disconnect	Close

Note that only consoles that are currently displaying live streaming will be listed in the View Information list.

- IP address: Current connections to the Network Camera.
- Elapsed time: How much time the client has been at the webpage.
- User ID: If the administrator has set a password for the webpage, the clients have to enter a user name and password to access the live video. The user name will be displayed in the User ID column. If the administrator allows clients to link to the webpage without a user name and password, the User ID column will be empty.

There are some situations that allow clients access to the live video without a user name and password:

- 1. The administrator does not set up a root password. For more information about how to set up a root password and manage user accounts, please refer to Security > User account on page 76.
- 2. The administrator has set up a root password, but set **RTSP Authentication** to "disable". For more information about **RTSP Authentication**, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 67.
- 3. The administrator has set up a root password, but allows anonymous viewing. For more information about **Allow Anonymous Viewing**, please refer to page 76.

- Refresh: Click this button to refresh all current connections.
- Add to deny list: You can select entries from the Connection Status list and add them to the Deny List to deny access. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and will automatically try to re-link again (IE Explorer or Quick Time Player). If you want to enable the denied list, please check Enable access list filtering and click Save in the first column.
- Disconnect: If you want to break off the current connections, please select them and click this button. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and will automatically try to re-link again (IE Explorer or Quick Time Player).

<u>Enable access list filtering</u>: Check this item and click **Save** if you want to enable the access list filtering function.

#### Filter

<u>Filter type</u>: Select **Allow** or **Deny** as the filter type. If you choose **Allow Type**, only those clients whose IP addresses are on the Access List below can access the Network Camera, and the others cannot access. On the contrary, if you choose **Deny Type**, those clients whose IP addresses are on the Access List below will not be allowed to access the Network Camera, and the others can access.

 Filter
☑ Enable access list filtering
Filter type: O Allow O Deny
IPv4 access list
Add Delete

Then you can **Add** a rule to the following Access List. Please note that the IPv6 access list column will not be displayed unless you enable IPv6 on the Network page. For more information about **IPv6 Settings**, please refer to Network > General settings on page 58 for detailed information.

There are three types of rules:

<u>Single</u>: This rule allows the user to add an IP address to the Allowed/Denied list. For example:

Filter address	
Rule: Single 💌	
IP address: 192.168.2.1	
OK Cancel	

<u>Network</u>: This rule allows the user to assign a network address and corresponding subnet mask to the Allow/Deny List. The address and network mask are written in CIDR format. For example:

Filter address			
Rule: Network			
Network address / Network mask:	192.168.2.0	/ 24	
OK Cancel			

#### IP address 192.168.2.x will be bolcked.

If IPv6 filter is preferred, you will be prompted by the following window. Enter the IPv6 address and the two-digit prefix length to specify the range of IP addresses in your configuration.

Filter address	
Rule: Network	
Network address / Network mask:	1

<u>Range</u>: This rule allows the user to assign a range of IP addresses to the Allow/Deny List. Note: This rule is only applied to IPv4. For example:

Filter address	
Rule: Range 💌	
IP address - IP address: 192.168.2.0 - 192.168.2.255	
OK Cancel	

#### **Administrator IP address**

<u>Always allow the IP address to access this device</u>: You can check this item and add the Administrator's IP address in this field to make sure the Administrator can always connect to the device.



## Security > IEEE 802.1X

Enable this function if your network environment uses IEEE 802.1x, which is a port-based network access control. The network devices, intermediary switch/access point/hub, and RADIUS server must support and enable 802.1x settings.

The 802.1x standard is designed to enhance the security of local area networks, which provides authentication to network devices (clients) attached to a network port (wired or wireless). If all certificates between client and server are verified, a point-to-point connection will be enabled; if authentication fails, access on that port will be prohibited. 802.1x utilizes an existing protocol, the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP), to facilitate communication.

■ The components of a protected network with 802.1x authentication:



- 1. Supplicant: A client end user (camera), which requests authentication.
- 2. Authenticator (an access point or a switch): A "go between" which restricts unauthorized end users from communicating with the authentication server.
- 3. Authentication server (usually a RADIUS server): Checks the client certificate and decides whether to accept the end user's access request.
- VIVOTEK Network Cameras support two types of EAP methods to perform authentication: EAP-PEAP and EAP-TLS.

Please follow the steps below to enable 802.1x settings:

- 1. Before connecting the Network Camera to the protected network with 802.1x, please apply a digital certificate from a Certificate Authority (i.e., your network administrator) which can be validated by a RADIUS server.
- Connect the Network Camera to a PC or notebook outside of the protected LAN. Open the configuration page of the Network Camera as shown below. Select EAP-PEAP or EAP-TLS as the EAP method. In the following blanks, enter your ID and password issued by the CA, then upload related certificate(s).

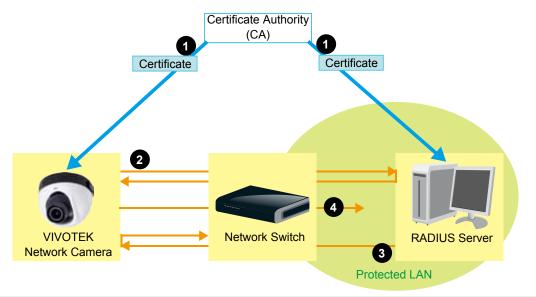
IEEE 802.1x			
Enable IEEE 802.1x	EAP-PEAP V	The maximum length of symbols.	password is 200
Identity:			
Password:			
CA certificate:	Bro	wse Upload	
Status: no file	Remove		

IEEE 802.1x	
Enable 802.1x	
EAP method:	EAP-TLS 💌
Identity:	
Private key passord:	
CA certificate:	Browse Upload
Status: no file	Remove
client certificate:	Browse Upload
Status: no file	Remove
Client private key:	Browse Upload
Status: no file	Remove

3. When all settings are complete, move the Network Camera to the protected LAN by connecting it to an 802.1x enabled switch. The devices will then start the authentication automatically.



- ► The authentication process for 802.1x:
- 1. The Certificate Authority (CA) provides the required signed certificates to the Network Camera (the supplicant) and the RADIUS Server (the authentication server).
- 2. A Network Camera requests access to the protected LAN using 802.1X via a switch (the authenticator). The client offers its identity and client certificate, which is then forwarded by the switch to the RADIUS Server, which uses an algorithm to authenticate the Network Camera and returns an acceptance or rejection back to the switch.
- 3. The switch also forwards the RADIUS Server's certificate to the Network Camera.
- 4. Assuming all certificates are validated, the switch then changes the Network Camera's state to authorized and is allowed access to the protected network via a pre-configured port.



# **PTZ > PTZ settings**

This section explains how to control the Network Camera's Pan/Tilt/Zoom operation. The e-PTZ function allows users to quickly move the focus to a target area for close-up viewing without physically moving the camera. Please refer to below for detailed instruction.

Digital					
(TCP-V) 2	014/1/	13 17:08:56			+ 0 0 1
Name: Add preset location           Image: Add preset location           Image: User preset locations	]	Patrol locat	ions	Dwell	time sec)
Upper right		upper right		5	SCC)
lower right		lower right		5	
✓ center	>>	center		5	
upper left		upper left		5	
✓ lower left		lower left		5	
Remove		Remove	T		
— Misc settings ———					
Zoom factor display					
				Save	

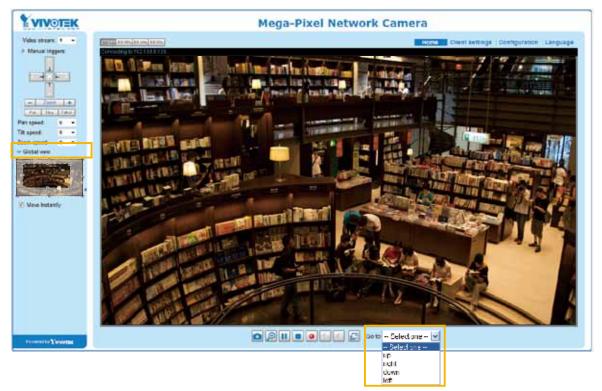
## **Digital PTZ Operation (E-PTZ Operation)**

The ePTZ function only applies to stream #1. For detailed information about how to set up preset and patrol settings, please refer to page 89.

<u>Auto pan/patrol speed</u>: Select the speed from 1~5 (slow/fast) to set up the Auto pan/patrol speed control.

When completed with the e-PTZ settings, click **Save** to enable the settings on this page.

## Home page in E-PTZ Mode



- The e-Preset Positions will also be displayed on the home page. Select one from the drop-down list, and the Network Camera will move to the selected e-preset position.
- If you have set up different e-preset positions for different streams, you can select one of the video streams to display its separate e-preset positions.

#### **Global View**

In addition to using the e-PTZ control panel, you can also use the mouse to drag or resize the floating frame to pan/tilt/zoom the viewing region. The live view window will also move to the viewing region accordingly.

#### Moving Instantly

If you check this item, the live view window will switch to the new viewing region instantly after you move the floating frame. If deselected, the process moving from one point to the other will be shown, yet it is not easy to observe if the move is not over a long distance.

#### Click on Image

The e-PTZ function also supports "Click on Image". When you click on any point of the Global View Window or Live View Window, the viewing region will also move to that point.

Note that the "Click on Image" function only applies when you have configured a smaller "Region of Interest" out of the maximum output frame! e.g., a 800x600 region from a 1920x1080 frame size.

### Patrol settings

You can select some preset positions for the Network Camera to patrol.

- Please follow the steps below to set up a patrol schedule:
- 1. Select the preset locations on the list, and click  $\gg$ .
- 2. The selected preset locations will be displayed on the Patrol locations list.
- 3. Set the **Dwelling time** for the preset location during auto patrol.
- 4. If you want to delete a preset location from the Patrol locations list, select it and click **Remove**.
- 5. Select a location and click 🚺 💽 to rearrange the patrol order.
- 6. Select patrol locations you want to save in the list and click **Save** to enable the patrol settings.
- 7. To implement the patrol schedule, please go to homepage and click on **Patrol** button. Please refer to the next page.



(	▲				
	Home				
(	¥				
-	Zoom	+			
Pan spee	0 🔻				
Tilt speed	t:	0 🔻			
Zoom spe	ed:	0 🔻			
Auto pan/	patrol speed:	1 🔻			
Go to: Select one 👻					

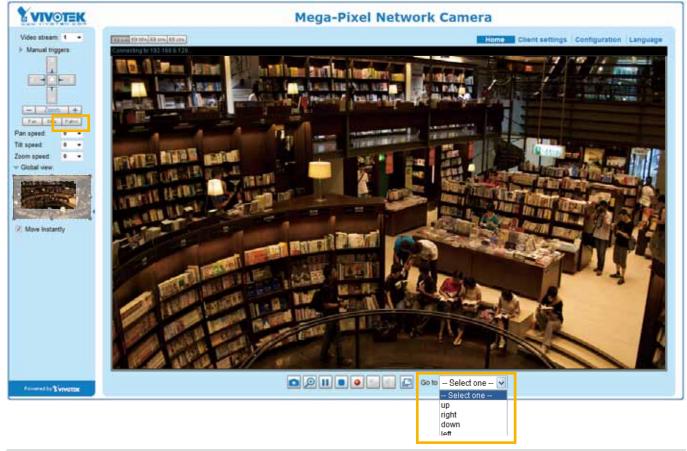
Preset and patrol settings		2	3
Name: Add preset location		Select Preset Locations for Patrol	•
Viser preset locations		Patrol locations	Dwell time (sec)
🔽 upper right		upper right	5
Iower right		lower right	5
Center	>>	center	5
V upper left		upper left	5
Iower left		lower left	5
Remove		Remove 🔺 🔻	
		45	Save

6

#### Home page in the e-PTZ Mode

The **Preset positions** will also be displayed on the home page. Select one from the Go to drop-down list, and the Network Camera will move to the selected preset position.

Patrol button: Click this button, then the Network Camera will patrol among the selected preset positions continuously.





- ► The Preset Positions will also be displayed on the home page. Select one from the Go to drop-down list, and the Network Camera will move to the selected preset position.
- Click Patrol: The Network Camera will patrol along the selected positions repeatedly. Please refer to page 91 to see more details.

## **Event > Event settings**

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to responds to particular situations (event). A typical application is that when a motion is detected, the Network Camera sends buffered images to an FTP server or e-mail address as notifications. Click on **Help**, there is an illustration shown in the pop-up window explaining that an event can be triggered by many sources, such as motion detection or external digital input devices. When an event is triggered, you can specify what type of action that will be performed. You can configure the Network Camera to send snapshots or videos to your email address or FTP site.

Event		
Name Status Sun Mon T	ue Wed Thu Fri Sat	Time Trigger
Add Help		close or Esc Key
	Event Trigger Activ Ex. Motion detection, Periodically, Digital input, System boot	on (What to do)
	Media (What to send)	Server (Where to send)
	Ex. Snapshot, Video Clip, System log, Digital Cutput	Ex. Email, FTP, HTTP Server, Network storage

### **Event**

To set an event with recorded video or snapshots, it is necessary to configure the server and media settings so that the Network Camera will know what action to take (such as which server to send the media files to) when a trigger is activated. An event is an action initiated by a user-defined trigger source. In the **Event** column, click **Add** to open the event settings window. Here you can arrange three elements -- Schedule, Trigger, and Action to set an event. A total of 3 event settings can be configured.

Event name: Enable this event Priority: Normal  Detect next motion de 1. Schedule 2. Trigger 3. Action	tection or digital	inputater 10. t Schedula m [2] Mon [2] Tu @ Always @ From [00:00	e [2] Wed [5	i Thu 😢 Fr	

- Event name: Enter a name for the event setting.
- Enable this event: Select this option to enable the event setting.
- Priority: Select the relative importance of this event (High, Normal, or Low). Events with a higher priority setting will be executed first.
- Detect next motion detection or digital input after is seconds: Enter the duration in seconds to pause motion detection after a motion is detected. This can prevent event-related actions to be too frequently performed.

#### 1. Schedule

Specify the period of time during which the event trigger will take place. Please select the days of the week and the time in a day (in a 24-hr time format) for the event triggering schedule.

#### 2. Trigger

This is the cause or stimulus which defines when to trigger the Network Camera. The trigger source can be configured to use the Network Camera's built-in motion detection mechanism or external digital input devices.

There are several choices of trigger sources as shown on next page. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options.

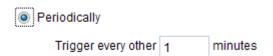
Video motion detection

This option makes use of the built-in motion detection mechanism as a trigger source. To enable this function, you need to configure a Motion Detection Window first. For more information, please refer to Motion Detection on page 107 for details.

Video motion detection		
Normal: 📄 door		
Profile: 📄 hallway		
Note: Please configure	Motion detection	irst

Periodically

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger periodically for every other defined minute. Up to 999 minutes are allowed.



#### ■ System boot

This option triggers the Network Camera when the power to the Network Camera is disconnected.

Recording notify

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger when the recording disk is full or when recording starts to rewrite older data.

Audio detection

A preset threshold can be configured with an external microphone as the trigger to system event. The triggering condition can be an input exceeding or falling below a threshold. Audio detection can take place as a complement to motion detection or as a method to detect activities not covered by the camera's view.

۲	Audio detection	
	Normal: Trigger event when detected audio rise	s above 💌 alarm level
	Profile: Trigger event when detected audio rises	above 💌 alarm level
	Note: Please configure Audio detection first	

Once you have a preset audio alarm level, you can define the triggering condition either as an audio input rises above or falls below the alarm level.

Camera tampering detection

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger when the camera detects that is is being tampered with. To enable this function, you need to configure the Tampering Detection option first. Please refer to page 110 for detailed information.

Camera tampering detection					
Enable came					
Trigger duration	10	seconds [10~600]			
				Cours	

#### Manual Trigger

This option allows users to enable event triggers manually by clicking the on/off button on the homepage. Please configure 1 to 3 associated events before using this function.





## 3. Action

Define the actions to be performed by the Network Camera when a trigger is activated.

Action —		
🔲 Backup	media if the networ	k is disconnected
Note: Please	e configure <u>Preset l</u>	locations first
Server	Media	Extra parameter
SD	None 💌	<u>SD test</u> <u>View</u>
HTTP	None 💌	
🔲 nas	None 💌	Create folders by date time and hour automatically <u>View</u>
Add serve	er 💟 Add med	

Backup media if the network is disconnected

Select this option to backup media file on SD card if the network is disconnected. This function will only be displayed after you set up a networked storage (NAS).

#### Add server

To set an event with recorded video or snapshots, it is necessary to configure the server and media settings so that the Network Camera will know what action to take (such as which server to send the media files to) when a trigger is activated. Click **Add server** to open the server setting window. You can specify where the notification messages are sent when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 server settings can be configured.

There are four choices of server types available: Email, FTP, HTTP, and Network storage. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either one or all of them.

Add server	Add media 💟	
Server name:	Email	
Server type		
Email		
Sender e	email address:	Camera@vivotek.com
Recipien	t email address:	VIVOTEK@vivotek.com
Server a	ddress:	Ms.vivotek.tw
User nar	me:	
Passwor	d:	
Server po	ort	25
This	server requires a se	cure connection (SSL)
FTP		
HTTP		
Network sto	rage	
	Test	Close Save server

#### Server type - Email

Select to send the media files via email when a trigger is activated.

- Server name: Enter a name for the server setting.
- Sender email address: Enter the email address of the sender.
- Recipient email address: Enter the email address of the recipient.
- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the email server.
- User name: Enter the user name of the email account if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password of the email account if necessary.
- Server port: The default mail server port is set to 25. You can also manually set another port.

If your SMTP server requires a secure connection (SSL), check **This server requires a secure** connection (SSL).

To verify if the email settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window. If successful, you will also receive an email indicating the result.

🕽 heg (2102-158-5-121)) ga Analal markettar per ragi - 👘 🔝 🔯	Des 1992 100 5 121/cz-biobdain/hitereer czi-		
The email has been out successfully.	Error in cerding email.		

Click **Save server** to enable the settings.

Note that after you set up the first event server, the new event server will automatically display on the Server list. If you wish to add other server options, click **Add server**.

	Server	Media			Extra parameter	
	SD	None 💌	<u>SD test</u>	<u>View</u>		
	Email	None 💌				
A	dd serve	er 🚺 Add med	ia 🔽			

#### Server type - FTP

Select to send the media files to an FTP server when a trigger is activated.

Server name: FTP	
Server Type	
Email	
FTP	
Server address:	ftp.vivotek.com
Server port:	21
User name:	vivotek
Password:	•••••
FTP folder name:	
Passive mode	
◎ HTTP	
Network storage	
	Test Close Save server

- Server name: Enter a name for the server setting.
- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the FTP server.
- Server port: By default, the FTP server port is set to 21. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.
- User name: Enter the login name of the FTP account.
- Password: Enter the password of the FTP account.
- FTP folder name

Enter the folder where the media file will be placed. If the folder name does not exist, the Network Camera will automatically create one on the FTP server.

Passive mode

Most firewalls do not accept new connections initiated from external requests. If the FTP server supports passive mode, select this option to enable passive mode FTP and allow data transmission to pass through the firewall. The firmware default has the Passive mode checkbox selected.

To verify if the FTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as shown below. If successful, you will also receive a test.txt file on the FTP server.

🖄 http://192.168.5.121/sgi-bin/edmin/testserver.sgi 📰 🗔 🔀	🐴 http://192.160.5.121/cgi-hin/admin/betterver.egi 📰 🔲 🔀
ftp transmission successfully.	ftp transmission failed.

Click Save server to enable the settings.

#### Server type - HTTP

Select to send the media files to an HTTP server when a trigger is activated.

Server name: HTTP	
Server Type	
Email	
◎ FTP	
HTTP	
URL:	http://192.168.5.10/cgi-bin/upload.cgi
User name:	
Password:	
Network storage	
	Test Close Save server

- Server name: Enter a name for the server setting.
- URL: Enter the URL of the HTTP server.
- User name: Enter the user name if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password if necessary.

To verify if the HTTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as below. If successful, you will receive a test.txt file on the HTTP server.



Click Save server to enable the settings.

#### Network storage:

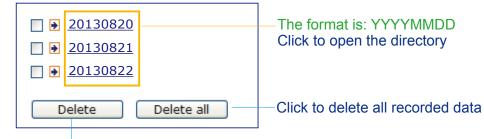
Select to send the media files to a network storage location when a trigger is activated. Please refer to **NAS server** on page 117 for details.

	Click	Save	server	to	enable	the	settings.
--	-------	------	--------	----	--------	-----	-----------

Action	
Trigger digital output for 1 second	S
Backup media if the network is disconned	ted
Note: Please configure Preset locations first	
Server Media	Extra parameter
SDNone SD test View	<u>v</u>
EmailNone	
FTPNone	
HTTPNone	
NAS NAS Create fol	ders by date time and hour automatically
Add server 💟 Add media 💟	
	Close Save event

- SD Test: Click to test your SD card. The system will display a message indicating success or failure. If you want to use your SD card for local storage, please format it before use. Please refer to page 120 for detailed information.
- View: Click this button to open a file list window. This function is only for SD card and Network Storage. If you click the View button of SD card, a Local storage page will pop up for you to manage recorded files on SD card. For more information about Local storage, please refer to page 120. If you click the View button of Network storage, a file directory window will pop up for you to view recorded data on Network storage. For detailed illustration, please refer to the next page.
- Create folders by date, time, and hour automatically: If you check this item, the system will generate folders automatically by the date when video footages are stored onto the networked storage.

The following is an example of a file destination with video clips:



Click to delete selected items

Click 20130820 to open the directory:

## The format is: HH (24r)

Click to open the file list for that hour

<	07 <u>08 09 10 11</u>	<u>12 13 14 1</u>	. <u>5 16 17 ≥</u>	
	file name	size	date	time
	Recording1 58.mp4	2526004	2013/08/20	07 <mark>58</mark> 28
	Recording1 59.mp4	2563536	2013/08/20	07 <mark>59 </mark> 28
Delete all Back				

Click to delete selected items

Click to go back to the previous level of the directory

Click to delete all recorded data

< (	07 <u>08 09 10 1</u>	1	<u>12 13 14 1</u>	<u>5 16 17 &gt;</u>	
	file name		size	date	time
	Recording1 58.m	<u>04</u>	2526004	2013/08/20	07:58:28
	Recording1 59.m	<u>04</u>	2563536	2013/08/20	07:59:28
Delete all Back					

## The format is: File name prefix + Minute (mm)

You can set up the file name prefix on Add media page. Please refer to next page for detailed information.

#### Add media

Click **Add media** to open the media setting window. You can specify the type of media that will be sent when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 media settings can be configured. There are three choices of media types available: Snapshot, Video Clip, and System log. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either one or all of them.

Add server 💙 Add media
Media name:
Media type
Attached media:
Snapshot
Source: Stream 1 💌
Send 1 pre-event image(s) [0~7]
Send 1 post-event image(s) [0~7]
File name prefix: Snapshot_
Add date and time suffix to file name
Video clip
System log
Close Save media

Media type - Snapshot

Select to send snapshots when a trigger is activated.

- Media name: Enter a name for the media setting.
- Source: Select to take snapshots from a video stream.
- Send □ pre-event images

The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide how many images to capture before a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.

■ Send post-event images

Enter a number to decide how many images to capture after a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.

For example, if both the Send pre-event images and Send post-event images are set to 7, a total of 15 images are generated after a trigger is activated.



■ File name prefix

Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

Add date and time suffix to the file name Select this option to add a date/time suffix to the file name.

For	examp	le:

Snapshot_2	0130713_100341
↑	↑
File name prefix	Date and time suffix The format is: YYYYMMDD_HHMMSS

Click Save media to enable the settings.

To note that after you set up the first media server, a new column for media server will automatically show up on the Media list. If you wish to add more other media options, click **Add media**.

#### Media type - Video clip

Select to send video clips when a trigger is activated.

Media name: Video Clip
Media type
Attached media:
Snapshot
Video clip
Source: Stream 1 💌
Pre-event recording: 0 seconds [0~9]
Maximum duration: 5 seconds [1~20]
Maximum file size: 500 Kbytes [50~8192]
File name prefix: Video Clip_
System log
Close Save media

- Media name: Enter a name for the media setting.
- Source: Select the source of video clip.
- Pre-event recording

The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide the duration of recording before a trigger is activated. Up to 9 seconds can be set.

Maximum duration

Specify the maximum recording duration in seconds. Up to 10 seconds can be set. For example, if pre-event recording is set to five seconds and the maximum duration is set to ten seconds, the Network Camera continues to record for another 4 seconds after a trigger is activated.



- Maximum file size Specify the maximum file size allowed.
- File name prefix

Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name. For example:

Video_201	130813_100341
↑	↑
File name prefix	Date and time suffix The format is: YYYYMMDD_HHMMSS

Click **Save media** to enable the settings.

<u>Media type - System log</u> Select to send a system log when a trigger is activated.

Media name: System log	
Media Type	
Attached media:	
Snapshot	
Video Clip	
<ul> <li>System log</li> </ul>	
	Close Save media

Click **Save media** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

Action	
Trigger digital output for 1 secon	ds
Backup media if the network is disconnet	ected
Server Media	Extra parameter
SDNone SD test Vi	ew
mailNone	
Add serve email dia	
log snapshot	
	Close Save event

In the Event settings column, the Servers and Medias you configured will be listed; please make sure the Event -> Status is indicated as **ON**, in order to enable the event triggering action.

When completed, click **Save event** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit Event Settings page. The new Event / Server settings / Media will appear in the event drop-down list on the Event setting page.

Event											
Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Trigger	
event1	<u>ON</u>	۷	۷	۷	۷	۷	۷	۷	00:00~24:00	seq	Delete
Add	He	lp									
Server setting	gs —										
Name	Туре	e				Add	iress	/Loca	ation		
HTTP	http					http	://192	.168.	5.10		Delete
Add											
Name <u>Snapshot</u>	S	Type napsi									Delete
Video clip	V	ideoc	lip								Delete
System log	sy	stem	log								Delete
Add											
Customized	l script										
Name		Dat	е		Ti	me					
Add											

Please see the example of the Event setting page below:

When the Event Status is <u>ON</u>, once an event is triggered by motion detection, the Network Camera will automatically send snapshots via e-mail.

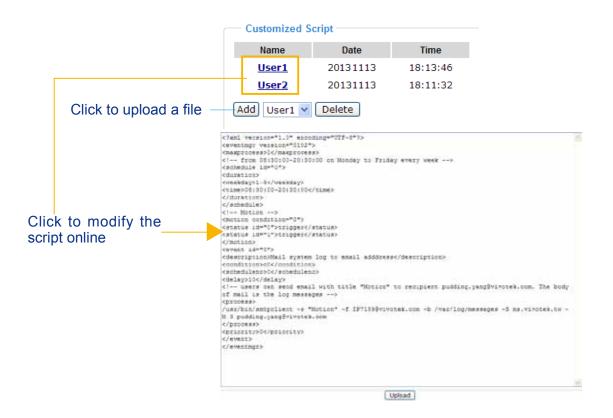
If you want to stop the event trigger, you can click on the <u>ON</u> button to turn its status to <u>OFF</u> or click **Delete** to remove the event setting.

To remove a server setting from the list, select a server name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**. Note that you can only delete a server setting when it is not applied to an existing event setting.

To remove a media setting from the list, select a media name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**. Note that you can only delete a media setting when it is not applied to an event setting.

## **Customized Script**

This function allows you to upload a sample script (.xml file) to the webpage, which will save your time on configuring the settings. Please note that there is a limited number of customized scripts you can upload; if the current amount of customized scripts has reached the limit, an alert message will prompt. If you need more information, please contact VIVOTEK technical support.



# **Applications > Motion detection**

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to enable motion detection. A total of three motion detection windows can be configured.

Enable motion detection			
(TCP-V)	2014/1/5 14:39:12	Window name:	Motion Detection Setting 1:
Non-stanting by Ellerand		hallway	For normal situations
		Sensitivity: 67%	T of normal situations
		Percentage: 18%	
		New Save	
		Profile	Motion Detection Setting 2: For special situations

Follow the steps below to enable motion detection:

- 1. Click **New** to add a new motion detection window.
- 2. In the Window Name text box, enter a name for the motion detection window.
  - To move and resize the window, drag and drop your mouse on the window.
  - To delete a window, click X on the upper right corner of the window.
- 3. Define the sensitivity to moving objects and the space ratio of all alerted pixels by moving the Sensitivity and Percentage slide bar.
- 4. Click **Save** to enable the settings.
- 5. Select Enable motion detection to enable this function.
- For example:

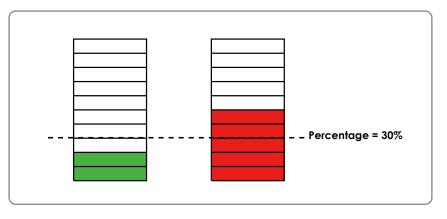
Enable motion detection

(TCP-V)	2014/1/5 14:39:12	Window name: hallway
The second	hallway 🗶	Sensitivity: 67%
		Percentage: 18%
		New Save

Profile

The Percentage Indicator will rise or fall depending on the variation between sequential images. When motions are detected by the Network Camera and are judged to exceed the defined threshold, the red bar rises. Meanwhile, the motion detection window will be outlined in red. Photos or videos can be captured instantly and configured to be sent to a remote server (Email, FTP) by utilizing this feature as a trigger source. For more information on how to set an event, please refer to Event settings on page 93.

A green bar indicates that even though motions have been detected, the event has not been triggered because the image variations still fall under the defined threshold.



If you want to configure other motion detection settings for day/night/schedule mode, please click **Profile** to open the Motion Detection Profile Settings page as shown below. A total of three motion detection windows can be configured on this page as well.

TCP-V)	2014/1/5 14:39:12	Window name:
		Sensitivity: 63%
		New Save
Enable this profile		New Save
his profile is applied to:		New Save
Enable this profile		New Save

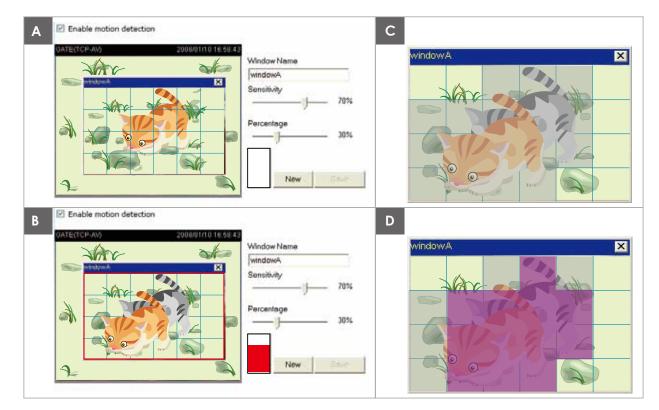
Please follow the steps beolw to set up a profile:

- 1. Create a new motion detection window.
- 2. Check Enable this profile.
- 3. Select the applicable mode: Day mode, Night mode, or Schedule mode. Please manually enter a time range if you choose Schedule mode.
- 4. Click Save to enable the settings and click Close to exit the page.

This motion detection window will also be displayed on the Event Settings page. You can go to Event > Event settings > Trigger to choose it as a trigger source. Please refer to page 116 for detailed information.

#### NOTE:

How does motion detection work?



There are two motion detection parameters: Sensitivity and Percentage. In the illustration above, frame A and frame B are two sequential images. Pixel differences between the two frames are detected and highlighted in gray (frame C) and will be compared with the sensitivity setting. Sensitivity is a value that expresses the sensitivity to moving objects. Higher sensitivity settings are expected to detect slight movements while smaller sensitivity settings will neglect them. When the sensitivity is set to 70%, the Network Camera defines the pixels in the purple areas as "alerted pixels" (frame D).

Percentage is a value that expresses the proportion of "alerted pixels" to all pixels in the motion detection window. In this case, 50% of pixels are identified as "alerted pixels". When the percentage is set to 30%, the motions are judged to exceed the defined threshold; therefore, the motion window will be outlined in red.

For applications that require a high level of security management, it is suggested to use higher sensitivity settings and smaller percentage values.

#### **Applications > Tampering detection**

This section explains how to set up camera tamper detection. With tamper detection, the camera is capable of detecting incidents such as **redirection**, **blocking or defocusing**, or even **spray paint**.

Camera tampering detection	
Enable camera tampering detection	
Trigger duration 10 seconds [10~600]	
	Save

Please follow the steps below to set up the camera tamper detection function:

- 1. Check Enable camera tampering detection.
- 2. The tamper alarm will be triggered only when the tampering factor (the difference between current frame and pre-saved background) exceeds the trigger threshold.
- 3. Set up the event source as Camera Tampering Detection on **Event > Event settings > Trigger.** Please refer to page 116 for detailed information.

#### Applications > Audio detection

Audio detection, along with video motion detection, is applicable in the following scenarios:

- 1. Detection of activities not covered by camera view, e.g., a loud input by gun shots or breaking a door/window.
- 2. A usually noisy environment, such as a factory, suddenly becomes quiet due to a breakdown of machines.
- 3. A PTZ camera can be directed to turn to a preset point by the occurrence of audio events.
- 4. Dark environments where video motion detection may not function well.

90				Alarm Level
80		-	1	
60	00		0	
50	ago .		Y	
40	-			
30				
20				
10				
0				

The red circles indicate where the audio alarms can be triggered when breaching or falling below the preset threshold.

How to configure Audio detection:

- 1. Once the Audio detection window is opened, the current sound input will be interactively indicated by a fluctuating yellow wave diagram.
- 2. Use a mouse click to drag the Alarm level tab to a preferred location on the slide bar.
- 3. Select the "Enable audio detection" checkbox and click Save to enable the feature.

- Note that the volume numbers (0~100) on the side of wave diagram does not represent decibel (dB). Sound intensity level has already been mapped to preset values. You can, however, use the real-world inputs at your installation site that are shown on the wave diagram to configure an alarm level.
- 2. To configure this feature, you must not mute the audio in **Configuration > Media > Audio**. The default of the camera can be muted due to the lack of an internal microphone. An external microphone is provided by users.

You can use the **Profile** window to configure a different Audio detection setting. For example, a place can be noisy in the day time and become very quiet in the night.

- 1. Click on the **Enable this profile** checkbox. Once the Audio detection window is opened, the current sound input will be interactively indicated by a fluctuating yellow wave diagram.
- 2. Use a mouse click to drag the **Alarm level** tab to a preferred location on the slide bar.
- 3. Select the **Day**, **Night**, or **Schedule** mode check circles. You may also manually configure a period of time during which this profile will take effect.
- 4. Click **Save** and then click **Close** to complete your configuration.

90			Alarm Le
			Volume
80			
60			
50			
40			
30			
20			
10			
o 🖵			
eneral se	ungs		
Enable th	is profile		
Enable th is profile is	is profile applied to:		
Enable th is profile is Day mod	is profile applied to: e		
Enable th s profile is	is profile applied to: e de		



#### IMPORTANT:

- If the Alarm level and the received volume are set within a range of 20% on the wave diagram, frequent alarms will be triggered. It is recommended to set the Alarm level farther apart from the detected sound level.
- To configure and enable this feature, you must not configure video stream #1 into Motion JPEG. If an external microphone input is connected and recording of audio stream is preferred, audio stream is transmitted between camera and viewer/recording station along with stream #1.
- Refer to page 57 for Audio settings, and page 52 for video streaming settings.

# Applications > VADP (VIVOTEK Application Development Platform)

🕞 Upload package —				
Save to SD card				
Select file			Browse Upload	
Resource status				
🐭 Storage status:				
storage_size:	10240 KBytes	Free size:	10240 KBytes	
SD card status: De	-			
• SD card status. De	acrieu			
Total size:	0 KBytes	Free size:	0 KBytes	
Used size:	0 KBytes	Use (%):	0 %	
🐨 Memory status:				
Total size:	24576 KBytes	Free size:	24576 KBytes	
— Module list ——				
Module na	ne Ver	ndor Versi	on Status Licen	se
Backup	Reload	ore Start	Stop	
	Noise	ore oran	5.00	

Users can store and execute VIVOTEK's or 3rd-party software modules onto the camera's flash memory or SD card. These software modules can apply in video analysis for intelligent video applications such as license plate recognition, object counting, or as an agent for edge recording, etc.

- Once the software package is successfully uploaded, the module configuration (vadp. xml) information is displayed. When uploading a module, the camera will examine whether the module fits the predefined VADP requirements. Please contact technical support or the vendor of your 3rd-party module for the parameters contained within.
- Users can also run VIVOTEK's VADP packages as a means to access updated functionality instead of replacing the entire firmware.
- Note that for some cameras the flash is too small to hold VADP packages. These cameras will have its "Save to SD card" checkbox selected and grayed-out for all time.
- The file system of SD card (FAT32) does not support soft (symbolic) link. It will return failure if your module tries to create soft links on SD card.

To utilize a software module, acquire the software package and click **Browse** and **Upload** buttons. The screen message for a successful upload is shown below:



To start a module, select the checkcircle in front, and click the **Start** button.

	Module	name	Vendor	Version	Status	License	÷
0	Hello V	<u>Vorld</u>	ABC	1.0.0	ON	yes	• 88
	Backup	Reload	Restore	Sta	art	Stop	

If you should need to remove a module, select the checkcircle in front and then click the **Stop** button. By then the module status will become **OFF**, and the **X** button will appear at the end of the row. Click on the **X** button to remove an existing module.

Module list					
Module name	Vendor	Version	Status	License	±
Hello World	ABC	1.0.0	ON	no	
Backup	ad Restore	Sta	art	Stop	

When prompted by a confirm message, Click **Yes** to proceed.

網頁訊息	
?	Do you want to delete the VADP module?
	Yes No

Note that the actual memory consumed while operating the module will be indicated on the **Memory status** field. This helps determine whether a running module has consumed too much of system resources.

### **Recording > Recording settings**

This section explains how to configure the recording settings for the Network Camera.

#### **Recording Settings**

	Recording settings		Ins	sert yo	ur SD c	ard and c	lick h
	0 0	on Tue Wed Thu	Fri Sat	Time	Source	Destination	Delete
e: Before setup recording, you may setup network storage via NAS server page	Add <u>SD te</u>	<u>est</u>					
	lote: Before setup recor	ding, you may setur	o network stor	rage via <u>NA</u>	<mark>AS server</mark> pa	age	

Ø	NOTE:			

Please remember to format your SD card when using it for the first time. Please refer to page 120 for detailed information.

#### **Recording Settings**

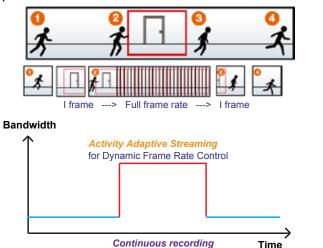
Click **Add** to open the recording setting window. On this page, you can define the adaptive recording, recording source, recording schedule, and recording capacity. A total of 2 recording settings can be configured.

Recording name: video	
Enable this recording	
👿 With adaptive recordin	g
Pre-event recording	g: 5 seconds [0~9]
Post-event recording	ng: 5 seconds [0~10]
Priority: Normal 💌	
Source: Stream 1 💌	
	Trigger
1 Tringer	Schedule
1. Trigger	🖉 Sun 🖉 Mon 🖉 Tue 🖉 Wed 🖉 Thu 🕼 Fri 🖉 Sat
	Time
+	Always
2. Destination	From 00:00     to 24:00     [hh:mm]
	Network fail
Note: To enable recording	notification please configure <u>Event</u> first
	Close Save

- Recording name: Enter a name for the recording setting.
- Enable this recording: Select this option to enable video recording.
- With adaptive recording:

Select this option will activate the frame rate control according to alarm trigger. The frame control means that when there is a triggered alarm, the frame rate will raise up to the value you've set on Video quality page. Please refer to page 54 for more information.

If you enable adaptive recording and enable time-shift cache stream on Camera A, only when an event is triggered on Camera A will the server record the full frame rate streaming data; otherwise, it will only request the I frame data during normal monitoring, thus effectively save lots of bandwidths and storage space.



NOTE:

- To enable adaptive recording, please make sure you've set up the trigger source such as Motion Detection, DI Device, or Manual Trigger.
- When there is no alarm trigger: - JPEG mode: record 1 frame per second. - H.264 mode: record I frame only.
  - MPEG-4 mode: record the I frame only.
- When the I frame period is >1s on Video settings page, firmware will force decrease the I frame period to 1s when adaptive recording is enabled.

The alarm trigger includes: motion detection and DI detection. Please refer to Event Settings on page 93.

Pre-event recording and post-event recording

The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide the duration of recording before and after a trigger is activated.

- Priority: Select the relative importance of this recording (High, Normal, or Low). Recording with a higher priority setting will be executed first.
- Source: Select a stream for the recording source.



To enable recording notification please configure Event settings first. Please refer to page 93.

Please follow the steps below to set up the recording.

Trigger
Schedule
🔍 Sun 🖉 Mon 🖳 Tue 📝 Wed 📝 Thu 🖉 Fri 🖉 Sat
Time
Always
From 00:00     to 24:00     [hh:mm]
Network fail

- Schedule: The server will start to record files on the local storage or network storage (NAS).
- Network fail: Since network fail, the server will start to record files on the local storage (SD card).

<u>2. Destination</u> You can select the SD card or network storage (NAS) for the recorded video files.

8
(2)
15

#### **NAS server**

Click Add NAS server to open the server setting window and follow the steps below to set up: 1. Fill in the information for your server.

For example:

1. Trigger	Destination:   SD     Add NAS server
2. Destination	Server name: NAS Network storage path (\\server name or IP address\folder name)
	(For example: \\my_nas\disk\folder) Workgroup: vivotek
	User name: ritiali Password:
	Test Save server Close

User name and password for your server

2. Click Test to check the setting. The result will be shown in the pop-up window.

🗿 http://192.168.5.151/cgi-bin/admin/testserver 🗐 🗖 🔀	A http://192.168.5.151/cgi-bin/admin/testserver
Mount successfully. Thanks	Mount failed.
🛃 Done 👘 👘 Internet 🤧	🖉 Done 🧔 Internet

🗑 NAS on ritali File Edit View Favorites Tools Help 🔇 Back 🔻 🕥 🕤 🏂 🔎 Search 🛛 Folders 🛛 🛄 🗸 Address 🧟 \\ritali\NAS 💌 🔁 Go test.txt \* File and Folder Tasks = Text Document 1 KB 📺 Rename this file 🔯 Move this file 📕 test.txt - Notepad Copy this file File Edit Format View Help 🔕 Publish this file to the Web [NOTIFICATION]The Result of Server Test of Your IP Camera 🔗 E-mail this file 🍓 Print this file 🗙 Delete this file \* Other Places

If successful, you will receive a test.txt file on the network storage server.

- 3. Enter a server name.
- 4. Click Save to complete the settings and click Close to exit the page.

Pre-event recording: 5	seconds [0~9]	-
Post-event recording:	5 seconds [0~10]	
Priority: Normal		
Source: Stream 1 💌		
Г	Destination	1
1. Trigger	Destination: NAS 💌	I
	Capacity:	l
	Entire free space	l
	Reserved space: 100 Mbytes	l
2. Destination	Enable cyclic recording	
	Recording file management	
	Maximum duration: 1 minutes [1~60]	l
	Maximum file size: 100 MB [100~2000]	l
	File name prefix:	l
Note: To enable recording notifi	cation please configure Event first Close Save	
	Close Save	-

- Capacity: You can choose either the entire free space available or limit the reserved space. The recording size limit must be larger than the reserved amount for cyclic recording.
- Enable cyclic recording: If you check this item, when the maximum capacity is reached, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest one. The reserved amount is reserved for the transaction stage when the storage space is about to be full and new data arrives. The minimum for the Reserved space must be larger than 15 MBytes.
- Maximum duraction: Specify the length of an individual video clip.
- Maximum file size: Specify the file size of an individual clip.
- File name prefix: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

If you want to enable recording notification, please click *Event* to configure event triggering settings. Please refer to **Event > Event settings** on page 93 for more details.

When completed, select **Enable this recording**. Click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit this page. When the system begins recording, it will send the recorded files to the network storage. The new recording name will appear in the drop-down list on the recording page as shown below.

To remove a recording setting from the list, select a recording name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**.

Reco	Recording Settings										
Note: Be	Note: Before setup recording, you have to setup network storage first via <u>Server</u> page										
Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Source	Destination
Video	<u>ON</u>	۷	V	۷	٧	۷	۷	V	00:00~24:00	stream1	NAS
Add SD Test Video 🗸 Delete											

- Click <u>Video</u> (Name): Opens the Recording Settings page to modify.
- Click ON (Status): The Status will become OFF and stop recording.
- Click NAS (Destination): Opens the file list of recordings as shown below. For more information about folder naming rules, please refer to page 117 for details.

☐ <u>20131010</u>
☐ ● <u>20131011</u>
☐ <u>● 20131012</u>
Delete Delete all

#### Local storage > SD card management

This section explains how to manage the local storage on the Network Camera. Here you can view SD card status, and implement SD card control.

#### **SD card staus**

This column shows the status and reserved space of your SD card. Please remember to format the SD card when using for the first time.

SD card status								
SD card status: Detached no SD card								
Total size: 0 KBytesFree s	Total size: 0 KBytesFree size:0 KBytes							
Used size:0 KBytesUse (%	%): 0 %							
			Format					
0.5								
SD card status								
SD card status: Ready	(							
Total size:	7810152 KBytes	Free size:	7602048 KBytes					
Used size:	208104 KBytes	Use (%):	2.665 %					
			Format					

#### **SD** card control

SD card control			
Enable cyclic storage			
Enable automatic disk cleanup			
Maximum duration for keeping files:	7	days	
			Save

- Enable cyclic storage: Check this item if you want to enable cyclic recording. When the maximum capacity is reached, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest one.
- Enable automatic disk cleanup: Check this item and enter the number of days you wish to retain a file. For example, if you enter "7 days", the recorded files will be stored on the SD card for 7 days. Files older than 7 days will automatically be cleaned up.

Click Save to enable your settings.

### Local storage > Content management

This section explains how to manage the content of recorded videos on the Network Camera. Here you can search and view the records and view the searched results.

#### **Searching and Viewing the Records**

This column allows the user to set up search criteria for recorded data. If you do not select any criteria and click **Search** button, all recorded data will be listed in the **Search Results** column.

Searching and viewing the records							
Searching and viewing the records							
👻 File attributes							
Trigger type:	System boot	Recording notify	Motion				
	Network fail	Periodically	Manual triggers				
	Audio detection	Tampering detection	n				
Media type:	Video clip	Snapshot	Text				
Locked:	Locked	Unlocked					
Backup:	Backup						
👻 Trigger time							
From:	Date	Time					
to:	Date	Time					
	(yyyy-mm-dd)	(hh:mm:ss)					
			Search				

- File attributes: Select one or more items as your search criteria.
- Trigger time: Manually enter the time range you want to search.

Click **Search** and the recorded data corresponding to the search criteria will be listed in **Search Results** window.

#### **Search Results**

The following is an example of search results. There are four columns: Trigger time, Media type, Trigger type, and Locked. Click 🖕 to sort the search results in either direction.

nbers of entries displayed one page						Enter a key word to filter the search results				
 1 results		Madia (ma		<b>T</b> -i		arch:		Beeling		
Trigger time 2014-01-14 10:25:37	Ŧ	Media type Video clip	÷	Trigger type Periodically	÷	Locked No	Ŧ	Backup No	÷	Highlight an iten
2014-01-14 10:26:37		Video clip		Periodically		No		No		
2014-01-14 10:27:37		Video clip		Periodically		No		No		
2014-01-14 10:28:37		Video clip		Periodically		No		No		
2014-01-14 10:29:37		Video clip		Periodically		No		No		
2014-01-14		Video clip		Periodically		No		No		

View: Click on a search result which will highlight the selected item in purple as shown above. Click the View button and a media window will pop up to play back the selected file. For example:



Click to adjust the image size

- Download: Click on a search result to highlight the selected item in purple as shown above. Then click the **Download** button and a file download window will pop up for you to save the file.
- JPEGs to AVI: This functions only applies to "JPEG" format files such as snapshots. You can select several snapshots from the list, then click this button. Those snapshots will be converted into an AVI file.

Lock/Unlock: Select the desired search results, then click this button. The selected items will become Locked, which will not be deleted during cyclic recording. You can click again to unlock the selections. For example:

Show	10 💌 entries		S	Search:		
	Trigger time 🔶	Media Type 🍦	Trigger type 🍦	Locked 🔶	Backup 🔶	
	2014-01-14 10:25:37	Video clip	Periodically	Yes	No	
	2014-01-14 10:26:37	Video clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2014-01-14 10:27:37	Video clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2014-01-14 10:28:37	Video clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2014-01-14 10:29:37	Video clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2014-01-14 10:30:37	Video clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2014-01-14 10:31:37	Video clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2014-01-14 10:32:37	Video clip	Periodically	No	No	
Showin	g 71 to 80 of 80 entries	<u>.</u>			*	Click to swite pages
View	Download	JPEGs to AVI	Lock/Unlock	Remove		
Note: "Vi	ew" and "Download"	only apply to the hig	hlight item			

Remove: Select the desired search results, then click this button to delete the files.

### Appendix URL Commands for the Network Camera

#### 1. Overview

For some customers who already have their own web site or web control application, the Network Camera/Video Server can be easily integrated through URL syntax. This section specifies the external HTTP-based application programming interface. The HTTP-based camera interface provides the functionality to request a single image, control camera functions (PTZ, output relay etc.), and get and set internal parameter values. The image and CGI-requests are handled by the built-in Web server.

#### 2. Style Convention

In URL syntax and in descriptions of CGI parameters, text within angle brackets denotes content that is to be replaced with either a value or a string. When replacing the text string, the angle brackets should also be replaced. An example of this is the description of the name for the server, denoted with <servername> in the URL syntax description below, that is replaced with the string myserver in the URL syntax example further down in the page.

URL syntax is denoted with the word "Syntax:" written in bold face followed by a box with the referenced syntax as shown below. For example, name of the server is written as <servername> and is intended to be replaced with the name of the actual server. This can either be a name, e.g., "mywebcam" or "thecam. adomain.net" or the associated IP number for the server, e.g., 192.168.0.220.

Syntax:

#### http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

Description of returned data is written with "**Return:**" in bold face followed by the returned data in a box. All data is returned in HTTP format, i.e., each line is separated with a Carriage Return and Line Feed (CRLF) printed as \r\n.

Return:

#### HTTP/1.0 <HTTP code> <HTTP text>\r\n

URL syntax examples are written with "**Example:**" in bold face followed by a short description and a light grey box with the example.

Example: request a single snapshot image

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

## **3. General CGI URL Syntax and Parameters**

When the CGI request includes internal camera parameters, these parameters must be written exactly as they are named in the camera or video server. The CGIs are organized in functionally-related directories under the cgi-bin directory. The file extension .cgi is required.

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/<*subdir*>[/<*subdir*>...]/<*cgi*>.<*ext*> [?<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]]

**Example:** Setting virtual input 0 to trigger state.

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/admin/setvi.cgi?vi0=1

4. Securit	y Level	
SECURITY LEVEL	SUB-DIRECTORY	DESCRIPTION
0	anonymous	Unprotected.
1 [view]	anonymous, viewer,	1. Can view, listen, talk to camera.
	dido, camctrl	2. Can control DI/DO, PTZ of the camera.
4 [operator]	anonymous, viewer,	Operator access rights can modify most of the camera's
	dido, camctrl, operator	parameters except some privileges and network options.
6 [admin]	anonymous, viewer,	Administrator access rights can fully control the camera's
	dido, camctrl, operator,	operations.
	admin	
7	N/A	Internal parameters. Unable to be changed by any
		external interfaces.

### 5. Get Server Parameter Values

**Note:** The access right depends on the URL directory. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/anonymous/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/operator/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

Where the *<parameter>* should be *<group>*[\_*<name>*]. If you do not specify any parameters, all the parameters on the server will be returned. If you specify only *<group>*, the parameters of the related group will be returned.

When querying parameter values, the current parameter values are returned.

A successful control request returns parameter pairs as follows:

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/html\r\n

Context-Length: <length>\r\n

\r\n

<parameter pair>

where <parameter pair> is

<parameter>=<value>\r\n

[<parameter pair>]

<length> is the actual length of content.

**Example:** Request IP address and its response

Request:

http://192.168.0.123/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?network\_ipaddress

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n \r\n network\_ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

### 6. Set Server Parameter Values

**Note:** The access right depends on the URL directory. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/anonymous/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&return=<return page>]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&return=<return page>]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/operator/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&return=<return page>]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
<group>_<name></name></group>	value to assigned	Assign <i><value></value></i> to the parameter <i><group>_<name></name></group></i> .
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or
		relative path according to the current path. If you omit this
		parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.
		(Note: The return page can be a general HTML file
	$\sim$	(.htm, .html). It cannot be a CGI command or have any extra
		parameters. This parameter must be placed at the end of the
		parameter list

Return: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: <length>\r\n \r\n <parameter pair> where <parameter pair> is <parameter>=<value>\r\n [<parameter pair>] Only the parameters that you set and are readable will be returned.

**Example:** Set the IP address of server to 192.168.0.123:

Request:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi?network\_ipaddress=192.168.0.123

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n \r\n network\_ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

### 7. Available parameters on the server

This chapter defines all the parameters which can be configured or retrieved from VIVOTEK network camera or video server. The general format of description is listed in the table below Valid values:

VALID VALUES	DESCRIPTION
string[ <n>]</n>	Text strings shorter than 'n' characters. The characters ",', <,>,& are
	invalid.
string[n~m]	Text strings longer than `n' characters and shorter than `m' characters. The
	characters ",', <,>,& are invalid.
password[ <n>]</n>	The same as string but displays '*' instead.
integer	Any number between $(-2^{31} - 1)$ and $(2^{31} - 1)$ .
positive integer	Any number between 0 and $(2^{32} - 1)$ .
<m>~<n></n></m>	Any number between 'm' and 'n'.
domain name[ <n>]</n>	A string limited to a domain name shorter than 'n' characters (eg.
	www.ibm.com).
email address [ <n>]</n>	A string limited to an email address shorter than 'n' characters (eg.
	joe@www.ibm.com).
ip address	A string limited to an IP address (eg. 192.168.1.1).
mac address	A string limited to contain a MAC address without hyphens or colons.
boolean	A boolean value of 1 or 0 represents [Yes or No], [True or False], [Enable
	or Disable].
<value1>,</value1>	Enumeration. Only given values are valid.
<value2>,</value2>	
<value3>,</value3>	
blank	A blank string.
everything inside $>$	A description
integer primary key	SQLite data type. A 32-bit signed integer. The value is assigned a unique
	integer by the server.
text	SQLite data type. The value is a text string, stored using the database
	encoding (UTF-8, UTF-16BE or UTF-16-LE).
coordinate	x, y coordinate (eg. 0,0)
window size	window width and height (eg. 800x600)

NOTE: The camera should not be restarted when parameters are changed.

### 7.1 system

Group: system

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
hostname	string[64]	Mega-Pixel Network	1/6	Host name of server.
		Camera		
ledoff	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Turn on (0) or turn off (1) all led indicators.
date	<yyyy <br="" mm="">DD&gt;</yyyy>	<current date&gt;</current 	6/6	Current date of system.
time	<hh:mm:ss></hh:mm:ss>	<current time&gt;</current 	6/6	Current time of the system.
datetime	<mmddhhmm< td=""><td><current< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>Another current time format</td></current<></td></mmddhhmm<>	<current< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>Another current time format</td></current<>	6/6	Another current time format
	YYYY.ss>	time>	12	of the system.
ntp	<domain< td=""><td><black></black></td><td>6/6</td><td>NTP server.</td></domain<>	<black></black>	6/6	NTP server.
	name>,			*Do not use "skip to invoke
	<ip address="">,</ip>	C >		default server" for default
	<black></black>			value.
timezoneindex	-489 ~ 529	320	6/6	Indicate timezone and area. -480: GMT-12:00 Eniwetok, Kwajalein -440: GMT-11:00 Midway Island, Samoa -400: GMT-10:00 Hawaii -360: GMT-09:00 Alaska -320: GMT-09:00 Alaska -320: GMT-08:00 Las Vegas, San_Francisco, Vancouver -280: GMT-07:00 Mountain Time, Denver -281: GMT-07:00 Arizona -240: GMT-06:00 Central America, Central Time, Mexico City, Saskatchewan -200: GMT-05:00 Eastern

Muscat, Baku, Tbilisi, Yerevan 180: GMT 04:30 Kabul
---

				Ekaterinburg, Islamabad,
				-
				Karachi, Tashkent
				220: GMT 05:30 Calcutta,
				Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi
				230: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu
				240: GMT 06:00 Almaty,
				Novosibirsk, Astana, Dhaka,
				Sri Jayawardenepura
				260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon
				280: GMT 07:00 Bangkok,
				Hanoi, Jakarta, Krasnoyarsk
				320: GMT 08:00 Beijing,
				Chongging, Hong Kong,
				Kuala Lumpur, Singapore,
				Taipei
				360: GMT 09:00 Osaka,
			X	Sapporo, Tokyo, Seoul,
			$\sim$	Yakutsk
				380: GMT 09:30 Adelaide,
				Darwin
				400: GMT 10:00 Brisbane,
				Canberra, Melbourne,
				Sydney, Guam, Vladivostok
				440: GMT 11:00 Magadan,
				Solomon Is., New Caledonia
				480: GMT 12:00 Aucklan,
				Wellington, Fiji, Kamchatka,
				Marshall Is.
	r			520: GMT 13:00 Nuku'Alofa
daylight_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable automatic daylight
				saving time in time zone.
daylight_auto_begintime	string[19]	NONE	6/7	Display the current daylight
				saving start time.
daylight_auto_endtime	string[19]	NONE	6/7	Display the current daylight
				saving end time.
daylight timezones	string	,-360,-320,	6/6	List time zone index which
		-280,-240,		support daylight saving time.
		-241,-200,		The second s
		-201,-160,		
	<u> </u>	201,-100,	<u> </u>	

		-140,-120,		
		-80,-40,0,		
		40,41,80,		
		81,82,83,		
		120,140,		
		380,400,48		
		0		
updateinterval	0,	0	6/6	0 to Disable automatic time
1	3600,			adjustment, otherwise, it
	86400,			indicates the seconds between
	604800,			NTP automatic update
	2592000			intervals.
restore	0,	N/A	7/6	Restore the system
	<positive< p=""></positive<>			parameters to default values
	integer>			after <value> seconds.</value>
reset	0,	N/A	7/6	Restart the server after
reset	<pre>o, <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	11/17	110	<value> seconds if <value> is</value></value>
	integer>		$\sim$	non-negative.
restoroycontrat	_	N/A	7/6	-
restoreexceptnet	<any value=""></any>	IN/A	//0	Restore the system parameters to default values
				^
				except (ipaddress, subnet,
				router, dns1, dns2, pppoe).
				This command can cooperate
	$\sim$			with other
				"restoreexceptXYZ"
				commands. When
				cooperating with others, the
				system parameters will be
				restored to the default value
				except for a union of the
				combined results.
restoreexceptdst	<any value=""></any>	N/A	7/6	Restore the system
				parameters to default values
				except all daylight saving
				time settings.
				This command can cooperate
				with other
				"restoreexceptXYZ"
				commands. When
	•	•	•	

	1	1	1	۲
				cooperating with others, the
				system parameters will be
				restored to default values
				except for a union of
				combined results.
restoreexceptlang	<any value=""></any>	N/A	7/6	Restore the system
				parameters to default values
				except the custom language
				file the user has uploaded.
				This command can cooperate
				with other
				"restoreexceptXYZ"
				commands. When
				cooperating with others, the
				system parameters will be
			C.C.	restored to the default value
			X	except for a union of the
				combined results.
restoreexceptvadp	<integer></integer>	N/A	7/6	Restore the system
				parameters to default values
				except the vadp parameters
				and VADP modules that
				stored in the system.
				This command can cooperate
				with other
				"restoreexceptXYZ"
				commands. When
				cooperating with others, the
				system parameters will be
				restored to the default value
				except for a union of the
				combined results.
		•	•	

### 7.1.1 system.info

Subgroup of **system**: **info** (The fields in this group are unchangeable.)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
modelname	string[40]	FD8168	0/7	Internal model name of the server
serialnumber	<mac< td=""><td><product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>12 characters MAC address</td></product<></td></mac<>	<product< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>12 characters MAC address</td></product<>	0/7	12 characters MAC address
	address>	mac address>		(without hyphens).
firmwareversion	string[40]	FD8168-V	0/7	Firmware version, including
		VTK-0100		model, company, and version
		e		number in the format:
			C	<model-brand-version></model-brand-version>
language_count	<integer></integer>	9	0/7	Number of webpage languages
				available on the server.
language_i<0~(count-1)>	string[16]	English	0/7	Available language lists.
		Deutsch		
		Español		
		Français		
		Italiano		
		日本語		
		Português		
		简体中文 繁體中文		
customlanguage maxcount	<integer></integer>	<u> 条胆中义</u> 1	0/6	Maximum number of custom
eustonnanguage_maxcount	<integer></integer>	1	0/0	languages supported on the
				server.
customlanguage count	<integer></integer>	0	0/6	Number of custom languages
				which have been uploaded to the
				server.
customlanguage_i<0~(max	string	N/A	0/6	Custom language name.
count-1)>				

### 7.2 status

#### Group: status

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION	
			(get/set)		
onlinenum_rtsp	integer	0	6/7	Current number of RTSP	
				connections.	
onlinenum_httppush	integer	0	6/7	Current number of HTTP push	
				server connections.	
eth_i0	<string></string>	<black></black>	1/7	Get network information from	
				mii-tool.	
vi_i<0~(nvi-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/7	Virtual input	
				0 => Inactive	
				$1 \Rightarrow$ Active	
				(capability.nvi > 0)	

### 7.3 security

#### Group: security

<b>7.3 security</b> Group: security		~	$\mathbf{y}$	
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
privilege_camctrl	view, operator, admin	view	1/6	Indicate which privileges and above can control ePTZ (capability.eptz > 0)
user_i0_name	string[64]	root	6/7	User name of root
user_i<1~20>_name	string[64]	<black></black>	6/7	User name
user_i0_pass	password[64]	<black></black>	6/6	Root password
user_i<1~20>_pass	password[64]	<black></black>	7/6	User password
user_i0_privilege	view, operator, admin	admin	6/7	Root privilege
user_i<1~20>_ privilege	view, operator,	<blank></blank>	6/6	User privilege
L	admin			

### 7.4 network

#### Group: network

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
preprocess	<positive< td=""><td>NULL</td><td>6/6</td><td>An 32-bit integer, each bit can be set separately as</td></positive<>	NULL	6/6	An 32-bit integer, each bit can be set separately as
	integer>			follows:
				Bit 0 => HTTP service;
				Bit 1=> HTTPS service;
				Bit 2=> FTP service;
				Bit 3 => Two way audio and RTSP Streaming
				service;
				To stop service before changing its port settings.
				It's recommended to set this parameter when
				change a service port to the port occupied by
				another service currently. Otherwise, the service
				may fail.
			C	Stopped service will auto-start after changing port
				settings.
				Ex:
				Change HTTP port from 80 to 5556, and change
				RTP port for video from 5556 to 20480.
				Then, set preprocess=9 to stop both service first.
		$\land \lor$		"/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi?
				network_preprocess=9&network_http_port=5556
				& network_rtp_videoport=20480"
type	lan,	lan	6/6	Network connection type.
	pppoe			
resetip	<boolean></boolean>	1	6/6	1 => Get ipaddress, subnet, router, dns1, dns2
				from DHCP server at next reboot.
				$0 \Rightarrow$ Use preset ipaddress, subnet, rounter, dns1,
				and dns2.
ipaddress	<ip< td=""><td><product< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>IP address of server.</td></product<></td></ip<>	<product< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>IP address of server.</td></product<>	6/6	IP address of server.
	address>	dependent>		
subnet	<ip< td=""><td><blank></blank></td><td>6/6</td><td>Subnet mask.</td></ip<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	Subnet mask.
	address>			
router	<ip< td=""><td><black></black></td><td>6/6</td><td>Default gateway.</td></ip<>	<black></black>	6/6	Default gateway.

	address>			
dns1	<ip< td=""><td><blank></blank></td><td>6/6</td><td>Primary DNS server.</td></ip<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	Primary DNS server.
	address>			
dns2	<ip< td=""><td><black></black></td><td>6/6</td><td>Secondary DNS server.</td></ip<>	<black></black>	6/6	Secondary DNS server.
	address>			
wins1	<ip< td=""><td><blank></blank></td><td>6/6</td><td>Primary WINS server.</td></ip<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	Primary WINS server.
	address>			
wins2	<ip< td=""><td><blank></blank></td><td>6/6</td><td>Secondary WINS server.</td></ip<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	Secondary WINS server.
	address>			

#### 7.4.1 802.1x

Subgroup of **network: ieee8021x** (capability.protocol.ieee8021x > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable/disable IEEE 802.1x
eapmethod	eap-peap, eap-tls	eap-peap	6/6	Selected EAP method
identity_peap	String[64]	<black></black>	6/6	PEAP identity
identity_tls	String[64]	<black></black>	6/6	TLS identity
password	String[200]	<black></black>	6/6	Password for TLS
privatekeypassword	String[200]	<black></black>	6/6	Password for PEAP
ca_exist	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	CA installed flag
ca_time	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	CA installed time. Represented in EPOCH
ca_size	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	CA file size (in bytes)
certificate_exist	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Certificate installed flag (for TLS)
certificate_time	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	Certificate installed time. Represented in EPOCH
certificate_size	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	Certificate file size (in bytes)
privatekey_exist	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Private key installed flag (for TLS)
privatekey_time	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	Private key installed time. Represented in EPOCH
privatekey_size	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	Private key file size (in bytes)

### 7.4.2 QOS

#### Subgroup of **network: qos\_cos** (capability.protocol.qos.cos > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable/disable CoS (IEEE 802.1p)
vlanid	1~4095	1	6/6	VLAN ID
video	0~7	0	6/6	Video channel for CoS
audio	0~7	0	6/6	Audio channel for CoS
				(capability.naudio > 0)
eventalarm	0~7	0	6/6	Event/alarm channel for CoS
management	0~7	0	6/6	Management channel for CoS
eventtunnel	0~7	0	6/6	Event/Control channel for CoS

### Subgroup of **network: qos\_dscp** (capability.protocol.qos.dscp > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable/disable DSCP
video	0~63	0	6/6	Video channel for DSCP
audio	0~63	0	6/6	Audio channel for DSCP
				(capability.naudio > 0)
eventalarm	0~63	0	6/6	Event/alarm channel for DSCP
management	0~63	0	6/6	Management channel for DSCP
eventtunnel	0~63	0	6/6	Event/Control channel for DSCP

### 7.4.3 IPV6

#### Subgroup of **network**: **ipv6** (capability.protocol.ipv6 > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable IPv6.
addonipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	<blank></blank>	6/6	IPv6 IP address.
addonprefixlen	0~128	64	6/6	IPv6 prefix length.
addonrouter	<ip address=""></ip>	<black></black>	6/6	IPv6 router address.
addondns	<ip address=""></ip>	<black></black>	6/6	IPv6 DNS address.
allowoptional	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Allow manually setup of IP
				address setting.

### 7.4.4 FTP

Subgroup of **network**: **ftp** 

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
port	21, 1025~65535	21	6/6	Local ftp server port.

### 7.4.5 HTTP

7.4.5 HITP Subgroup of <b>network</b>	: http			
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	80, 1025 ~ 65535	80	1/6	HTTP port.
alternateport	1025~65535	8080	6/6	Alternate HTTP port.
authmode	basic, digest	basic	1/6	HTTP authentication mode.
s0_accessname	string[32]	video.mjpg	1/6	HTTP server push access name for stream 1. (capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and capability.nmediastream > 0)
s1_accessname	string[32]	video2.mjpg	1/6	HTTP server push access name for stream 2. (capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and capability.nmediastream > 1)
s2_accessname	string[32]	video3.mjpg	1/6	Http server push access name for stream 3 (capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and capability.nmediastream > 2)
anonymousviewing	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/6	Enable anoymous streaming viewing.

### 7.4.6 HTTPS port

Subgroup of **network**: **https** (capability.protocol.https > 0)

NAME VALUE DEFAULT SECURITY DESCRIPTION
---

			(get/set)	
port	443, 1025 ~	443	1/6	HTTPS port.
	65535			

### 7.4.7 RTSP

Subgroup of **network**: **rtsp** (capability.protocol.rtsp > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
port	554, 1025 ~	554	1/6	RTSP port.
	65535			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1)
anonymousviewing	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/6	Enable anoymous streaming
				viewing.
authmode	disable,	disable	1/6	RTSP authentication mode.
	basic,			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1)
	digest			
s0_accessname	string[32]	live.sdp	1/6	RTSP access name for stream1.
				(capability.protocol.rtsp=1 and
				capability.nmediastream > 0)
s1_accessname	string[32]	live2.sdp	1/6	RTSP access name for stream2.
	4			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1 and
				capability.nmediastream > 1)
s2_accessname	string[32]	live3.sdp	1/6	RTSP access name for stream3
				(capability.protocol.rtsp=1 and
				capability.nmediastream > 2)

#### 7.4.7.1 RTSP multicast

Subgroup of **network\_rtsp\_s<0~(n-1)>**: **multicast**, n is stream count

(capability.protocol.rtp.multicast > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
alwaysmulticast	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable always multicast.
ipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	For n=0,	4/4	Multicast IP address.
		239.128.1.99		
		For n=1,		
		239.128.1.100,		
		and so on.		
videoport	1025 ~ 65535	5560+n*2	4/4	Multicast video port.

audioport	1025 ~ 65535	5562+n*2	4/4	Multicast audio port. (capability.naudio > 0)
ttl	1~255	15	4/4	Mutlicast time to live value.

### 7.4.8 RTP port

#### Subgroup of network: rtp

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURIT	DESCRIPTION
			Y	
			(get/set)	
videoport	1025 ~ 65535	5556	6/6	Video channel port for RTP.
				(capability.protocol.rtp_unicast=1)
audioport	1025 ~ 65535	5558	6/6	Audio channel port for RTP.
				(capability.protocol.rtp_unicast=1)

#### **7.4.9 PPPoE**

Subgroup of **network**: **pppoe** (capability.protocol.pppoe > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
user	string[128]	<black></black>	6/6	PPPoE account user name.
pass	password[64]	<black></black>	6/6	PPPoE account password.

### 7.5 IP Filter Group: ipfilter

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable access list filtering.
admin_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable administrator IP
				address.
admin_ip	String[43]	<black></black>	6/6	Administrator IP address.
maxconnection	0~10	10	6/6	Maximum number of
				concurrent streaming
				connection(s).
type	0, 1	1	6/6	Ipfilter policy :
				$0 \Rightarrow allow$
				1 => deny

ipv4list i<0~9>	Single address:	<black></black>	6/6	IPv4 address list.
1 <u> </u>	<ip address=""></ip>			
	Network			
	address: <ip< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></ip<>			
	address /			
	network mask>			
	Range			
	address: <start ip<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></start>			
	address - end ip			
	address>			
ipv6list_i<0~9>	String[43]	<black></black>	6/6	IPv6 address list.
7.6 video input Group: videoin				

## 7.6 video input

### Group: videoin

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
cmosfreq	50, 60	60	4/4	CMOS frequency.
				(capability.videoin.type=2)
whitebalance	auto,	auto	4/4	"auto" indicates auto white
	manual,			balance.
	rbgain			"manual" indicates keep current
				value.
				"rbgain" indicates using rgain
	$\times$			and gbain.
exposurelevel	0~12	6	4/4	Exposure level
color	0, 1	1	4/4	0 =>monochrome
				$1 \Rightarrow color$
flip	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Flip the image.
mirror	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Mirror the image.
imprinttimestamp	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Overlay time stamp on video.

### 7.6.1 video input setting per channel

Group: videoin\_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel products, and m is stream number

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
cmosfreq	50, 60	60	4/4	CMOS frequency.

				(capability.videoin.type=2)
whitebalance	auto,	auto	4/4	"auto" indicates auto white
	manual,			balance.
	rbgain			"manual" indicates keep
				current value.
				"rbgain" indicates using
				rgain and gbain.
rgain	0~100	30	4/4	Manual set rgain value of
				gain control setting.
bgain	0~100	30	4/4	Manual set bgain value of
				gain control setting.
exposurelevel	0~12	6	4/4	Exposure level
wdrc_mode	0~1	0	4/4	WDR enhanced.
				0: off
				1: on
wdrc_strength	0~2	1	4/4	WDR enhanced.
				0: low
				1: medium
				2: high
maxgain	0~100	100	4/4	Manual set maximum gair
				value.
mingain	0~100	0	4/4	Manual set minimum gain
		P		value.
color	0, 1	1	4/4	0 =>monochrome
				$1 \Rightarrow color$
flip	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Flip the image.
mirror	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Mirror the image.
text	string[64]	<black></black>	1/4	Enclose caption.
imprinttimestamp	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Overlay time stamp on
				video.
textonvideo_position	top, bottom	top	4/4	Position of timestamp and
				video title on image
textonvideo_size	15,25,30	15	4/4	Timestamp and video title
				font-size
minexposure	5, 15, 25, 30,	32000	4/4	Minimum exposure time.
	50, 60, 100,			
	120, 240, 250,			
	480, 500, 1000,			

	2000, 4000,			
	8000, 16000,			
	32000			
maxexposure	5, 15, 25, 30,	30	4/4	Maximum exposure time.
	50, 60, 100,			
	120, 240, 250,			
	480, 500, 1000,			
	2000, 4000,			A
	8000, 16000,			
	32000			
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	mjpeg, h264	h264	1/4	Video codec type.
				svc is only supported with
				stream 0.
				2
s<0~(m-1)> resolution	2M CMOS =>	1920x1080	1/4	Video resolution in pixels.
	176x144,			*
	384x216,			
	640x360,			
	1280x720,			
	1360x768,			
	1600x904,			
	1920x1080			
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_intraper	250, 500,	1000	4/4	Intra frame period in
iod	1000, 2000,			milliseconds.
	3000, 4000			
s<0~(m-1)> h264 priority	framerate,	framerate	4/4	The policy to apply when
policy	imagequality			the target bit rate is not
				sufficient to satisfy current
				encoded conditions.
				"framerate" indicates
				frame rate first.
				"imagequality" indicates
				image quality first.
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_ratecontro	cbr, vbr	cbr	4/4	cbr, constant bitrate
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_ratecontro lmode	cbr, vbr	cbr	4/4	cbr, constant bitrate vbr, fix quality
	cbr, vbr 1~5,99, 100	cbr 3	4/4	

$s<0-(m-1)>h264\_qvalue$ $0-51$ $s<0-(m-1)>h264\_dvalue$ $0-51$ $29$ $4/4$	
$1 \rightarrow 100$ Use the quality level in "qpercent" $3 < 0 - (m-1) > h264_qpercent$ $1 \sim 100$ $50$ $4/4$ Set quality by percentage. 1: Worst quality 100: Best quality $(s < 0 - (m-1) > h264_qvalue)$ $s < 0 - (m-1) > h264_qvalue$ $0 - 51$ $29$ $4/4$ Manual video quality level input. $(s < 0 - (m-1) > h264_quant = 100)$ $s < 0 - (m-1) > h264_qvalue$ $0 - 51$ $29$ $4/4$ Manual video quality level input. $(s < 0 - (m-1) > h264_quant = 99)$ $s < 0 - (m-1) > h264_bitrate$ $1000 - 4000000$ 0 $6000000$ $4/4$ Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in "ratecontrolmode". $s < 0 - (m-1) > h264_maxframe$ $1 - 25$ , $15$ $1/4$ Set maximum frame rate in	
$ s<0-(m-1)>h264_qvalue \\ s<0-(m-1)>h264_dqvalue \\ $	
image: sco-(m-1)>_h264_qpercent         1~100         50         4/4         Set quality by percentage. 1: Worst quality 100: Best quality (s<0~(m-1)>_h264_quant = 100)           s<0~(m-1)>_h264_qvalue         0~51         29         4/4         Manual video quality level in input. (s<0~(m-1)>_h264_quant = 99)           s<0~(m-1)>_h264_bitrate         1000~4000000 0         6000000         4/4         Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in "ratecontrolmode".           s<0~(m-1)>_h264_maxframe         1~25,         15         1/4         Set maximum frame rate in	
$s<0~(m-1)>h264_qpercent$ $1~100$ $50$ $4/4$ Set quality by percentage. 1: Worst quality 100: Best quality $(s<0~(m-1)>h264_quant =$ 100) $s<0~(m-1)>h264_qvalue$ $0~51$ $29$ $4/4$ Manual video quality level input. $(s<0~(m-1)>h264_quant =$ 99) $s<0~(m-1)>h264_bitrate$ $1000~4000000$ 0 $6000000$ $4/4$ Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in "ratecontrolmode". $s<0~(m-1)>h264_maxframe$ $1~25$ , $15$ $1/4$ Set maximum frame rate in	
$ s<0~(m-1)>h264\_qpercent \\ s<0~(m-1)>h264\_qpercent \\ -1~100 \\ -1$	
$s<0~(m-1)>h264\_pitrate$ $s<0~(m-1)>h264\_bitrate$ $1~000~4000000$ $6000000$ $4/4$ $Set bit rate in bps when echoosing cbr in "ratecontrolmode".$ $s<0~(m-1)>h264\_maxframe$ $1~25,$ $15$ $1/4$ $1~2~5~1/4$ $1~2~5~1/4$ $1~2~5~1/4$ $1~2~5~1/4$ $1~2~5~1/4$ $1~2~5~1/4$ $1~2~5~1/4$	
$s<0~(m-1)>_h264\_qvalue$ $0~51$ $29$ $4/4$ $Manual video quality level input. (s<0~(m-1)>_h264\_quant = 100)$ $s<0~(m-1)>_h264\_bitrate$ $1000~4000000$ $6000000$ $4/4$ $Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in "ratecontrolmode".$ $s<0~(m-1)>_h264\_maxframe$ $1~25,$ $15$ $1/4$ $Set maximum frame rate in the set maximum frame rate in the $	<0~(m-1)>_h264_qpercent
$s<0~(m-1)>h264_qvalue$ $0~51$ $29$ $4/4$ Manual video quality level input. $(s<0~(m-1)>h264_quant = 100)$ $s<0~(m-1)>h264_bitrate$ $1000~4000000$ $6000000$ $4/4$ Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in "ratecontrolmode". $s<0~(m-1)>h264_maxframe$ $1~25$ , $15$ $1/4$ Set maximum frame rate in	
$s<0~(m-1)>h264\_qvalue$ $0~51$ $29$ $4/4$ Manual video quality level input. $(s<0~(m-1)>h264\_quant =$ 99) $s<0~(m-1)>h264\_bitrate$ $1000~4000000$ 0 $6000000$ $4/4$ Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in "ratecontrolmode". $s<0~(m-1)>h264\_maxframe$ $1~25$ , $15$ $1/4$ Set maximum frame rate in	
$s<0~(m-1)>h264_qvalue = 0~51 = 29 = 4/4 = Manual video quality level input. (s<0~(m-1)>h264_quant = 99)$ $s<0~(m-1)>h264_bitrate = 1000~4000000 = 6000000 = 4/4 = Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in choosing cbr in in irratecontrolmode".$ $s<0~(m-1)>h264_maxframe = 1~25, = 15 = 1/4 = Set maximum frame rate in irratecontrolmode = 10000 = 1000 = 10000 = 10000 = 10000 = 10000 = 10000 = 10000 = 10000 = 10000 = 10000 = 10000 = 100000 = 100000 = 100000 = 100000 = 1000000 = 100000 = 1000000 = 1000000 = 10000000 = 10000000 = 10000000 = 10000000 = 10000000 = 100000000$	
$s<0~(m-1)>h264\_maxframe$ $1~25,$ $15$ $1/4$ $1~25,$ $1^{n-1}$ $1$	
$ s<0~(m-1)>_h264\_bitrate $ 1000~4000000 600000 4/4 Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in "ratecontrolmode". $s<0~(m-1)>_h264\_maxframe $ 1~25, 15 1/4 Set maximum frame rate in brain the set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in "ratecontrolmode". $s<0~(m-1)>_h264\_maxframe $ 1~25, 15 1/4 Set maximum frame rate in brain the set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in "ratecontrolmode".	<0~(m-1)>_h264_qvalue
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_bitrate         1000~4000000         6000000         4/4         Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in "ratecontrolmode".           s<0~(m-1)>_h264_maxframe         1~25,         15         1/4         Set maximum frame rate in the set maximum frame rate i	
$s<0~(m-1)>h264\_bitrate$ $1000~4000000$ $0$ $4/4$ Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in "ratecontrolmode". $s<0~(m-1)>h264\_maxframe$ $1~25,$ $15$ $1/4$ Set maximum frame rate in bps when choosing cbr in "ratecontrolmode".	
$0$ $s<0~(m-1)>_h264\_maxframe$ $1~25,$ $15$ $1/4$ $b t maximum frame rate interval in the second se$	
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_maxframe     1~25,     15     1/4     Set maximum frame rate in	<0~(m-1)>_h264_bitrate
$s<0~(m-1)>h264_max$ frame $1~25$ , $15$ $1/4$ Set maximum frame rate in	
26~30 (only for fps (for h264).	<0~(m-1)>_h264_maxframe
NTSC or 60Hz	
CMOS)	
$s<0~(m-1)>h264_profile$ $0~2$ 1 1/4 Indicate H264 profiles	<0~(m-1)>_h264_profile
0: baseline	
1: main profile	
2: high profile	
$s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_priorit$ framerate, framerate $4/4$ The policy to apply when	<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_priorit
ypolicy imagequality the target bit rate is not	policy
sufficient to satisfy curre	
encoded conditions.	
"framerate" indicates	
frame rate first.	
"imagequality" indicates	
image quality first.	
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_rateco cbr, vbr vbr 4/4 cbr, constant bitrate	
ntrolmode vbr, fix quality	<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_rateco
$s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_quant$ 1~5,99, 100 3 4/4 Quality of video when	trolmode

	_		_	
				"ratecontrolmode".
				1 = worst quality, $5 = $ best
				quality.
				100: Use the quality level in
				"qpercent"
				99: Use the quality level in
				"qvalue"
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_maxfram	1~25,	10	1/4	Set maximum frame rate in
e	26~30 (only for			fps (for JPEG).
	NTSC or 60Hz			
	CMOS)			
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_qvalue	10~200	49	4/4	Manual video quality level
				input.
				(s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_quant =
				0)
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_qpercent	1~100	50	4/4	Set quality by percentage.
				1: Worst quality
				100: Best quality
				(s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_quant =
		<u>rv</u>		100)
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_bitrate	1000~400000	14000000	4/4	Set bit rate in bps when
	00			choosing cbr in
				"ratecontrolmode".
s<0~(m-1)>_forcei	1	N/A	7/6	Force I frame.
flickerless	0~1	0	4/4	Turn on(1) or turn off(0) the
				flickerless mode

# 7.6.1.1 Alternative video input profiles per channel

In addition to the primary setting of video input, there can be alternative profile video input setting for each channel which might be for different scene of light (daytime or nighttime).

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable/disable this profile setting
policy	schedule	schedule	4/4	The mode which the profile is
				applied to.
begintime	hh:mm	18:00	4/4	Begin time of schedule mode.

Group: videoin\_profile\_i<0~(m-1)> (capability. nvideoinprofile > 0)

hh:mm	06:00	4/4	End time of schedule mode.
5, 15, 25, 30, 50,	32000	4/4	Minimum exposure time.
60, 100, 120,			
240, 250, 480,			
500, 1000, 2000,			
4000, 8000,			
16000, 32000			
5, 15, 25, 30, 50,	30	4/4	Maximum exposure time.
60, 100, 120,			
240, 250, 480,			
500, 1000, 2000,			
4000, 8000,			
16000, 32000			
0~12	6	4/4	Exposure level
0~100	100	4/4	Manual set maximum gain value.
0~100	0	4/4	Manual set minimum gain value.
auto,	auto	4/4	"auto" indicates auto white
manual,			balance.
rbgain			"manual" indicates keep
			current value.
			"rbgain" indicates using rgain
			and gbain.
0~100	30	4/4	Manual set rgain value of gain
			control setting.
0~100	30	4/4	Manual set bgain value of gain
			control setting.
0~1	0	4/4	Turn on(1) of turn off(0) the
			flickerless mode
	5, 15, 25, 30, 50, 60, 100, 120, 240, 250, 480, 500, 1000, 2000, 4000, 8000, 16000, 32000 5, 15, 25, 30, 50, 60, 100, 120, 240, 250, 480, 500, 1000, 2000, 4000, 8000, 16000, 32000 0~12 0~100 0~100 auto, manual, rbgain 0~100 0~100	5, 15, 25, 30, 50,       32000         60, 100, 120,       240, 250, 480,         500, 1000, 2000,       4000, 8000,         16000, 32000       5, 15, 25, 30, 50,         5, 15, 25, 30, 50,       30         60, 100, 120,       240, 250, 480,         500, 1000, 2000,       4000, 8000,         16000, 32000	5, 15, 25, 30, 50, 60, 100, 120, 240, 250, 480, 500, 1000, 2000, 4000, 8000, 16000, 32000       32000       4/4         5, 15, 25, 30, 50, 60, 100, 120, 240, 250, 480, 500, 1000, 2000, 4000, 8000, 16000, 32000       30       4/4         0~12       6       4/4         0~100       0       4/4         0~100       100       4/4         0~100       30       4/4         0~100       30       4/4

# 7.7 image setting per channel

Group: image\_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
brightness	-5 ~ 5	0	4/4	Adjust brightness of image
				according to mode settings.
saturation	-5 ~ 5, 100	100	4/4	Adjust saturation of image
				according to mode settings.

contrast	-5 ~ 5	0	4/4	Adjust contrast of image according
contrast	-5, - 5	0	-7/	
				to mode settings.
sharpness	-3 ~ 3, 100	100	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image
				according to mode settings.
saturationpercent	0~100	50	4/4	Adjust saturation of image by
				percentage.
				Less 0 <-> 100 More saturation
sharpnesspercent	0~100	50	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image by
				percentage.
				Softer 0 <-> 100 Sharper
gammacurve	0, 45, 50, 60,	0	4/4	Gamma curve.
	70, 80, 90, 100			
lowlightmode	<boolean></boolean>	1	4/4	Enable/disable low light mode.

# 7.8 Audio input per channel

Group: **audioin\_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products (capability.audioin>0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
source	linein	linein	4/4	linein => use built-in
				microphone input.
mute	0, 1	0	1/4	Enable audio mute.
gain	0~100	65	4/4	Gain of input.
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	g711, g726	g711	4/4	Set audio codec type for input.
s<0~(m-1)>_g711_mode	pcmu,	pcmu	4/4	Set G.711 mode.
	pcma			
s<0~(m-1)>_g726_bitrate	16000,	32000	4/4	Set G.726 bitrate in bps.
	24000,			
	32000,			
	40000			
s<0~(m-1)>_g726	little, big	little	4/4	Set G.726 bit streaming packing
_bitstreampackingmode				mode
s<0~(m-1)>_g726	0, 1	0	4/4	Enable vlcmode for G.726
_vlcmode				
alarm_enable	0, 1	0	4/4	Enable audio detection
alarm_level	1~100	50	4/4	Audio detection alarm level

### 7.9 Time Shift settings

Group: **timeshift**, c for n channel products, m is stream number (capability.timeshift > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAUL	SECURIT	DESCRIPTION
		Т	Y	
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable time shift streaming.
c<0~(n-1)>_s<0~(	<boolean></boolean>	1	4/4	Enable time shift streaming for
m-1)>_allow				specific stream.

## 7.10 Motion detection settings

#### Group: **motion\_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable motion detection.
win_i<0~2>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable motion window 1~3.
win_i<0~2>_name	string[14]	<blank></blank>	4/4	Name of motion window 1~3.
win_i<0~2>_left	0~320	0	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~2>_top	0~240	0	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~2>_width	0~320	0	4/4	Width of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_height	0~240	0	4/4	Height of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_objsize	0~100	0	4/4	Percent of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_sensitivity	0~100	0	4/4	Sensitivity of motion detection window.

Group: **motion\_c<0~(n-1)>\_profile** for m profile and n channel product (capability.nmotionprofile > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
i<0~(m-1)>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable profile 1 ~
				(m-1).
i<0~(m-1)>_policy	schedule	schedule	4/4	The mode which the

				profile is applied to.
i<0~(m-1)>_begintime	hh:mm	18:00	4/4	Begin time of
				schedule mode.
i<0~(m-1)>_endtime	hh:mm	06:00	4/4	End time of
				schedule mode.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~4>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable motion
				window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~4>_name	string[14]	<black></black>	4/4	Name of motion
				window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~4>_left	0~320	0	4/4	Left coordinate of
				window position.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~4>_top	0~240	0	4/4	Top coordinate of
				window position.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~4>_width	0~320	0	4/4	Width of motion
			A	detection window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~4>_height	$0 \sim 240$	0	4/4	Height of motion
				detection window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~4>_objsize	0~100	0	4/4	Percent of motion
				detection window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~4>_sensitivity	0~100	0	4/4	Sensitivity of
				motion detection
				window.

# 7.11 Tampering detection settings

Group: **tampering\_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product (capability.tampering > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable or disable tamper detection.
threshold	0~255	32	1/7	Threshold of tamper detection.
duration	10 ~ 600	10	4/4	If tampering value exceeds the 'threshold' for
				more than 'duration' second(s), then tamper
				detection is triggered.

# 7.12 **DDNS**

#### Group: **ddns** (capability.ddns > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable the dynamic DNS.
provider	Safe100,	DyndnsDy	6/6	Safe100 => safe100.net
	DyndnsDynamic,	namic		DyndnsDynamic => dyndns.org
	DyndnsCustom,			(dynamic)
	CustomSafe100			DyndnsCustom => dyndns.org
				(custom)
				CustomSafe100 =>
				Custom server using safe100 method
<provider>_h</provider>	string[128]	<black></black>	6/6	Your DDNS hostname.
ostname			C	
<provider>_use</provider>	string[64]	<black></black>	6/6	Your user name or email to login to
rnameemail				the DDNS service provider
<provider>_pas</provider>	string[64]	<black></black>	6/6	Your password or key to login to the
swordkey				DDNS service provider.
<provider>_ser</provider>	string[128]	<black></black>	6/6	The server name for safe100.
vername				(This field only exists if the provider
				is customsafe100)

## 7.12.1 Express link

Group:expresslink						
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION		
			(get/set)			
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable express link.		
state	onlycheck,	<blank></blank>	6/6	"onlycheck" : You have to input the		
	onlyoffline,			host name of your camera and press		
	checkonline,			"Register" button to register it.		
	badnetwork			"onlyoffline": Express link is		
				active, you can now connect to this		
				camera at expresslink_url.		
				"checkonline" : Express link is not		
				active.		
				"badnetwork" : Express Link is not		

				supported under this network environment.
url	string[64]	<blank></blank>	6/6	The URL to connect to this camera by express link.

## 7.13 UPnP presentation

#### Group: upnppresentation

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	1	6/6	Enable or disable the UPnP
				presentation service.

## 7.14 UPnP port forwarding

#### Group: upnpportforwarding

erenp: apapper tier	8			
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable the UPnP port
				forwarding service.
upnpnatstatus	0~3	0	6/7	The status of UPnP port forwarding,
				used internally.
				0 = OK, $1 = FAIL$ , $2 = no IGD$
				router, $3 = no$ need for port
				forwarding

## 7.15 System log

### Group: syslog

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enableremotelog	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable remote log.
serverip	<ip address=""></ip>	<black></black>	6/6	Log server IP address.
serverport	514, 1025~65535	514	6/6	Server port used for log.

level	0~7	6	6/6	Levels used to distinguish the
		Ũ	0/0	importance of the information:
				0: LOG_EMERG
				_
				1: LOG_ALERT
				2: LOG_CRIT
				3: LOG_ERR
				4: LOG_WARNING
				5: LOG_NOTICE
				6: LOG_INFO
				7: LOG_DEBUG
setparamlevel	0~2	0	6/6	Show log of parameter
				setting.
				0: disable
				1: Show log of parameter
				setting set from external.
				2. Show log of parameter
				setting set from external
				and internal.
		C		
7.16 SNMP				
Group: spmp (appa)	(1)			

## 7.16 SNMP

### Group: **snmp** (capability.snmp > 0)

Group: <b>snmp</b> (capability.snmp > 0)						
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION		
			(get/set)			
v2	0~1	0	6/6	SNMP v2 enabled. 0 for disable, 1		
				for enable		
v3	0~1	0	6/6	SNMP v3 enabled. 0 for disable, 1		
				for enable		
secnamerw	string[31]	Private	6/6	Read/write security name		
secnamero	string[31]	Public	6/6	Read only security name		
authpwrw	string[8~128]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Read/write authentication password		
authpwro	string[8~128]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Read only authentication password		
authtyperw	MD5,SHA	MD5	6/6	Read/write authentication type		
authtypero	MD5,SHA	MD5	6/6	Read only authentication type		
encryptpwrw	string[8~128]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Read/write passwrd		
encryptpwro	string[8~128]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Read only password		

encrypttyperw	DES	<black></black>	6/6	Read/write encryption type
encrypttypero	DES	<blank></blank>	6/6	Read only encryption type
rwcommunity	string[31]	Private	6/6	Read/write community
rocommunity	string[31]	Public	6/6	Ready only community

# 7.17 Layout configuration

### Group: layout

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURIT	DESCRIPTION
			Y	
			(get/set)	
logo_default	<boolean></boolean>	1	1/6	0 => Custom logo
				1 => Default logo
logo_link	string[128]	http://www.	1/6	Hyperlink of the logo
		vivotek.co		
		<u>m</u>		
logo_powerbyvvtk_hidden	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/6	$0 \Rightarrow$ display the power by
				vivotek logo
				1 => hide the power by vivotek
				logo
theme_option	1~4	1	1/6	$1 \sim 3$ : One of the default themes.
				4: Custom definition.
theme_color_font	string[7]	#000000	1/6	Font color
theme_color_configfont	string[7]	#ffffff	1/6	Font color of configuration
				area.
theme_color_titlefont	string[7]	#098bd6	1/6	Font color of video title.
theme_color_controlbackgroun	string[7]	#c4eaff	1/6	Background color of control
d				area.
theme_color_configbackground	string[7]	#0186d1	1/6	Background color of
				configuration area.
theme_color_videobackground	string[7]	#c4eaff	1/6	Background color of video area.
theme_color_case	string[7]	#0186d1	1/6	Frame color
custombutton_manualtrigger_s	<boolean></boolean>	1	1/6	Show or hide manual trigger
how				(VI) button in homepage
				0 -> Hidden
				1 -> Visible

## 7.18 Privacy mask

Group: privacymask c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable privacy mask.
win_i<0~4>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable privacy mask
				window.
win_i<0~4>_name	string[14]	<black></black>	4/4	Name of the privacy mask
				window.
win_i<0~4>_left	0~320/352	0	4/4	Left coordinate of window
				position.
win_i<0~4>_top	$0 \sim 240/288$	0	4/4	Top coordinate of window
				position.
win_i<0~4>_width	0~320/352	0	4/4	Width of privacy mask
			616	window.
win_i<0~4>_height	0~240/288	0	4/4	Height of privacy mask
				window.

G

# 7.19 Capability

#### Group: capability

7.19 Capability				
Group: capability				
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
api_httpversion	0300a	0300a	0/7	The HTTP API version.
bootuptime	<positive< td=""><td>60</td><td>0/7</td><td>Server bootup time.</td></positive<>	60	0/7	Server bootup time.
	integer>			
nir	0,	0	0/7	Number of IR interfaces.
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>(Recommand to use ir for</td></positive<>			(Recommand to use ir for
	integer>			built-in IR and extir for
				external IR)
npir	0,	0	0/7	Number of PIRs.
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></positive<>			
	integer>			
ndi	0,	0	0/7	Number of digital inputs.
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></positive<>			
	integer>			
nvi	0,	3	0/7	Number of virtual inputs

	<positive< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>(manual trigger)</th></positive<>			(manual trigger)
	integer>			
ndo	0,	0	0/7	Number of digital outputs.
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></positive<>			
	integer>			
naudioin	0,	1	0/7	Number of audio inputs.
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></positive<>			
	integer>			
naudioout	0,	0	0/7	Number of audio outputs.
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></positive<>			
	integer>			
nvideoin	<positive< td=""><td>1</td><td>0/7</td><td>Number of video inputs.</td></positive<>	1	0/7	Number of video inputs.
	integer>			
nvideoinprofile	<positive< td=""><td>1</td><td>0/7</td><td>Number of video input</td></positive<>	1	0/7	Number of video input
	integer>			profiles.
nmediastream	<positive< td=""><td>3</td><td>0/7</td><td>Number of media stream</td></positive<>	3	0/7	Number of media stream
	integer>			per channels.
naudiosetting	<positive< td=""><td>1</td><td>0/7</td><td>Number of audio settings</td></positive<>	1	0/7	Number of audio settings
	integer>			per channel.
nuart	0,	0	0/7	Number of UART
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>interfaces.</td></positive<>			interfaces.
	integer>			
nmotion	0, <positive< td=""><td>3</td><td>0/7</td><td>Number of motion</td></positive<>	3	0/7	Number of motion
	integer>			window.
nmotionprofile	0, <positive< td=""><td>1</td><td>0/7</td><td>Number of motion</td></positive<>	1	0/7	Number of motion
	integer>			profiles.
ptzenabled	0, <positive< td=""><td>0</td><td>0/7</td><td>An 32-bit integer, each bit</td></positive<>	0	0/7	An 32-bit integer, each bit
	integer>			can be set separately as
				follows:
				Bit 0 => Support camera
				control function;
				0(not support), 1(support)
				Bit 1 => Built-in or
				external video source;
				0(external), 1(built-in)
				Bit 2 => Support pan
				operation, 0(not support),
				1(support)
				Bit 3 => Support tilt

				operation; 0(not support),
				1(support)
				Bit 4 => Support zoom
				operation;
				0(not support), 1(support)
				Bit 5 => Support focus
				operation;
				0(not support), 1(support)
				Bit 6 => Support iris
				operation;
				0(not support), 1(support)
				Bit 7 => External or
				built-in PT; 0(built-in),
				1(external)
				Bit 8 => Invalidate bit 1 ~
				7;
				0(bit $1 \sim 7$ are valid),
		<b>S</b>		1(bit 1 ~ 7 are invalid)
				Bit $9 \Rightarrow$ Reserved bit,
		$\Gamma$		always 1.
				Examples:
				PT8133: 0b1111
				SD8362: 0b111111
				VS8102: 0b10111101
windowless	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
$\sim$				support windowless
				plug-in.
eptz	0, <positive< td=""><td>1</td><td>0/7</td><td>A 32-bit integer, each bit</td></positive<>	1	0/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit
	integer>			can be set separately as
				follows:
				Bit 0 => stream 1 supports
				ePTZ or not.
				Bit 1 => stream 2 supports
				ePTZ or not.
				The rest may be deduced
				by analogy
remotefocus	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
	e e o rouir	-	<i></i>	support
				remote focus function.
L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		

npreset	0, <positive< td=""><td>20</td><td>0/7</td><td>Number of preset</td></positive<>	20	0/7	Number of preset
	integer>			locations.
protocol_https	< boolean >	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support HTTP over SSL.
protocol_rtsp	< boolean >	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support RTSP.
protocol_sip	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support SIP.
protocol_maxconnection	<positive< td=""><td>10</td><td>0/7</td><td>The maximum allowed</td></positive<>	10	0/7	The maximum allowed
	integer>			simultaneous connections.
protocol maxgenconnection	<positive< td=""><td>10</td><td>0/7</td><td>The maximum general</td></positive<>	10	0/7	The maximum general
	integer>			streaming connections.
protocol rtp multicast	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
scalable		1	0/7	support scalable multicast.
	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
protocol_rtp_multicast_ backchannel		1	0/ /	
backchannel			K	support backchannel
			0/7	multicast.
protocol_rtp_tcp	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support RTP over TCP.
protocol_rtp_http	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support RTP over HTTP.
protocol_spush_mjpeg	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support server push
				MJPEG.
protocol_snmp	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
	, i			support SNMP.
protocol_ipv6	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support IPv6.
protocol_pppoe	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support PPPoE.
protocol_ieee8021x	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support IEEE802.1x.
protocol_qos_cos	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support CoS.
protocol_qos_dscp	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support QoS/DSCP.
protocol ddns	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support DDNS.
	1	1	L	**

Г	T	1	1	
videoin_type	0, 1, 2	2	0/7	$0 \Rightarrow$ Interlaced CCD
				1 => Progressive CCD
				2 => CMOS
videoin_resolution	<a list="" of<="" td=""><td>176x144,</td><td>0/7</td><td>Available resolutions list.</td></a>	176x144,	0/7	Available resolutions list.
	available	384x216,		
	resolution	640x360,		
	separated	1280x720,		
	by	1360x768,		
	commas>	1600x904,		
		1920x1080		
videoin_nresolution	< number	7	0/7	Available resolutions list.
	of available			
	resolution			
	list>			
videoin_maxframerate	<a list="" of<="" td=""><td>30,30,30,</td><td>0/7</td><td>Available maximum frame</td></a>	30,30,30,	0/7	Available maximum frame
	available	30,15,15,		list.
	maximum	15		
	frame rate			
	separated			
	by			
	commas>			
vidagin minag may framarata	<a list="" of<="" td=""><td>20 20 20</td><td>0/7</td><td>Available maximum frame</td></a>	20 20 20	0/7	Available maximum frame
videoin_mjpeg_maxframerate		30,30,30,	0/ /	
	available	30,15,15,		list.
	maximum	15		
	frame rate			
	separated			
	by			
	commas>			

		I		
videoin_h264_maxframerate	<a list="" of<="" td=""><td>30,30,30,</td><td>0/7</td><td>Available maximum frame</td></a>	30,30,30,	0/7	Available maximum frame
	available	30,15,15,		list.
	maximum	15		
	frame rate			
	separated			
	by			
	commas>			
videoin_streamcodec	< 1 ~ 15,	6,6,6	0/7	Available stream
	1~15,			codectype (Bit 0 ->
	1~15 (3			mpeg4, Bit 1 -> mjpeg,
	streams) >			Bit 2 -> h264, Bit 3 ->
	<product< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>svc).</td></product<>			svc).
	dependent>			
videoin_fov	<a list="" of<="" td=""><td>1920x1080</td><td>0/7</td><td>Available crop size list.</td></a>	1920x1080	0/7	Available crop size list.
	available			
	crop size			
	separated			
	by			
	commas>			
videoin_codec	mjpeg,	mjpeg,h264	0/7	Available codec list.
	h264	njpog,nzo i	0/ /	
videoin_flexiblebitrate	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
	sooolean	1	0/ /	support flexible bitrate.
videoout codec	<a list="" of<="" td=""><td>-</td><td>0/7</td><td>Available codec list.</td></a>	-	0/7	Available codec list.
	the		0/ /	
	available			
	codec types			
	separated			
	by			
	commas)			
timeshift	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
timesint		1	0/ /	
				support time shift caching
audia aga	<pre></pre>	0	0/7	stream. Indicate whether to
audio_aec	<boolean></boolean>	U	0/ /	
				support acoustic echo
1	4 1 .	1	0/7	cancellation.
audio_mic	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support built-in
				microphone input.

	1			
audio_extmic	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support external
				microphone input.
audio_linein	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support external line input.
				(It will be replaced by
				audio_mic and
				audio_extmic.)
audio_lineout	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support line output.
audio_headphoneout	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support headphone output.
audioin_codec	g711, g726	g711, g726	0/7	Available codec list for
_				audio input.
uart_httptunnel	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
_ 1				support HTTP tunnel for
				UART transfer.
camctrl_httptunnel	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	The attribute indicates
_ 1				whether sending camera
		CO		control commands through
				HTTP tunnel is supported.
				0: Not supported
				1: Supported
camctrl_privilege	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
cumeni_privilege	ooolean	1		support "Manage
				Privilege" of PTZ control
				in the Security page.
				1: support both
				**
				/cgi-bin/camctrl/camctrl.c
				gi and
				/cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cg
				0: support only
				/cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cg
transmission_mode	Tx,	Тх	0/7	Indicate transmission
	Rx,			mode of the machine: TX
	Both			= server, $Rx =$ receiver
				box, Both = $DVR$ .
1	I		1	

	1	1		
network_wire	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support Ethernet.
network_wireless	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support wireless.
wireless_s802dot11b	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support wireless
				802.11b+.
wireless_s802dot11g	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support wireless 802.11g.
wireless_beginchannel	1~14	NULL	0/7	Indicate the begin channel
				of wireless network
wireless_endchannel	1~14	NULL	0/7	Indicate the end channel
				of wireless network
wireless_encrypt_wep	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support wireless WEP.
wireless_encrypt_wpa	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support wireless WPA.
wireless_encrypt_wpa2	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support wireless WPA2.
derivative_brand	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support the upgrade
				function for the derivative
				brand. For example, if the
	$\langle \rangle$			value is true, the VVTK
				product can be upgraded
				to VVXX.
				(TCVV<->TCXX is
				excepted)
evctrlchannel	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support HTTP tunnel for
				event/control transfer.
joystick	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
-				support joystick control.
storage_dbenabled	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Media files are indexed in
				database.
nanystream	0, <positive< td=""><td>0</td><td>0/7</td><td>number of any media</td></positive<>	0	0/7	number of any media
	integer>			stream per channel
iva	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support Intelligent Video
L	1	1	1	

				analysis
ir	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support built-in IR led.
extir	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support external IR led.
whitelight	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support white light led.
iris	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support iris control.
tampering	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support tampering
				detection.
temperature	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support temperature
				detection.
version_onvifdaemon	<string></string>	1.7.1.12	0/7	Indicate ONVIF daemon
				version
version_onvifevent	<string></string>	1.1.0.10	0/7	Indicate ONVIF event
				version
media_totalspace	<positive< td=""><td>20000</td><td>0/7</td><td>Available memory space</td></positive<>	20000	0/7	Available memory space
	integer>			(KB) for media.
media_snapshot_sizepersecond	<positive< td=""><td>500</td><td>0/7</td><td>Maximum size (KB) of</td></positive<>	500	0/7	Maximum size (KB) of
	integer>			one snapshot image.
media_snapshot_maxpreevent	<positive< td=""><td>7</td><td>0/7</td><td>Maximum snapshot</td></positive<>	7	0/7	Maximum snapshot
	integer>			number before event
	Ť			occurred.
media_snapshot_maxpostevent	<positive< td=""><td>7</td><td>0/7</td><td>Maximum snapshot</td></positive<>	7	0/7	Maximum snapshot
	integer>			number after event
				occurred.
media_videoclip_maxsize	<positive< td=""><td>4096</td><td>0/7</td><td>Maximum size (KB) of a</td></positive<>	4096	0/7	Maximum size (KB) of a
	integer>			videoclip.
media_videoclip_maxlength	<positive< td=""><td>20</td><td>0/7</td><td>Maximum length (second)</td></positive<>	20	0/7	Maximum length (second)
	integer>			of a videoclip.
media_videoclip_maxpreevent	<positive< td=""><td>9</td><td>0/7</td><td>Maximum duration</td></positive<>	9	0/7	Maximum duration
	integer>			(second) after event
				occurred in a videoclip.
image_wdrc	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support WDRC

image_iristype	<string></string>	dciris	0/7	Indicate iris type.
image_ focusassist	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support focus assist.
localstorage_manageable	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether
				manageable local
				storage is supported.
localstorage_seamless	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether
				seamless recording is
				supported.
localstorage_modnum	0,	4	0/7	The maximum MOD
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>connection numbers.</td></positive<>			connection numbers.
	integer>			
localstorage_slconnum	0,	1	0/7	The maximum seamless
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>connection number.</td></positive<>			connection number.
	integer>			
adaptiverecording	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support adaptive
				recording.
adaptivestreaming	<boolean></boolean>		0/7	Indicate whether to
				support adaptive
				streaming.
supportsd	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support local storage.
remotecamctrl_master	0,	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>support remote auxiliary</td></positive<>			support remote auxiliary
	integer>			camera (master side),
				this value means
				supporting max number
	1 1 .		0/7	of auxiliary camera.
remotecamctrl_slave	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to
				support remote camera
C 1	4 1 >		0/7	control (slave side).
fisheye	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate where fisheye
vodn	(no siti	7	0/7	camera
vadp	<pre><positive integer=""></positive></pre>	7	0/7	An 32-bit integer, each
	integer>			bit can be set separately
				as follows: $P_{it} 0 \rightarrow VADP$
				Bit 0 => VADP interface
				interface

	Bit 1 => Capture video
	raw data
	Bit 2 => Support encode
	jpeg
	Bit 3 => Capture audio
	raw data
	Bit 4 => Support event
	trigger
	Bit 5 => Support license
	registration
	Bit 6 => Support shared
	memory API

### 7.20 Customized event script

### Group: event customtaskfile i<0~2>

7.20 Customize			Xer i	
Group: event_customta	_	Default	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
PARAMETER	VALUE	Delaun	(get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	NULL	6/6	Custom script identification of this
				entry.
date	string[20]	NULL	6/6	Date of custom script.
time	string[20]	NULL	6/6	Time of custom script.

# 7.21 Event setting

Group: event\_i<0~2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
name	string[40]	NULL	6/6	Identification of this entry.
enable	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable or disable this event.
priority	0, 1, 2	1	6/6	Indicate the priority of this event:
				"0" = low priority
				"1" = normal priority
				"2" = high priority
delay	1~999	20	6/6	Delay in seconds before detecting the
				next event.

trigger	boot,	boot	6/6	Indicate the trigger condition:
	motion,			"boot" = System boot
	seq,			"motion" = Video motion detection
	recnotify,			"seq" = Periodic condition
	tampering,			"recnotify" = Recording notification.
	vi,			"tampering" = Tamper detection.
	volalarm			"vi"= Virtual input (Manual trigger)
				"volalarm" = Audio detection.
triggerstatus	String[40]	triggerstatus	6/6	The status for event trigger
vi	<integer></integer>	0	6/6	Indicate the source id of vi trigger.
				This field is required when trigger
				condition is "vi".
				One bit represents one digital input.
				The LSB indicates VI 0.
mdwin	<integer></integer>	0	6/6	Indicate the source window id of
			(	motion detection.
				This field is required when trigger
				condition is "md".
				One bit represents one window.
		C	$\mathbf{N}$	The LSB indicates the 1 <sup>st</sup> window.
				For example, to detect the $1^{st}$ and $3^{rd}$
				windows, set mdwin as 5.
mdwin0	<integer></integer>	0	6/6	Similar to mdwin. The parameter
				takes effect when profile 1 of motion
				detection is enabled.
inter	1~999	1	6/6	Interval of snapshots in minutes.
				This field is used when trigger
				condition is "seq".

weekday	0~127	127	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled.
				One bit represents one weekday.
				bit0 (LSB) = Saturday
				bit1 = Friday
				bit2 = Thursday
				bit3 = Wednesday
				bit4 = Tuesday
				bit5 = Monday
				bit6 = Sunday
				For example, to detect events on
				Friday and Sunday, set weekday as
				66.
begintime	hh:mm	00:00	6/6	Begin time of the weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	24:00	6/6	End time of the weekly schedule.
				$(00:00 \sim 24:00 \text{ sets schedule as})$
			<u> </u>	always on)
action_cf_enable	0. 1	0	6/6	Enable media write on CF or other
				local storage media
action_cf_folder	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Path to store media.
action_cf_media	NULL, 0~4	NULL	6/6	Index of the attached media.
action_cf_datefolder	<boolean></boolean>	1	6/6	Enable this to create folders by date,
				time, and hour automatically.
action_cf_backup	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable the capability of backing up
				recorded files to the SD card when
				network is lost.
				0: Disabled
				1: Enabled
action_server_i<0~4>_en	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable or disable this server action.
able				
action_server_i<0~4>_m	NULL, 0~4	NULL	6/6	Index of the attached media.
edia				
action_server_i<0~4>_da	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable this to create folders by date,
tefolder				time, and hour automatically.

# 7.22 Server setting for event action

### Group: server\_i<0~4>

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
name	string[40]	NULL	6/6	Identification of this entry
type	email,	email	6/6	Indicate the server type:
	ftp,			"email" = email server
	http,			"ftp" = FTP server
	ns			"http" = HTTP server
				"ns" = network storage
http_url	string[128]	http://	6/6	URL of the HTTP server to upload.
http_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
http_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Password of the user.
ftp_address	string[128]	NULL	6/6	FTP server address.
ftp_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
ftp_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Password of the user.
ftp_port	0~65535	21	6/6	Port to connect to the server.
ftp_location	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Location to upload or store the media.
ftp_passive	0, 1	1	6/6	Enable or disable passive mode.
				0 = disable passive mode
				1 = enable passive mode
email_address	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Email server address.
email_sslmode	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable support SSL.
email_port	0~65535	25	6/6	Port to connect to the server.
email_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
email_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Password of the user.
email_senderemail	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Email address of the sender.
email_recipientemail	string[640]	NULL	6/6	Email address of the recipient.
ns_location	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Location to upload or store the media.
ns_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
ns_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Password of the user.
ns_workgroup	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Workgroup for network storage.

# 7.23 Media setting for event action

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
name	string[40]	NULL	6/6	Identification of this entry
type	snapshot,	snapshot	6/6	Media type to send to the server or
	systemlog,			store on the server.
	videoclip,			
	recordmsg			
snapshot_source	$0 \sim 2$	0	6/6	Indicate the source of media
				stream.
				0 means the first stream.
				1 means the second stream and etc.
			C \	2 means the third stream and etc.
snapshot_prefix	string[16]	NULL	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
snapshot_datesuffix	0, 1	0	6/6	Add date and time suffix to
			()	filename:
			Y	1 = Add date and time suffix.
				0 = Do not add.
snapshot_preevent	0~7	1	6/6	Indicates the number of pre-event
				images.
snapshot_postevent	0~7	1	6/6	The number of post-event images.
videoclip_source	$0 \sim 2$	0	6/6	Indicate the source of media
		·		stream.
. (				0 means the first stream.
				1 means the second stream and etc.
				2 means the third stream and etc.
				3 means the fourth stream and etc.
videoclip_prefix	string[16]	NULL	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
videoclip_preevent	0~9	0	6/6	Indicates the time for pre-event
				recording in seconds.
videoclip_maxduration	1~20	5	6/6	Maximum duration of one video
				clip in seconds.
videoclip_maxsize	50~4096	500	6/6	Maximum size of one video clip
				file in Kbytes.

Group: **media\_i<0~4>** (media\_freespace is used internally.)

# 7.24 Recording

Group: **recording\_i**<0~1>

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
name	string[40]	NULL	6/6	Identification of this entry.
enable	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable or disable this recording.
priority	0, 1, 2	1	6/6	Indicate the priority of this recording: "0" indicates low priority. "1" indicates normal priority. "2" indicates high priority.
source	0~2	0	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream. 0 means the first stream. 1 means the second stream and so on.
limitsize	0,1	0	6/6	0: Entire free space mechanism 1: Limit recording size mechanism
cyclic	0,1	0	6/6	0: Disable cyclic recording 1: Enable cyclic recording
notify	0,1	1	6/6	0: Disable recording notification 1: Enable recording notification
notifyserver	0~31	0	6/6	Indicate which notification server is scheduled. One bit represents one application server (server_i0~i4). bit0 (LSB) = server_i0. bit1 = server_i1. bit2 = server_i2. bit3 = server_i3. bit4 = server_i4. For example, enable server_i0, server_i2, and server_i4 as notification servers; the notifyserver value is 21.

weekday	0~127	127	6/6	Indicate which weekday is
weekday	0-127	127	0/0	scheduled.
				One bit represents one weekday.
				bit0 (LSB) = Saturday
				bit1 = Friday
				bit2 = Thursday
				bit3 = Wednesday
				bit4 = Tuesday
				bit5 = Monday
				bit6 = Sunday
				For example, to detect events on
				Friday and Sunday, set weekday as
				66.
begintime	hh:mm	00:00	6/6	Start time of the weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	24:00	6/6	End time of the weekly schedule.
				(00:00~24:00 indicates schedule
				always on)
prefix	string[16]	NULL	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
cyclesize	100~	100	6/6	The maximum size for cycle
				recording in Kbytes when choosing
				to limit recording size.
reserveamount	0~15000000	100	6/6	The reserved amount in Mbytes
				when choosing cyclic recording
				mechanism.
dest	cf,	cf	6/6	The destination to store the
	0~4			recorded data.
				"cf" means local storage (CF or SD
				card).
				"0" means the index of the network
				storage.
cffolder	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Folder name.
trigger	schedule,	schedule	6/6	The event trigger type
	networkfail			schedule: The event is triggered by
				schedule
				networkfail: The event is triggered
				by the failure of network
		1		connection.

adaptive_enable	0,1	0	6/6	Indicate whether the adaptive
				recording is enabled
adaptive_preevent	0~9	5	6/6	Indicate when is the adaptive
				recording started before the event
				trigger point (seconds)
adaptive_postevent	0~10	5	6/6	Indicate when is the adaptive
				recording stopped after the event
				trigger point (seconds)
maxsize	100~2000	100	6/6	Unit: Mega bytes.
				When this condition is reached,
				recording file is truncated.
maxduration	60~3600	60	6/6	Uuit: Second
				When this condition is reached,
				recording file is truncated.

## **7.25 HTTPS**

Group: https (capability.protocol.https > 0)

Gloup. Inteps (Capabili	ity.protocor.nitps >	0)		
NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	To enable or disable secure
				HTTP.
policy	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	If the value is 1, it will force
				HTTP connection redirect to
				HTTPS connection
method	auto,	Auto	6/6	auto => Create self-signed
(	manual,			certificate automatically.
	install			manual => Create self-signed
				certificate manually.
				install => Create certificate
				request and install.
status	-3 ~ 1	0	6/6	Specify the https status.
~				-3 = Certificate not installed
				-2 = Invalid public key
				-1 = Waiting for certificate
				0 = Not installed
				1 = Active
countryname	string[2]	TW	6/6	Country name in the certificate
				information.

stateorprovincename	string[128]	Asia	6/6	State or province name in the certificate information.
localityname	string[128]	Asia	6/6	The locality name in the certificate information.
organizationname	string[64]	VIVOTEK Inc.	6/6	Organization name in the certificate information.
unit	string[64]	VIVOTEK Inc.	6/6	Organizational unit name in the certificate information.
commonname	string[64]	www.vivotek .com	6/6	Common name in the certificate information.
validdays	0~3650	3650	6/6	Valid period for the certification.

## 7.26 Storage management setting

Currently it's for local storage (SD card)

Group: **disk\_i<0~(n-1)>** n is the total number of storage devices. (capability.storage.dbenabled > 0)

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
cyclic_enabled	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable cyclic storage method.
autocleanup_enabled	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable automatic clean up method.
				Expired and not locked media files
				will be deleted.
autocleanup_maxage	<positive< td=""><td>7</td><td>6/6</td><td>To specify the expired days for</td></positive<>	7	6/6	To specify the expired days for
	integer>			automatic clean up.

# 7.27 Region of interest

Group: roi\_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product, and m is the number of streams which support ROI. (capability.eptz > 0)

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
s<0~(m-1)>_home	"0~1744","0~9	0,0	1/6	ROI left-top corner coordinate.
	36"			
s<0~(m-1)>_size	"176~1920"x"1	1920x1080	1/6	ROI width and height. The width
	44~1080"			value must be multiples of 16 and the
				height value must be multiples of 8

# 7.28 ePTZ setting

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
osdzoom	<boolean></boolean>	1	1/4	Indicates multiple of zoom in is
				"on-screen display" or not
smooth	<boolean></boolean>	1	1/4	Enable the ePTZ "move smoothly"
				feature
tiltspeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/7	Tilt speed
				(It should be set by eCamCtrl.cgi
				rather than by setparam.cgi.)
panspeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/7	Pan speed
				(It should be set by eCamCtrl.cgi
				rather than by setparam.cgi.)
zoomspeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/7	Zoom speed
				(It should be set by eCamCtrl.cgi
				rather than by setparam.cgi.)
autospeed	1~5	1	1/7	Auto pan/patrol speed
				(It should be set by eCamCtrl.cgi
				rather than by setparam.cgi.)

Group: **eptz\_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product. (capability.eptz > 0)

Group: eptz\_c<0~(n-1)>\_s<0~(m-1)> for n channel product and m is the number of streams which support ePTZ. (capability.eptz > 0)

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
patrolseq	string[120]	<blank></blank>	1/4	The patrol sequence of ePTZ. All the
				patrol position indexes will be
				separated by ","
patroldwelling	string[160]	<blank></blank>	1/4	The dwelling time (unit: second) of
				each patrol point, separated by ",".
preset_i<0~19>_name	string[40]	<black></black>	1/7	Name of ePTZ preset.
				(It should be set by ePreset.cgi rather
				than by setparam.cgi.)
preset_i<0~19>_pos	<coordinate></coordinate>	<blank></blank>	1/7	Left-top corner coordinate of the
				preset.
				(It should be set by ePreset.cgi rather
				than by setparam.cgi.)

preset_i<0~19>_size	<window size=""></window>	<blank></blank>	1/7	Width and height of the preset.
				(It should be set by ePreset.cgi rather
				than by setparam.cgi.)

## 7.29 Exposure window setting per channel

Group: exposurewin\_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
1			(get/set)	
mode	auto, custom, blc	auto	6/6	The mode indicates how
				to decide the exposure.
				auto: Use full view as the
				only one exposure
				window.
				custom: Use inclusive
			C	and exclusive window.
				blc: Use BLC.
win_i0_enable	<boolean></boolean>	1	6/6	Enable or disable the
				window.
win_i0_policy	0~1		6/6	0: Indicate exclusive.
				1: Indicate inclusive.
win_i0_home	"0~288","0~208"	80,60	6/6	Left-top corner
				coordinate of the window.
win_i0_size	"0~320"x"0~240"	160x120	6/6	Width and height of the
				window.
			•	•

Group: **exposurewin\_c<0~(n-1)>\_profile** for m profile and n channel product

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
			,	
i<0~(m-1)>_mode	auto, custom,	auto	6/6	The mode
	blc			indicates how to
				decide the
				exposure.
				auto: Use full view
				as the only one
				exposure window.
				custom: Use
				inclusive and
				exclusive window.

				blc: Use BLC.
i<0~(m-1)> win i0 enable	<boolean></boolean>	1	6/6	Enable or disable
				the window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i0_policy	0~1	1	6/6	0: Indicate
				exclusive.
				1: Indicate
				inclusive.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i0_home	<coordinate></coordinate>	(80, 60)	6/6	Left-top corner
				coordinate of the
				window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i0_size	<window< td=""><td>(160x120)</td><td>6/6</td><td>Width and height</td></window<>	(160x120)	6/6	Width and height
	size>			of the window.

## 7.30 Seamless recording setting

Group: **seamlessrecording** (capability.localstorage.seamless > 0)

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
diskmode	seamless,	seamless	1/6	"seamless" indicates enable
	manageable	C		seamless recording.
				"manageable" indicates disable
				seamless recording.
maxconnection	3	3	1/6	Maximum number of connected
				seamless streaming.
stream	0~3	1	1/6	(Internal used, read only)
output	0~3	2	1/6	(Internal used, read only)
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/6	Indicate whether seamless
				recording is recording to local
				storage or not at present.
				(Read only)
guid<0~2>_id	string[127]	<blank></blank>	1/6	The connected seamless streaming
				ID.
				(Read only)
guid<0~2>_number	0~3	0	1/6	Number of connected seamless
				streaming with guid<0~2>_id.
				(Read only)

# 7.31 VIVOTEK Application Development Platform setting

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
version	<string></string>	1.1.0.0	6/7	Indicate the VADP
				version.
resource_total_video	<integer></integer>	1	6/7	Indicate total video
				resource number of the
				system.
resource_total_audio	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	Indicate total audio
				resource number of the
				system.
resource_total_do	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	Indicate total DO resource
				number of the system.
resource_total_memory	<integer></integer>	24576	6/7	Indicate total available
				memory size for VADP
				modules.
resource_total_storage	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	Indicate total size of the
				internal storage space for
				storing VADP modules.
resource_free_video	<integer></integer>	1	6/7	Indicate free video
				resource number of the
			<i>c. 1</i> <b>-</b>	system.
resource_free_audio	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	Indicate free audio
				resource number of the
				system.
resource free do	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	Indicate free DO resource
	integer	U	0/ /	
				number of the system.
resource_free_memory	<integer></integer>	24576	6/7	number of the system. Indicate free memory size
resource_free_memory	<integer></integer>	24576	6/7	number of the system. Indicate free memory size for VADP modules.
				number of the system. Indicate free memory size for VADP modules. Indicate current free
resource_free_memory	<integer></integer>	24576	6/7	number of the system. Indicate free memory size for VADP modules. Indicate current free storage size for uploading
resource_free_memory resource_free_storage	<integer></integer>	24576 0	6/7	number of the system. Indicate free memory size for VADP modules. Indicate current free storage size for uploading VADP modules.
resource_free_memory	<integer></integer>	24576	6/7	number of the system. Indicate free memory size for VADP modules. Indicate current free storage size for uploading VADP modules. Record the total module
resource_free_memory resource_free_storage	<integer></integer>	24576 0	6/7	number of the system. Indicate free memory size for VADP modules. Indicate current free storage size for uploading VADP modules. Record the total module number that already
resource_free_memory resource_free_storage	<integer></integer>	24576 0	6/7	number of the system. Indicate free memory size for VADP modules. Indicate current free storage size for uploading VADP modules. Record the total module

module save2sd	<boolean></boolean>	1	6/7	Indicate if the module
_				should be saved to SD
				card when user want to
				upload it.
				If the value is false, save
				module to the internal
				storage space and it will
				occupy storage size.

#### Group: vadp\_module\_i<0~(n-1)>

-(11-1)>			
VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Indicate if the module is
			enabled or not.
			If yes, also add the index
		$C \sim$	of this module to the
			module_order.
string[40]	<black></black>	6/6	Module name
string[120]	<black></black>	6/6	Define the URL string
	CN		after the IP address if the
			module provides it own
			web page.
string[40]	<black></black>	6/6	The provider of the
			module.
string[120]	<black></black>	6/6	URL of the vendor.
string[40]	<black></black>	6/6	Version of the module.
string[40]	<black></black>	6/6	Indicate the license status
			of the module.
string[40]	<black></black>	6/6	Record the storage path of
			the module.
string[40]	<black></black>	6/6	The script that will handle
			operation commands from
			the system.
string[40]	<black></black>	6/6	Indicate the running status
			of the module.
	VALUE <boolean>string[40]string[120]string[40]string[40]string[40]string[40]string[40]string[40]string[40]</boolean>	VALUEDEFAULT <boolean>0string[40]<blank>string[120]<blank>string[40]<blank>string[40]<blank>string[40]<blank>string[40]<blank>string[40]<blank>string[40]<blank>string[40]<blank>string[40]<blank>string[40]<blank>string[40]<blank>string[40]<blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></boolean>	VALUEDEFAULTSECURITY (get/set) <boolean>06/6string[40]<blank>6/6string[120]<blank>6/6string[40]<blank>6/6string[40]<blank>6/6string[40]<blank>6/6string[40]<blank>6/6string[40]<blank>6/6string[40]<blank>6/6string[40]<blank>6/6string[40]<blank>6/6string[40]<blank>6/6string[40]<blank>6/6</blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></blank></boolean>

# 7.32 GENETEC info

### Group: genetec

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
image_contrast	<integer></integer>	50	7/7	Only for genetec omnicast
image_brightness	<integer></integer>	0	7/7	Only for genetec omnicast
motion_i<0~2>	<integer></integer>	0,0,0,0	7/7	Only for genetec omnicast

# 8. Useful Functions

# 8.1 Capture Single Snapshot

**Note:** This request requires Normal User privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg?[channel=<value>][&resolution=<value>] [&quality=<value>][&streamid=<value>]

If the user requests a size larger than all stream settings on the server, this request will fail.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
channel	0~(n-1)	0	The channel number of the video source.
resolution	<available resolution=""></available>	0	The resolution of the image.
quality	1~5	3	The quality of the image.
streamid	0~(m-1)	0	The stream number.

The server will return the most up-to-date snapshot of the selected channel and stream in JPEG format. The size and quality of the image will be set according to the video settings on the server.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: image/jpeg\r\n [Content-Length: <image size>\r\n]

<binary JPEG image data>

### 8.2 Account Management

**Note:** This request requires Administrator privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/editaccount.cgi?

method=<value>&username=<*name*>[&userpass=<*value*>][&privilege=<*value*>] [&privilege=<value>][...][&return=<*return page*>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
method	Add	Add an account to the server. When using this method, the
		"username" field is necessary. It will use the default value
		of other fields if not specified.
	Delete	Remove an account from the server. When using this
		method, the "username" field is necessary, and others are
		ignored.
	edit	Modify the account password and privilege. When using
		this method, the "username" field is necessary, and other
		fields are optional. If not specified, it will keep the original
		settings.
username	<name></name>	The name of the user to add, delete, or edit.
userpass	<value></value>	The password of the new user to add or that of the old user
		to modify. The default value is an empty string.
Privilege	<value></value>	The privilege of the user to add or to modify.
	viewer	Viewer privilege.
	operator	Operator privilege.
	admin	Administrator privilege.
Return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The <i><return page=""></return></i> can be a full URL path or
		relative path according to the current path. If you omit this
		parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

# 8.3 System Logs

**Note:** This request require Administrator privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/syslog.cgi

Server will return the most up-to-date system log.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <syslog length>\r\n \r\n <system log information>\r\n

# 8.4 Upgrade Firmware

**Note:** This request requires Administrator privileges. Method: POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/upgrade.cgi

Post data:

fimage=<file name>[&return=<return page>]\r\n

\r\n

<multipart encoded form data>

Server will accept the file named <file name> to upgrade the firmware and return with <return page> if indicated.

### 8.5 ePTZ Camera Control

**Note:** This request requires camctrl privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/camctrl/eCamCtrl.cgi?channel=<value>&stream=<value>

[&move=<value>] – Move home, up, down, left, right

[&auto=<value>] – Auto pan, patrol

[&zoom=<value>] – Zoom in, out

[&zooming=<value>&zs=<value>] – Zoom without stopping, used for joystick

[&vx=<value>&vy=<value>&vs=<value>] - Shift without stopping, used for joystick

[&x=<value>&y=<value>&videosize=<value>&resolution=<value>&stretch=<value>] - Click on image

(Move the center of image to the coordination (x,y) based on resolution or videosize.)

[ [&speedpan=<value>][&speedtilt=<value>][&speedzoom=<value>][&speedapp=<value>] ] – Set speeds

[&return=<return page>]

#### **Example:**

http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/eCamCtrl.cgi?channel=0&stream=0&move=right http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/eCamCtrl.cgi?channel=0&stream=1&vx=2&vy=2&vz=2 http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/eCamCtrl.cgi?channel=0&stream=1&x=100&y=100& videosize=640x480&resolution=640x480&stretch=0

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of video source.
stream	<0~(m-1)>	Stream.
move	home	Move to home ROI.
	up	Move up.
	down	Move down.
	left	Move left.
	right	Move right.
auto	pan	Auto pan.
	patrol	Auto patrol.
	stop	Stop auto pan/patrol.

zoom	wide	Zoom larger view with current speed.
	tele	Zoom further with current speed.
zooming	wide or tele	Zoom without stopping for larger view or further view with
ZS	0~6	zs speed, used for joystick control.Set the speed of zooming, "0" means stop.
VX	<integer></integer>	The direction of movement, used for joystick control.
vy	<integer></integer>	
VS	0~7	Set the speed of movement, "0" means stop.
X	<integer></integer>	x-coordinate clicked by user. It will be the x-coordinate of center after movement.
У	<integer></integer>	y-coordinate clicked by user. It will be the y-coordinate of center after movement.
videosize	<window size=""></window>	The size of plug-in (ActiveX) window in web page
resolution	<window size=""></window>	The resolution of streaming.
stretch	<boolean></boolean>	<ul> <li>0 indicates that it uses <b>resolution</b> (streaming size) as the range of the coordinate system.</li> <li>1 indicates that it uses <b>videosize</b> (plug-in size) as the range of the coordinate system.</li> </ul>
speedpan	-5 ~ 5	Set the pan speed.
speedtilt	-5 ~ 5	Set the tilt speed.
speedzoom	-5 ~ 5	Set the zoom speed.
speedapp	1~5	Set the auto pan/patrol speed.
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page <i><return page=""></return></i> after the parameter is assigned. The <i><return page=""></return></i> can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path.

## 8.6 ePTZ Recall

**Note:** This request requires camctrl privileges. Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/camctrl/eRecall.cgi?channel=<value>&stream=<value>& recall=<value>[&return=<*return page*>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.
stream	<0~(m-1)>	Stream.
recall	Text string less than	One of the present positions to recall.
	40 characters	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The <i><return page=""></return></i> can be a full URL path or
		relative path according to the current path.

### **8.7 ePTZ Preset Locations**

**Note:** This request requires Operator privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/operator/ePreset.cgi?channel=<value>&stream=<value> [&addpos=<value>][&delpos=<value>][&return=<*return page*>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.
stream	<0~(m-1)>	Stream.
addpos	<text less="" string="" than<br="">40 characters&gt;</text>	Add one preset location to the preset list.
delpos	<text less="" string="" than<br="">40 characters&gt;</text>	Delete preset location from the preset list.
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page <i><return page=""></return></i> after the parameter is assigned. The <i><return page=""></return></i> can be a full URL path or

		relative path according to the current path.			
8.8 IP Filt	8.8 IP Filtering				
Note: This requ	uest requires Adminis	strator access privileges.			
Method: GET/	POST				
Syntax:					
http:// <serverne< td=""><td>ame&gt;/cgi-bin/admin/i</td><td>ipfilter.cgi?type[=<value>]</value></td></serverne<>	ame>/cgi-bin/admin/i	ipfilter.cgi?type[= <value>]</value>			
http:// <serverne< td=""><td>ame&gt;/cgi-bin/admin/i</td><td>ipfilter.cgi?method=add<v4 v6="">&amp;ip=<ipaddress>[&amp;index=<val< td=""></val<></ipaddress></v4></td></serverne<>	ame>/cgi-bin/admin/i	ipfilter.cgi?method=add <v4 v6="">&amp;ip=<ipaddress>[&amp;index=<val< td=""></val<></ipaddress></v4>			
ue>][&return=∢	<return page="">]</return>				
http:// <serverne< td=""><td>ame&gt;/cgi-bin/admin/i</td><td>ipfilter.cgi?method=del<v4 v6="">&amp;index=<value>[&amp;return=<retu< td=""></retu<></value></v4></td></serverne<>	ame>/cgi-bin/admin/i	ipfilter.cgi?method=del <v4 v6="">&amp;index=<value>[&amp;return=<retu< td=""></retu<></value></v4>			
rn page>]					
PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION			
type	NULL	Get IP filter type			
	allow, deny	Set IP filter type			
method	addv4	Add IPv4 address into access list.			
	11 (				
	addv6	Add IPv6 address into access list.			
	addv6 delv4	Delete IPv4 address from access list.			
ip	delv4	Delete IPv4 address from access list.			
ip	delv4 delv6	Delete IPv4 address from access list. Delete IPv6 address from access list.			
ip	delv4 delv6	Delete IPv4 address from access list.         Delete IPv6 address from access list.         Single address: <ip address=""></ip>			
	delv4 delv6	Delete IPv4 address from access list.         Delete IPv6 address from access list.         Single address: <ip address="">         Network address: <ip address="" mask="" network=""></ip></ip>			
ip index return	delv4 delv6 <ip address=""></ip>	Delete IPv4 address from access list.         Delete IPv6 address from access list.         Single address: <ip address="">         Network address: <ip address="" mask="" network="">         Range address:<start -="" address="" end="" ip=""></start></ip></ip>			
index	delv4       delv6 <ip address=""> <value></value></ip>	Delete IPv4 address from access list.         Delete IPv6 address from access list.         Single address: <ip address="">         Network address: <ip address="" mask="" network="">         Range address: <start -="" address="" end="" ip="">         The start position to add or to delete.</start></ip></ip>			
index	delv4       delv6 <ip address=""> <value></value></ip>	Delete IPv4 address from access list.         Delete IPv6 address from access list.         Single address: <ip address="">         Network address: <ip address="" mask="" network="">         Range address: <start -="" address="" end="" ip="">         The start position to add or to delete.         Redirect to the page &lt;<i>return page</i>&gt; after the parameter is</start></ip></ip>			

## 8.9 Event/Control HTTP Tunnel Channel

**Note:** This request requires Administrator privileges. **Method:** GET and POST

Syntax:	
http:// <servername>/cgi-bin/admin/ctrleven</servername>	cgi
GET /cgi-bin/admin/ctrlevent.cgi	
x-sessioncookie: string[22]	
accept: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled	
pragma: no-cache	
cache-control: no-cache	
POST /cgi-bin/admin/ ctrlevent.cgi	
x-sessioncookie: string[22]	
content-type: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled	
pragma : no-cache	CO
cache-control : no-cache	
content-length: 32767	
expires: Sun, 9 Jam 1972 00:00:00 GMT	

User must use GET and POST to establish two channels for downstream and upstream. The x-sessioncookie in GET and POST should be the same to be recognized as a pair for one session. The contents of upstream should be base64 encoded to be able to pass through the proxy server.

This channel will help perform real-time event subscription and notification as well as camera control more efficiently. The event and control formats are described in another document.

See Event/control tunnel spec for detail information

# 8.10 Get SDP of Streams

**Note:** This request requires Viewer access privileges. **Method:** GET

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/<network\_rtsp\_s<0~m-1>\_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.

"network\_accessname\_<0~(m-1)>" is the accessname for stream "1" to stream "m". Please refer to the "subgroup of network: rtsp" for setting the accessname of SDP.

You can get the SDP by HTTP GET.

When using scalable multicast, Get SDP file which contains the multicast information via HTTP.

### 8.11 Open the Network Stream

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Syntax:

For HTTP push server (MJPEG):

http://<servername>/<network\_http\_s<0~m-1>\_accessname>

For RTSP (MP4), the user needs to input the URL below into an RTSP compatible player.

rtsp://<*servername*>/<network\_rtsp\_s<0~m-1>\_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.

For details on streaming protocol, please refer to the "control signaling" and "data format" documents.

### **8.12** Storage managements

**Note:** This request requires administrator privileges. **Method:** GET and POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=<cmd\_type>[&<parameter>=<value>...]

The commands usage and their input arguments are as follows.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
cmd_type	<string></string>	Required.
		Command to be executed, including search, insert, delete,
		update, and queryStatus.

#### Command: search

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
label	<integer key="" primary=""></integer>	Optional.
		The integer primary key column will automatically be
		assigned a unique integer.
triggerType	<text></text>	Optional.
		Indicate the event trigger type.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. mediaType='motion'
		Support trigger types are product dependent.
mediaType	<text></text>	Optional.
		Indicate the file media type.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. mediaType='videoclip'
		Support trigger types are product dependent.
destPath	<text></text>	Optional.
		Indicate the file location in camera.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. destPath ='/mnt/auto/CF/NCMF/abc.mp4'
resolution	<text></text>	Optional.
		Indicate the media file resolution.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. resolution='800x600'

isLocked	<boolean></boolean>	Optional.
		Indicate if the file is locked or not.
		0: file is not locked.
		1: file is locked.
		A locked file would not be removed from UI or cyclic
		storage.
triggerTime	<text></text>	Optional.
		Indicate the event trigger time. (not the file created time)
		Format is "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS"
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. triggerTime='2008-01-01 00:00:00'
		If you want to search for a time period, please apply "TO"
		operation.
		Ex. triggerTime='2008-01-01 00:00:00'+TO+'2008-01-01
		23:59:59' is to search for records from the start of Jan 1 <sup>st</sup>
		2008 to the end of Jan $1^{st}$ 2008.
limit	<positive integer=""></positive>	Optional.
		Limit the maximum number of returned search records.
offset	<pre><positive integer=""></positive></pre>	Optional.
		Specifies how many rows to skip at the beginning of the
		matched records.
		Note that the offset keyword is used after limit keyword.

To increase the flexibility of search command, you may use "OR" connectors for logical "OR" search operations. Moreover, to search for a specific time period, you can use "TO" connector.

Ex. To search records triggered by motion or di or sequential and also triggered between 2008-01-01 00:00:00 and 2008-01-01 23:59:59.

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=search&triggerType='motion'+OR+'di'+OR+'seq' &triggerTime='2008-01-01 00:00:00'+TO+'2008-01-01 23:59:59'

#### Command: delete

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
label	<integer key="" primary=""></integer>	Required.
		Identify the designated record.
		Ex. label=1

Ex. Delete records whose key numbers are 1, 4, and 8.

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=delete&label=1&label=4&label=8

Command: update		
PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
label	<integer key="" primary=""></integer>	Required.
		Identify the designated record.
		Ex. label=1
isLocked	<boolean></boolean>	Required.
		Indicate if the file is locked or not.

Ex. Update records whose key numbers are 1 and 5 to be locked status.

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=update&isLocked=1&label=1&label=5

Ex. Update records whose key numbers are 2 and 3 to be unlocked status.

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=update&isLocked=0&label=2&label=3

#### 8.12.1 Return Message

The returned results are always in XML format, except for storage status related elements that can be returned in javascript format. (i.e. status, totalSize, freeSize, and usedSize.)

The elements are listed as follows.

#### Group: stormgr

Element name	Туре	Description		
counts	<positive integer=""></positive>	Total number of matched records.		
limit	<positive integer=""></positive>	Limit the maximum n	number of returned search records.	
		Could be empty if not	t specified.	
offset	<positive integer=""></positive>	Specifies how many r	rows to skip at the beginning of the	
		matched records.		
		Could be empty if not	t specified.	
statusCode	<integer></integer>	The reply status (see	The reply status (see table below)	
		Value of return-code	Description	
		200	ОК	
		400	Unrecognized Message Type/Content	
		500	Server executes command error.	
		501	Parse Input Message Failed.	
		502	Error Occurs When Searching	
			Database.	
		503	Storage is Not Ready.	
statusString	string	Return string describing the reason that status code is not		
		OK.		

Subgroup of <b>stormgr: i&lt;0~(n-1)&gt;</b> : n is the total number of displayed records.		
Element name	Туре	Description
label	<integer key="" primary=""></integer>	A unique integer.
triggerType	<text></text>	Indicate the event trigger type.
mediaType	<text></text>	Indicate the file media type.
destPath	<text></text>	Indicate the file location in camera.
resolution	<text></text>	Indicate the media file resolution.
isLocked	<boolean></boolean>	Indicate if the file is locked or not.
triggerTime	<text></text>	Indicate the event trigger time.
		Format is "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS"
backup	<boolean></boolean>	Indicate if the file is generated when network loss.

Subgroup of **stormgr\_disk:** i<0~(n-1)>: n is the total number of storage devices.

Element name	Туре	Description
name	string	Description of specified storage device.
status	ready, detached, error,	The storage device status.
	and readonly	ready: storage is ready for access.
		detached: storage is not mounted.
		error: failed to open storage device.
		readonly: storage is write protected.
totalSize	<positive integer=""></positive>	The overall storage size in kilobytes.
freeSize	<positive integer=""></positive>	The available storage size in kilobytes.
usedSize	<positive integer=""></positive>	The used storage size in kilobytes.
path	string	Location of database of storage sink

Ex. Returned results of search command

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1" ?>

<stormgr version="0.0.0.1">

<counts>5</counts>

<limit>2</limit>

<offset>0</offset >

<10>

<label>1</label>

<triggerType>motion</triggerType>

<mediaType>videoclip</mediaType>

<destPath>/mnt/auto/NCMF/abc/abc.jpg</destPath>

<resolution>800x600</resolution>

<isLocked>0</isLocked>

<triggertime>2009-01-24 12:00:00</triggertime>	
<backup>0</backup>	
<i1></i1>	
<label>2</label>	
<triggertype><b>di</b></triggertype>	
<mediatype><b>snapshot</b></mediatype>	
<destpath>/mnt/auto/NCMF/123/123.jpg</destpath>	
<resolution>800x600</resolution>	
<islocked><b>0</b></islocked>	
<triggertime>2009-01-24 12:01:00</triggertime>	
<backup>0</backup>	
Ex. Local storage status in XML format.	
xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1" ?	
<stormgr version="0.0.0.1"></stormgr>	
<disk></disk>	
<i0></i0>	
<name><b>SDcard</b></name>	
<status>ready</status>	
<totalsize>7824444</totalsize>	
<freesize>7824388</freesize>	
<usedsize>56</usedsize>	
Ex. Local storage status in javascript format.	
disk_i0_name='SDcard'	
disk_i0_status='ready'	
disk_i0_totalSize='7824444'	
dick in fractize-17224288	

disk\_i0\_freeSize='7824388'

disk\_i0\_usedSize='56'

disk\_i0\_path=i0/NCMF/.db/.localStorage.db

Command: queryStatus		
PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
retType	xml or javascript	Optional.
		Ex. retype=javascript
		The default return message is in XML format.

Ex. Query local storage status and call for javascript format return message.

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=queryStatus&retType=javascript

There are two cgi commands for download and composing jpegs to avi format.

For download single selected file, you can use "/cgi-bin/admin/downloadMedias.cgi". Just assign the request file path to this cgi.

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/downloadMedias.cgi?<File\_Path>

The *<File\_Path>* is in queryststus return message.

Ex.

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/downloadMedias.cgi?/mnt/auto/CF/NCMF/20090310/07/02. mp4

For creating an AVI file by giving a list of JPEG files, you can use "/cgi-bin/admin/jpegtoavi.cgi".

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/jpegtoavi.cgi?<*resolution*>=<*width*>*x*<*height*>&<*fps*>=<*num*> &<*list*>=<*fileList*>

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
resolution	<width>x<height></height></width>	Resolution
fps	<positive integer=""></positive>	Frame rate
list	<filelist></filelist>	The JPEG file list.
		The file path should be embraced by single quotation
		marks

Ex.

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/

jpegtoavi.cgi?resolution=800x600&fps=1&list='/mnt/auto/CF/NCMF/video1650.jpg', '/mnt/auto/C F/NCMF/video1651.jpg', '/mnt/auto/CF/NCMF/video1652.jpg',

# 8.13 Virtual input

**Note:** Change virtual input (manual trigger) status. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/setvi.cgi?vi0=<value>[&vi1=<value>][&vi2=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
vi <num></num>	state[(duration)nstate] Where "state" is 0, 1. "0" means inactive or normal state while "1" means active or triggered state. Where "nstate" is next state after duration.	<ul> <li>Ex: vi0=1</li> <li>Setting virtual input 0 to trigger state</li> <li>Ex: vi0=0(200)1</li> <li>Setting virtual input 0 to normal state, waiting 200 milliseconds, setting it to trigger state.</li> <li>Note that when the virtual input is waiting for next state, it cannot accept new requests.</li> </ul>
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page <i><return page=""></return></i> after the request is completely assigned. The <i><return page=""></return></i> can be a full URL path or relative path according the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

Return Code	Description		
200	The request is successfully executed.		
400	The request cannot be assigned, ex. incorrect parameters.		
	Examples:		
	<ol> <li>setvi.cgi?vi0=0(10000)1(15000)0(20000)1         No multiple duration.         setvi.cgi?vi3=0         VI index is out of range.     </li> </ol>		
	3. setvi.cgi?vi=1		
	No VI index is specified.		
503	The resource is unavailable, ex. Virtual input is waiting for next state.		

Examples:

setvi.cgi?vi0=0(15000)1
 setvi.cgi?vi0=1
 Request 2 will not be accepted during the execution time(15 seconds).

# 8.14 Open Timeshift Stream

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Syntax:

For HTTP push server (MJPEG):

http://<servername>/<network\_http\_s<m>\_accessname>?maxsft=<value>[&tsmode=<value>&reftim e=<value>&forcechk&minsft=<value>]

For RTSP (MP4 and H264), the user needs to input the URL below into an RTSP compatible player.

rtsp://<servername>/<network\_rtsp\_s<m>\_accessname>?maxsft=<value>[&tsmode=<value>&reftim e=<value>&forcechk&minsft=<value>]

"n" is the channel index.

"m" is the timeshift stream index.

For details on timeshift stream, please refer to the "TimeshiftCaching" documents.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
maxsft	<positive integer&gt;</positive 	0	Request cached stream at most how many seconds ago.
tsmode	normal, adaptive	normal	Streaming mode: normal => Full FPS all the time.
J			adaptive => Default send only I-frame for MP4 and H.264, and send 1 FPS for MJPEG. If DI or motion window are triggered, the streaming is changed to send full FPS for 10 seconds. (*Note: this parameter also works on non-timeshift streams.)
reftime	mm:ss	The time camera receives the request.	Reference time for maxsft and minsft. (This provides more precise time control to eliminate the inaccuracy due to network latency.) Ex: Request the streaming from 12:20 rtsp://10.0.0.1/live.sdp?maxsft=10&reftime=12:30
forcechk	N/A	N/A	Check if the requested stream enables timeshift, feature

			and if minsft is achievable.		
			If false, return "415 Unsupported Media Type".		
minsft	<positive< td=""><td>0</td><td>How many seconds of cached stream client can accept</td></positive<>	0	How many seconds of cached stream client can accept		
	integer>		at least.		
			(Used by forcechk)		
Return Code			Description		
400 Bad Request			Request is rejected because some parameter values are illegal.		
415 Unsupported Media Type		pe	Returned, if forcechk appears, when minsft is not achievable or the		
			timeshift feature of the target stream is not enabled.		

### **8.15 Export Files**

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges.

Method: GET

Syntax:

For daylight saving time configuration file:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/exportDst.cgi

For language file:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/export\_language.cgi?currentlanguage=<value>

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
currentlanguage	0~20	Available language lists.
		Please refer to:
		system_info_language_i0 ~ system_info_language_i19.

For setting backup file:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/export\_backup.cgi?backup

# 8.16 Upload Files

**Note:** This request requires Administrator privileges. **Method:** POST

Syntax:

For daylight saving time configuration file:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/upload\_dst.cgi

Post data:

filename =<file name>\r\n

\r\n

<multipart encoded form data>

For language file:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/upload\_lan.cgi

Post data:

filename =<file name>\r\n

\r\n

<multipart encoded form data>

For setting backup file:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/upload\_backup.cgi

Post data:

filename =<file name>\r\n

\r\n

<multipart encoded form data>

Server will accept the file named <file name> to upload this one to camera.

### 8.17 Media on demand

Media on demand allows users to select and receive/watch/listen to metadata/video/audio contents on demand.

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Syntax:

rtsp://<servername>/mod.sdp?[&stime=<value>][&etime=<value>][&length =<value>][&loctime =<value>][&file=<value>][&tsmode=<value>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
stime	<yyyymmdd_hhmmss.mmm></yyyymmdd_hhmmss.mmm>	N/A	Start time.
etime	<yyyymmdd_hhmmss.mmm></yyyymmdd_hhmmss.mmm>	N/A	End time.
length	<positive integer=""></positive>	N/A	The length of media of interest.
			The unit is second.
loctime	<boolean></boolean>	0	Specify if start/end time is local
			time format.
			1 for local time, 0 for UTC+0
file	<string></string>	N/A	The media file to be played.
tsmode	<positive integer=""></positive>	N/A	Timeshift mode, the unit is second.

í

Ex.

stime	etime	length	file	Description
V	V	X	X	Play recordings between stime and etime
				rtsp://10.10.1.2/mod.sdp?stime=20110312_040400.000&etime
				=2011_0312_040510.000
V	Χ	V	X	Play recordings for length seconds which start from
	1			stime
				rtsp://10.10.1.2/mod.sdp?stime=20110312_040400.000&lengt
				h=120
X	V	V	X	Play recordings for length seconds which ends at
				etime
				rtsp://10.10.1.2/mod.sdp?etime=20110312_040400.000&lengt
				h=120
X	Χ	X	V	Play file file
				rtsp://10.10.1.2/mod.sdp?filename=/mnt/link0/

<End of document>

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VIVOTEK Europe Randstad 22-133, 1316BW Almere, The Netherlands T: +31(0)36-5298-434 E: saleseurope@vivotek.com

	FD8168	Intelligent Video	
ystem Information		Video Motion Detection	Triple-window video motion detection
PU	Multimedia SoC (System-on-Chip)	Alarm and Event	
lash	16MB	Alarm Triggers	Video motion detection, manual trigger, digital input,
AM	256MB	Alaini niggers	periodical trigger, system boot, recording notification,
	230115		camera tampering detection
Camera Features		Alarm Events	Event notification using digital output, HTTP, SMTP, FTP
mage Sensor	1/2.7" Progressive CMOS	, and Evenes	and NAS server
faximum Resolution	1920x1080		File upload via HTTP, SMTP, FTP and NAS server
ens Type	Fixed-focal		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ocal Length	f = 3.6 mm	General	
perture	F 1.8	Connectors	RJ-45 for Network/PoE connection
ield of View	97° (horizontal)	LED Indicator	System power and status indicator
	52° (vertical)	Power Input	IEEE 802.3af PoE Class 1
	113° (diagonal)	Power Consumption	Max. 2.3 W
hutter Time	1/5 sec. to 1/32,000 sec	Dimensions	Ø: 62 mm x 50 mm (with bracket)
Inimum Illumination	0.58 Lux @ F1.8		Ø: 62 mm x 45 mm (w/o bracket)
Tilt Range	90°	Weight	Net: 80 g
On-board Storage	MicroSD/SDHC/SDXC card slot	Safety Certifications	CE, LVD, FCC Class B, VCCI, C-Tick
		Operating Temperature	Starting Temperature: -10°C ~ 40°C (14°F~ 104°F)
/ideo			Working Temperature: -20°C ~ 40°C (-4°F~ 104°F)
Compression	H.264 & MJPEG	Warranty	24 months
Maximum Frame Rate	15 fps @ 1920x1080		
	30 fps @ 1280x720	System Requirements	
	In both compression	Operating System	Microsoft Windows 7/Vista/XP/2000
Maximum Streams	3 simultaneous streams	Web Browser	Mozilla Firefox 7~10 (streaming only)
/N Ratio	Above 53 dB		Internet Explorer 7.x ,8.x, 9.x, 10.x
/ideo Streaming	Adjustable resolution, quality and bitrate	Other Players	VLC: 1.1.11 or above
	Configurable video cropping for bandwidth saving		QuickTime: 7 or above
mage Settings	Adjustable image size, quality and bit rate		
	Time stamp, text overlay, flip & mirror	Included Accessories	
	Configurable brightness, contrast, saturation, sharpness,	Others	Quick installation guide, warranty card, alignment
	white balance, exposure control, gain, backlight		sticker, ceiling mount bracket, wall-mount bracket
	compensation, privacy masks		
	Scheduled profile settings	Dimensions	
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100mm		. 61	mm 62 mm
	Live viewing for up to 10 clients		
lsers	Live viewing for up to 10 clients		
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Jsers Protocols	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, HTTP, HTTPS, UPnP, RTSP/RTP/RTCP, IGMP, SMTP, FTP, DHCP, NTP, DNS, DDNS, PPPoE, CoS,		
lsers	IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, HTTP, HTTPS, UPnP, RTSP/RTP/RTCP,		S0 mm

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#### **FCC Statement**

This device compiles with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following two conditions.

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a partial installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with emission limits.

#### **CE Mark Warning**

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

#### **VCCI Warning**

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